VILLAGE OF LENA, WISCONSIN

Annual Financial Report

December 31, 2024



Table of Contents

December 31, 2024

	<u>Page</u>
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1 - 3
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statement of Net Position	4
Statement of Activities	5
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	6
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	7
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficit) – Governmental Funds	8
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficit) of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	9
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	10
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds	11
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	12
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	13
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	14
Notes to Financial Statements	15 – 41
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedules of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Employer Contributions – Wisconsin Retirement System	42
Schedules of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability and Employer Contributions – Other Post-Employment Benefits – Cost-Sharing Plan	43
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund	44
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Fire Department Fund	45
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	46 - 47

Table of Contents

December 31, 2024

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	48
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances (Deficits) – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	49
OTHER INFORMATION	
Schedule of Operating Revenues and Expenses – Water and Sewer Utility	50





Independent Auditors' Report

To the Village Board Village of Lena Lena, Wisconsin

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Lena, Wisconsin (Village), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Lena, Wisconsin, as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Village, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

To the Village Board Village of Lena

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the schedules of employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) and employer contributions – Wisconsin Retirement System, schedules of employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability and employer contributions – other postemployment benefits – cost-sharing plan, schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual – general fund and schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual – fire department fund be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

To the Village Board Village of Lena

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Lena, Wisconsin's basic financial statements. The combining balance sheet - nonmajor governmental funds and combining statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances (deficits) - nonmajor governmental funds are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining balance sheet - nonmajor governmental funds and combining statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - nonmajor governmental funds are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

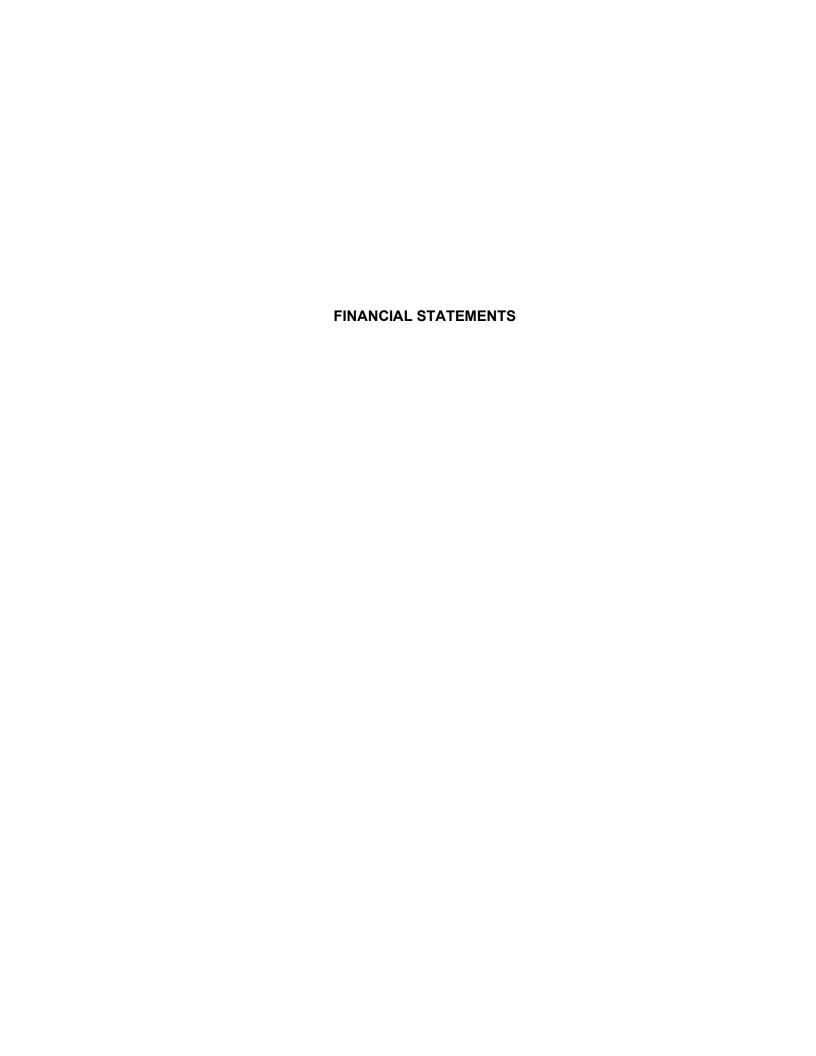
Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the schedule of operating revenues and expenses - water and sewer utility, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

KerberRose S.C.
Certified Public Accountants

Shawano, Wisconsin June 3, 2025

KerberRose SC



Statement of Net Position As of December 31, 2024

	Governmental Activities	Business - Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and Investments	\$ 955,296	\$ 370,120	\$ 1,325,416
Receivables:			
Taxes	204,334	-	204,334
Customer Accounts Receivable	46,839	174,173	221,012
Current Portion of Long-Term Receivable	-	31,020	31,020
Current Portion of Lease Receivable	15,447	-	15,447
Special Assessments	-	7,746	7,746
Inventories		6,209	6,209
Total Current Assets	1,221,916	589,268	1,811,184
Noncurrent Assets			
Long-Term Receivable	-	1,685,225	1,685,225
Restricted Cash	-	425,275	425,275
Capital Assets:			
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	225,049	238,576	463,625
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	2,236,361	5,372,126	7,608,487
Total Noncurrent Assets	2,461,410	7,721,202	10,182,612
TOTAL ASSETS	3,683,326	8,310,470	11,993,796
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Other	149,023	55,477	204,500
Post-Employment Benefits	11,204	4,171	15,375
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	160,227	59,648	219,875
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Accounts Payable	18,443	16,970	35,413
Accrued Liabilities	21,967	4,985	26,952
Accrued Interest Payable	21,562	22,676	44,238
Current Portion of Compensated Absences	18,964	6,580	25,544
Current Portion of Lease Obligations	15,264	-	15,264
Current Portion of Long-Term Obligations	80,504	194,950	275,454
Total Current Liabilities	176,704	246,161	422,865
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Net WRS Liability	16,748	6,234	22,982
Net OPEB Liability	23,491	8,744	32,235
Noncurrent Portion of Compensated Absences	18,964	6,580	25,544
Noncurrent Portion of Lease Obligations	49,350	-	49,350
Noncurrent Portion of Long-Term Obligations	648,937	2,235,119	2,884,056
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	757,490	2,256,677	3,014,167
TOTAL LIABILITIES	934,194	2,502,838	3,437,032
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Taxes Levied for Subsequent Year	281,911	-	281,911
Deferred Inflows Related to Leases	15,447	-	15,447
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension	90,547	33,708	124,255
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Other			
Post-Employment Benefits	24,861	9,255	34,116
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	412,766	42,963	455,729
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,731,969	3,180,633	4,912,602
Restricted	41,728	440,810	482,538
Unrestricted	722,896	2,202,874	2,925,770
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 2,496,593	\$ 5,824,317	\$ 8,320,910

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

		Program Revenues								nses) Revenue es in Net Positi	i	
	Expenses		arges for ervices	Gr	perating ants and tributions	l Capital		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS												
Governmental Activities:												
General Government	\$ 182,086	\$	3,272	\$	16,573	\$	-	\$	(162,241)	\$	-	\$ (162,241)
Public Safety	369,352		93,232		10,594		-		(265,526)		-	(265,526)
Public Works	108,772		21,873		70,950		-		(15,949)		-	(15,949)
Culture and Recreation	56,970		598		100,905		-		44,533		-	44,533
Conservation and Development	29,692		34,500		-		-		4,808		-	4,808
Interest and Fiscal Charges	30,384								(30,384)			(30,384)
Total Governmental Activities	777,256		153,475		199,022				(424,759)			 (424,759)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES												
Water	384.926		341,417		_		37,441		_		(6,068)	(6,068)
Sewer	272,677		261,628		_		45,445		_		34,396	34,396
Total Business-Type Activities	657,603		603,045		-		82,886		-		28,328	28,328
TOTAL	\$ 1,434,859	\$	756,520	\$	199,022	\$	82,886		(424,759)		28,328	 (396,431)
	GENERAL REVENI Taxes:	JES										
	Property Taxes,	Levied for	or General Pu	ırposes					286,996		-	286,996
	Other Taxes	l Davis	D4	-414-					81,120		-	81,120
	Intergovernmenta Specific Progran		es not Restri	cied to					217,050		_	217,050
	Investment Incom								42,229		42,063	84,292
	Sale of Assets								8,050		-	8,050
	Miscellaneous								67,104		_	67,104
	Total General F	Revenue	s						702,549		42,063	744,612
	TRANSFERS								28,767		(28,767)	
	CHANGE IN NET	POSITIO	NC						306,557		41,624	348,181
	NET POSITION -	BEGINN	IING OF YEA	R					2,190,036		5,782,693	 7,972,729
	NET POSITION -	END OF	YEAR					\$	2,496,593	\$	5,824,317	\$ 8,320,910

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds As of December 31, 2024

		General	D	Fire epartment		onmajor vernmental Funds		Total
ASSETS Cash and Investments	\$	831,155	\$	106,604	\$	17,537	\$	955,296
Receivables:		,		•		,		•
Taxes		194,489		-		9,845		204,334
Accounts		-		46,839		-		46,839
Due to Other Fund		2,661		-		-		2,661
Lease Receivable		15,447		-		-		15,447
Advance to Other Fund		30,000		-		-		30,000
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,073,752	\$	153,443	\$	27,382	\$	1,254,577
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	17,459	\$	984	\$	_	\$	18,443
Due from Other Fund	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	2,661	Ψ	2,661
Advance From Other Fund		_		_		30,000		30,000
Accrued Liabilities		21,967		_		-		21,967
Total Liabilities		39,426		984		32,661		73,071
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Taxes Levied for Subsequent Year		268,328		-		13,583		281,911
Deferred Lease Receivable		15,447		-		-		15,447
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		283,775		-		13,583		297,358
Fund Balances (Deficit): Nonspendable:								
Advance to Other Fund		30,000		-		-		30,000
Committed:				450 450				450 450
Fire Suppression		-		152,459		-		152,459
Assigned:		06 242						06 242
Equipment Fund Ditch Maintenance		96,342 19,563		-		-		96,342 19,563
		25,764		-		-		25.764
Building Fund Sidewalks/Curb & Gutter		43,434		-		-		43,434
Police Equipment Fund		19,520		-		-		19,520
Rosera Business		3,860		-		-		3,860
Street Maintenance		233,778		-		-		233,778
Promotions		5,818		-		-		5,818
National Night Out		4,205		-		-		4,205
Unassigned (Deficit)		268,267		-		(18,862)		249,405
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		750,551		152,459		(18,862)		884,148
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND								
BALANCES (DEFICIT)	\$	1,073,752	\$	153,443	\$	27,382	\$	1,254,577

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position As of December 31, 2024

Total Fund Balances (Deficit) - Governmental Funds			\$ 884,148
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different from the amount reported above as total governmental funds fund balance (deficit) because:			
Capital assets used in government activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund statements. Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position: Governmental Capital Assets	\$	4,206,383	
Governmental Accumulated Depreciation	Ψ ——	(1,744,973)	2,461,410
The Village's proportionate share of the Wisconsin Retirement System pension plan is not an			
available financial resource; therefore, it is not reported in the fund financial statements. Net Pension Liability			(16 740)
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension			(16,748) 149,023
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension			(90,547)
The Village's proportionate share of the Other Post Employement Benenfits is not an			
available financial resource; therefore, it is not reported in the fund financial statements Post-Employment Benefits Liability			(23,491)
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Other Post-Employment Benefits			11,204
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Other Post-Employment Benefits			(24,861)
Noncurrent obligations, including bonds and notes payable, are not due in the current period and therefore not reported in the fund statements. Items reported in the statement of net position that are not reported in the funds balance sheet:			
General Debt		(729,441)	
Lease Obligations		(64,614)	
Accrued Interest on General Obligation Debt		(21,562)	(0=0=(=)
Vested Employee Benefits		(37,928)	 (853,545)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities			\$ 2,496,593

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balances (Deficit) Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

REVENUES		General	De	Fire partment		TID #1		ARPA		lonmajor vernmental Funds		Total
Taxes	\$	272,914	\$		\$				\$	14,082	\$	286,996
	Ф		Ф	-	Ф	-		-	Ф	14,002	Ф	
Special Assessments		1,809		-		-		-		40.570		1,809
Intergovernmental		288,960		54,368		-		-		16,573		359,901
Licenses and Permits		4,082		-		-		-		-		4,082
Fines and Forfeits		34,535		-		-		-		-		34,535
Public Charges for Services		23,855		8,034		-		-				31,889
Miscellaneous		62,263		135,448				-		35,677		233,388
Total Revenues		688,418		197,850		-				66,332		952,600
EXPENDITURES Current:												
General Government		193,063		-		-		-		47,481		240,544
Public Safety		162,683		153,684		-		-		-		316,367
Public Works		160,125		-		-		-		-		160,125
Culture and Recreation		71,185		_		-		-		-		71,185
Conservation and Development		10,905		_		_		_		_		10.905
Capital Outlay		17,948		8,011		-		-		18,787		44,746
Debt Service:		47.045		40.045								04.000
Principal Retirement		47,645		43,645		-		-		-		91,290
Interest and Fiscal Charges		31,372		9,629						<u> </u>		41,001
Total Expenditures		694,926		214,969						66,268		976,163
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(6,508)		(17,119)						64_		(23,563)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES												
Proceeds from Sale of Assets		3,350		_		_		_		_		3,350
Transfers In		28,767		_		_		_		_		28,767
Total Other Financing Sources		32,117				-				-		32,117
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)		25,609		(17,119)		-		-		64		8,554
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - BEGINNING												
- AS PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED		724,942		169,578		(20,606)		1,680		-		875,594
Change within financial reporting entity (major to nonmajor fund)						20,606		(1,680)		(18,926)		
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - BEGINNING - AS ADJUSTED		724,942		169,578						(18,926)		875,594
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - ENDING	\$	750,551	\$	152,459	\$	-	\$	_	\$	(18,862)	\$	884,148
TOTAL BALANCES (DEL 1011) - ENDING	Ψ	7 30,331	Ψ	102,409	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	(10,002)	Ψ	004,140

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficit) of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balances (Deficit) - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 8,554
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
The acquisition of capital assets are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense. Capital outlay reported in governmental fund statements Depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities Amount by which depreciation is less than capital outlay in the current period.	\$ 347,344 (148,207)	199,137
Amounts related to the pension plan that affect the statement of activities but do not affect the fund financial statements.		11,273
Amounts related to the other post-employment benefit plan that affect the statement of activities but do not affect the fund financial statements.		(7,462)
Vested employee benefits are reported in the government funds when amounts are paid. The statement of activities reports the value of benefits earned during the year. Amounts paid are more than amounts earned by		4,586
Repayment of principal on long-term debt is reported in the governmental funds as an expenditure, but is reported as a reduction in long-term debt in the statement of net position and does not affect the statement of activities. The amount of long-term debt principal payments in the current year is: Bonds and notes payable		76,581
Repayment of principal on lease obligations is reported in the governmental funds as an expenditure, but is reported as a reduction in lease liability in the statement of net position and does not affect the statement of activities. The amount of lease liability payments in the current year is:		14,706
Special assessment income recorded in the current year government-wide statements but recorded as deferred revenue in the fund statements Special Assessments		(1,809)
In governmental funds interest payments on outstanding debt are reported as an expenditure when paid. In the statement of activities interest is reported as incurred.		
The amount of interest paid during the current period The amount of interest accrued during the current period Interest paid is more than interest accrued by	41,001 (40,010)	 991
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ 306,557

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds As of December 31, 2024

	Water	Sewer	
CURRENT ASSETS	Utility	Utility	Total
Cash	\$ 356,763	\$ 13,357	\$ 370,120
Receivables:			
Customer Accounts Receivable	100,732	73,441	174,173
Current Portion of Long-Term Receivable	31,020	-	31,020
Special Assessments	752	6,994	7,746
Inventories	5,579	630	6,209
Total Current Assets	494,846	94,422	589,268
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Restricted Cash	260,581	164,694	425,275
Long-Term Receivable	1,685,225	-	1,685,225
Advance to Other Fund	-	554,074	554,074
Capital Assets			
Land	464	299	763
Construction in Progress	-	237,813	237,813
Plant in Service	4,997,245	4,110,637	9,107,882
Accumulated Depreciation	(1,817,427)	(1,918,329)	(3,735,756)
Total Non-Current Assets	5,126,088	3,149,188	8,275,276
TOTAL ASSETS	5,620,934	3,243,610	8,864,544
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension	38,771	16,706	55,477
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Other	0.045	4.050	4.474
Post-Employment Benefits	2,915 41,686	1,256	4,171
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	41,080	17,962	59,648
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	5,289	11,681	16,970
Accrued Payroll Expense	2,583	2,402	4,985
Accrued Interest	20,224	2,452	22,676
Current Portion of Long-Term Obligations	152,158	42,792	194,950
Current Portion of Compensated Absences	4,853	1,727	6,580
Total Current Liabilities	185,107	61,054	246,161
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Pension Liability	4,357	1,877	6,234
Other Post-Employment Benefits	6,111	2,633	8,744
Advance from Other Fund	554,074	, -	554,074
Noncurrent Portion of Long-Term Obligations	1,828,734	406,385	2,235,119
Noncurrent Portion of Compensated Absences	4,853	1,727	6,580
Total Non-Current Liabilities	2,398,129	412,622	2,810,751
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,583,236	473,676	3,056,912
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Other	23,558	10,150	33,708
Post-Employment Benefits	6 169	2 707	0.255
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,468 30,026	2,787 12,937	9,255 42,963
		,	,- 30
NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,199,390	1,981,243	3,180,633
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	1,188,390	1,901,243	3,100,033
Equipment Replacement		143,510	143,510
Debt Service	260,581	21,184	281,765
DODE OUI YIOU	200,001	∠1,104	
	10 856	<i>4</i> 670	15 535
Pension Benefits Unrestricted	10,856 1,578,531	4,679 624,343	15,535 2,202,874

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Water Utility	Sewer Utility	Total		
OPERATING REVENUES	\$ 341,417	\$ 261,628	\$	603,045	
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Operation and Maintenance	133,986	90,483		224,469	
Administration and General	52,710	73,503		126,213	
Depreciation	 157,166	96,930		254,096	
Total Operating Expenses	 343,862	 260,916		604,778	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	 (2,445)	 712		(1,733)	
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)					
Investment Income	28,851	13,212		42,063	
Interest Expense	 (41,064)	 (11,761)		(52,825)	
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expense)	 (12,213)	 1,451		(10,762)	
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFER	(14,658)	2,163		(12,495)	
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	37,441	45,445		82,886	
TRANSFER OUT	 (28,467)	 (300)		(28,767)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(5,684)	47,308		41,624	
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	 3,055,042	 2,727,651		5,782,693	
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 3,049,358	\$ 2,774,959	\$	5,824,317	

Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

		Water Utility		Sewer Utility		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Cash Received from Customers	\$	323,386	\$	264,498	\$	587,884
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services		(99,568)		(99,106)		(198,674)
Cash Paid to Employees for Services		(80,676)		(53,147)		(133,823)
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities		143,142		112,245		255,387
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Tax Equivalent Paid to Municipality		(28,467)		(300)		(28,767)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Investment Income Received		28,851		13,212		42,063
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Acquisition of Capital Assets		(55,992)		(228,724)		(284,716)
Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt		(149,247)		(41,401)		(190,648)
Interest Paid		(41,065)		(11,760)		(52,825)
Payments Received on Long-Term Receivable		149,750		-		149,750
Capital Contributions		37,441		45,445		82,886
Net Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities		(59,113)		(236,440)		(295,553)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH		84,413		(111,283)		(26,870)
CASH - BEGINNING		532,931		289,334		822,265
CASH - ENDING	\$	617,344	\$	178,051	\$	795,395
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(2,445)	\$	712	\$	(1,733)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net	•	(=, : : -)	•		*	(',' ' ' ' '
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:						
Non-Cash Items:						
Depreciation		157,166		96,930		254,096
Depreciation Charged to Sewer		1,813		(1,813)		
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:		,,,,,		(1,010)		
Accounts Receivable		(19,844)		2,870		(16,974)
Inventories		574		(9)		565
Deferred Outflows Related to Pension		22,623		49,558		72,181
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB		1,886		3,926		5,812
Net Other Post-Employment Benefits		(2,566)		(6,732)		(9,298)
Accounts Payable		5,289		11,681		16,970
Accrued Liabilities		1,518		2,103		3,621
Pension Liability		(12,075)		(15,859)		(27,934)
Deferred Inflows Related to Pension		(11,014)		(27,164)		(38,178)
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB		217		(3,958)		(3,741)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	143,142	\$	112,245	\$	255,387
RECONCILIATION OF CASH PER STATEMENT						
OF NET POSITION TO STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS						
Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds:	_	0.55	•		•	
Cash	\$	356,763	\$	13,357	\$	370,120
Restricted Cash	_	260,581	_	164,694		425,275
CASH PER STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	\$	617,344	\$	178,051	\$	795,395

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds As of December 31, 2024

			Cus	todial Funds	
	Tax	Collection		Library	Total
ASSETS					
Cash	\$	122,106	\$	205,731	\$ 327,837
Taxes Receivable		321,620		-	321,620
Restricted Cash				300,852	300,852
Capital Assets		-		239,254	239,254
Accumulated Depreciation				(122,196)	 (122,196)
Total Assets		443,726		623,641	 1,067,367
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension		-		41,227	41,227
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Other					
Post-Employment Benefits				3,100	 3,100
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources				44,327	44,327
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable		_		4,484	4,484
Due to Other Taxing Entities		443,726		-	443,726
Accrued Liabilities		-		3,489	3,489
Current Portion of Compensated Absences		-		2,293	2,293
Net Pension Liability - Wisconsin Retirement System		-		4,633	4,633
Other Post-Employment Benefits		-		6,498	6,498
Total Current Liabilities		443,726		21,397	465,123
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Non-Current Portion of Compensated Absences				2,292	 2,292
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension		-		25,050	25,050
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Other					
Post-Employment Benefits				6,878	 6,878
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources				31,928	 31,928
NET POSITION					
Investment in Capital Assets		-		117,058	117,058
Restricted for Pension Benefits		-		11,544	11,544
Unrestricted				483,749	 483,749
Total Net Position	\$	-	\$	612,351	\$ 612,351

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Tax	Collection		Library		Total
REVENUES	_		_		_	
Taxes Collected on Behalf of Other Taxing Entities	\$	569,077	\$	-	\$	569,077
Intergovernmental		-		129,553		129,553
Public Charges for Services		-		259		259
Miscellaneous		-		1,754		1,754
Total Revenues		569,077		131,566		700,643
EXPENDITURES Taxes Remitted to Other Taxing Entities		569,077		-		569,077
Culture and Recreation				139,716		139,716
Total Expenditures		569,077		139,716		708,793
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES		-		(8,150)		(8,150)
NONOPERATING REVENUE Interest Income		<u>-</u>		12,262		12,262
NET CHANGE IN NET POSITION		-		4,112		4,112
NET POSITION - BEGINNING				608,239		608,239
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	612,351	\$	612,351

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

This summary of significant accounting policies of the Village of Lena, Wisconsin (Village) is presented to assist in understanding the Village's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are representations of Village's management who is responsible for the integrity and objectivity of the financial statements. These accounting policies conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standards setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Reporting Entity

This report includes all of the funds of the Village. The reporting entity for the Village consists of the primary government. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable or other organizations whose nature and significant relationship with the Village are such that exclusion would cause the Village's financial statements to be misleading. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and (i) either the Village's ability to impose its will on the organization or (ii) there is potential for the organization to provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the Village. The Village has not identified any component units that are required to be included in the financial statements.

The Village is the fiscal agent for the Lena Public Library. The library is jointly owned by the Town of Lena, the Town of Spruce and the Village of Lena. The Village reports the activity of the Lena Public Library as a fiduciary fund in the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Village. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) operating and capital grants and contributions. Taxes and other items not properly included as program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer utility enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements - Continued

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into individual funds each of which are considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

Funds are organized as major funds or non-major funds within the governmental and proprietary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Village or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets plus deferred outflows of resources, liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or proprietary fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type and
- b. The same element that met the 10 percent criterion in (a) is at least 5 percent of the corresponding element total for all governmental and proprietary funds combined.
- c. In addition, any other governmental fund that the Village believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are identified as either general, capital projects, or special revenue based upon the following guidelines.

General Fund

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the Village and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds, are used to account for financial resources to be used for acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds may be used to account for activities where a fee is charged to external users for goods and services. Enterprise activities must include operations (a) that are financed with debt that is secured solely by the pledge of the net revenues of the fund, (b) where laws or regulations require that the costs of the activity be recovered with fees and charges, or (c) where the fees and charges are priced in a way designed to recover the costs of the activity.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2024

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds

The Village follows the presentation requirements of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This statement revised the criteria on whether the government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. An activity meeting the criteria should present a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. Four types of fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable, include pension (and other employee benefits) trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and custodial funds. The Village reports the Tax Collection Fund and the Library Fund as custodial funds.

Custodial Funds

Custodial funds are used to account for assets held by the Village as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and/or other governmental units.

Major Funds

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund*, which accounts for the Village's primary operating activities.

The *fire department fund*, which accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for the operation of the fire department.

The Village reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *water utility*, which operates the water distribution system.

The sewer utility, which operates the sewage treatment plant, sewage pumping stations and collection systems.

Non-Major Funds

The Village reports to following non-major governmental funds:

The *Tax Incremental District #1*, which accounts for receipts of district "incremental" property taxes and other revenues and the corresponding program expenditures.

The *Tax Incremental District* #2, which accounts for receipts of district "incremental" property taxes and other revenues and the corresponding program expenditures.

The American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) special revenue fund, which accounts for the Village's activities related to the American Rescue Plan Act.

Fiduciary Funds

The Village reports the following fiduciary funds:

The *tax collection fund*, which accounts for taxes and deposits collected by the Village, acting in the capacity of a custodian, for distribution to other governmental units or designated beneficiaries.

The *library fund*, which accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for the operation of the library.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2024

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources) or economic resources (all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Village considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Cash and Investments

Cash deposits consist of demand and time deposits with financial institutions and are carried at cost. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all cash deposits and highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition are considered to be cash equivalents.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are recorded at gross amounts with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that the amount of such allowance would not be material to the financial statements.

Inventories

Proprietary fund inventories are generally used for construction and for operation and maintenance work and are not for resale. They are valued at cost based on weighted average, and charged to construction or operations and maintenance expense when used. Governmental fund inventory items are charged to expenditure accounts when purchased.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and the library column of the fiduciary fund financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Village as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$1,000 or higher and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. General infrastructure assets acquired or constructed prior to January 1, 2004 are not reported in the financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment of the Village and Library are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years									
Assets	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Fiduciary Activities							
Right-to-Use Assets Buildings, Improvements, and Utility	10	-	-							
Plant	20 - 50	25 - 100	50							
Machinery and Equipment	3 - 10	3 - 10	5 - 20							
Infrastructure	30 - 50	-	-							

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

Leases

The Village follows GASB Statement No. 87 which requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating lease and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. This statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

Subscription-Based Information Technology Agreements

The Village adopted GASB Statement No. 96 for the year ended December 31, 2024, which requires recognition in the financial statements of certain subscription-based information technology agreements (SBITAS). A SBITA is any contract conveying control of the right to use another party's information technology software. This statement requires the Village to report a right-to-use subscription asset and corresponding subscription liability for any SBITAs.

Compensated Absences

The Village adopted GASB Statement No. 101 for the year ended December 31, 2024, which requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means.

Under terms of employment, employees are granted sick leave and vacations in varying amounts. Only benefits considered to be vested are disclosed in these statements.

Vacation leave is required to be used in the year earned, unless approved to be carried over. Carryovers of unused vacation leave are limited to a maximum of one week.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Long-Term Obligations

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether it is reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists of state trust fund loans, clean water loans, and a safe drinking water loan.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as another financing source and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting in proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reflected as either loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables as appropriate, are subject to elimination upon consolidation and are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are reported as nonspendable in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not available financial resources.

Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefitting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The Village reports two categories of deferred outflows of resources related to the pension plan and cost-sharing OPEB plan on the statements of net position for the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary funds.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of net position and balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. The Village reports four categories of deferred inflows of resources related to taxes levied for subsequent year, the pension plan, cost-sharing OPEB plan and leases receivable on the government-wide statement of net position.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits

Pensions. The fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the following:

- Net Pension Liability (Asset)
- Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions
- Pension Expense

Information about the fiduciary net position of the WRS and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB). The fiduciary net position of the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring following:

- Net OPEB Liability
- Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Other Post-Employment Benefits
- OPEB Expense (Revenue)

Information about the fiduciary net position of the LRLIF and additions to/deductions from LRLIF's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LRLIF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of member contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Claims and Judgments

Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities if all the conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements are met. Claims and judgments that would normally be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are recorded during the year as expenditures in the governmental fund types. If they are not to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources, no liability is recognized in the governmental fund statements. The related expenditure is recognized when the liability is liquidated. Claims and judgments are recorded in the government-wide and proprietary funds statements as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred. There were no significant claims or judgments at year end.

Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components.

- Net investment in capital assets Amount of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and capital
 related deferred outflows of resources less outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other
 borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and any
 capital related deferred inflows of resources.
- Restricted component of net position Consists of resources with constraints placed on their use either by
 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or,
 2) by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation reduced by liabilities related to those assets.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2024

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Government-Wide Statements (Continued)

 Unrestricted component of net position – Is the net amount that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund balance is classified as either 1) nonspendable, 2) restricted, 3) committed, 4) assigned, or 5) unassigned.

Nonspendable fund balance represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts), or amounts that must be maintained intact legally or contractually (such as the principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority. It would require action by the same group to remove or change the constraints placed on the resources. The action to constrain resources must occur prior to year-end; however, the amount can be determined in the subsequent period. The Village Board is the decision-making authority that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance.

Assigned fund balance in the general fund represents amounts constrained by the Village Board for a specific intended purpose. Intent can be expressed by the Village Board or by its designee. The Board designates the Finance Committee as authorized to assign fund balance to a specific purpose. Assigned fund balance in all other governmental funds represents any positive remaining amount after classifying nonspendable, restricted or committed fund balance.

Unassigned fund balance represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The general fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in the unassigned fund balance.

The Village, unless otherwise required by law or agreements, spends funds in the following order: restricted first, then committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned.

The Village has adopted a minimum fund balance policy. The policy establishes a minimum unassigned fund balance of not less than 30% (including 17% for cash flow purposes) of prior year's audited general fund expenditures (less capital and debt service costs) for cash flow purposes, for unanticipated non-reoccurring expenditures or to meet unanticipated revenue decreases or unexpected increases in service delivery costs. In the event the balance drops below the established minimum level, the Village will replenish the deficiency by reducing recurring expenditures to eliminate the deficiency, increase revenues or funding sources, or a combination of those options within the next fiscal year if possible. As it relates to the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, 30% of the prior year annual expenditures of \$669,177 equals \$200,753, with unassigned fund balance exceeding that amount by \$67,514. This remaining amount can be used to balance the subsequent year's budget or plan for additional improvements and services that can be provided by the Village.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from these estimates, and such differences may be material.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2024

Note 2 - Cash and Investments

The Village is authorized to invest its funds in accordance with Wisconsin Statutes. Allowable investments are as follows:

- Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank or trust company maturity in three years or less.
- Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town, or school
 district of the state. Also, bonds issued by a local exposition district, local professional baseball park
 district, local professional football stadium district, local cultural arts district or by the University of
 Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority.
- Bonds or securities guaranteed by the federal government.
- The Local Government Pooled Investment Fund and the Wisconsin Investment Trust.
- Any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency.
- Securities of an open end management investment company or investment trust, subject to various conditions and investment options.
- Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

Additional restrictions could arise from local charters, ordinances, resolutions and grant regulations of the Village.

At December 31, 2024, the Village's bank balance of cash was \$2,185,338. The Village maintains its cash accounts at various financial institutions. One of the Village's institutions offers a program whereby it places deposits in other institutions to obtain full FDIC coverage. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned. The Village has a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, which states that amounts exceeding the limitations guaranteed by the FDIC shall be collateralized with securities held by the pledging of financial institution in the Village's name.

Deposits in each bank are insured by the FDIC up to \$250,000 for the combined amounts of all time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts) and up to \$250,000 for the combined amount of all interest and non-interest-bearing demand deposit accounts.

The following represents a summary of deposits as of December 31, 2024:

Fully Insured Deposits	\$ 2,134,486
Uninsured	50,852
Total	\$ 2,185,338

The difference between the bank balance and carrying value is due to outstanding checks and/or deposits in transit at December 31, 2024.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Note 3 - Restricted Assets

Restricted assets on December 31, 2024 consisted of cash totaling \$425,275 held for the following:

Sewer Utility Fund	
Equipment Replacement	\$ 143,510
Debt Service	21,184
Water Utility Fund	
Debt Service	 260,581
Total Restricted Assets	\$ 425,275

Note 4 - Property Taxes

The Village bills and collects its own property taxes and also levies for the Lena School District, Oconto County, and Northeast Wisconsin Technical College.

Property taxes consist of taxes on real estate and personal property. They are levied during December and become an enforceable lien on property the following January 1. Property taxes are payable in various options depending on the type and amount. Personal property taxes are payable on or before January 31 in full. Real estate taxes are payable in full by January 31, or in two equal installments on or before January 31, and July 31. Real estate taxes not paid by July 31 are assumed by the County as part of the August tax settlement. Delinquent personal property taxes remain the collection responsibility of the Village.

As part of Wisconsin Act 32, in 2011 and all future years, a municipality is allowed to increase its levy over the amount it levied in the prior year by the percentage increase in equalized value from net new construction or zero percent. Changes in debt service from one year to the next are generally exempt from this limit.

Note 5 - Interfund Receivables/Payables, Advances and Transfers

Interfund receivables, payables and advances between individual funds of the Village as of December 31, 2024 are detailed below:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount		Purpose
General Fund	TID #2	\$	2,661	Year End Cash Flow Timing
General Fund	TID #1		30,000	Working Capital
Sewer Utility	Water Utility		554,074	Working Capital
		\$	586,735	

Advances to TID #1 will be repaid from future tax increments. There is not currently a repayment schedule for the advance from sewer utility to water utility.

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2024 as shown in the governmental activities and proprietary funds statements were as follows:

Transfer From	Transfer To Amount		mount	Purpose
Sewer Utility	General Fund	\$	300	Tax Equivalent
Water Utility	General Fund		28,467	Tax Equivalent
		\$	28,767	

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Note 6 - Long-Term Receivable

The Village has a long-term receivable in relation to the water treatment plant due from Saputo Cheese USA Inc. The total receivable is 64% of the full disbursement amount of the Safe Drinking Water Loan. The balance of the long-term receivable as of December 31, 2024 is \$1,716,245.

Note 7 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2024 was as follows:

	Balances 1/1/2024	lu ava a aa	Do око о о о	Balances 12/31/2024
Governmental Activities	1/1/2024	Increases	Decreases	12/31/2024
Capital Assets not being				
Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 225,049	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 225,049
Land	Ψ 223,049	Ψ -	Ψ -	Ψ 225,049
Other Capital Assets				
Right-to-Use Asset	150,680	-	-	150,680
Buildings and Improvements	713,110	142,140		855,250
Machinery and Equipment	2,041,213	42,736	62,175	2,021,774
Infrastructure	791,162	162,468		953,630
Total Capital Assets being				
Depreciated	3,696,165	347,344	62,175	3,981,334
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Right-to-Use Asset	(75,340)	(15,068)	-	(90,408)
Buildings and Improvements	(433,461)	(21,992)	-	(455,453)
Machinery and Equipment	(1,029,351)	(92,527)	(62, 175)	(1,059,703)
Infrastructure	(120,789)	(18,620)	-	(139,409)
Total Accumulated				
Depreciation	(1,658,941)	(148,207)	(62,175)	(1,744,973)
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated, Net of				
Depreciation	2,037,224	199,137		2,236,361
Governmental Activities Capital	_			
Assets, Net of Accumulated				
Depreciation	\$ 2,262,273	\$ 199,137	\$ -	\$ 2,461,410

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Note 7 - Capital Assets (Continued)

	Balances 1/1/2024		Increases		Decreases		Balances 12/31/2024	
Business-Type Activities								
Capital Assets not Being								
Depreciated:								
Land	\$	763	\$	-	\$	-	\$	763
Construction in Progress		54,726		183,087		-		237,813
Total Capital Assets not being								
Depreciated		55,489		183,087				238,576
Capital Assets being Depreciated								
Utility Plant	9	9,022,414		101,629		16,161		9,107,882
Less: Accumulated								
Depreciation	(;	3,497,821)		(254,096)		(16,161)		3,735,756)
Total Capital Assets being		E E04 E02	(450, 407)				E 272 126	
Depreciated, Net of Depreciation		5,524,593	(152,467)				5,372,126	
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated								
Depreciation	\$:	5,580,082	\$ 30,620		\$ -		\$ 5,610,702	
	_						_	
	_	alances	l.		Da	~~~~~		alances
Custodial Activities		/1/2024		creases	De	creases		2/31/2024
Capital Assets being Depreciated								
Buildings and Improvements	\$	173,607	\$	_	\$	_	\$	173,607
Equipment	Ψ	64,468	Ψ	1,179	Ψ	_	Ψ	65,647
Total Capital Assets being		04,400		1,175				00,047
Depreciated		238,075		1,179		_		239,254
Less: Accumulated							-	,
Depreciation		(115,208)		(6,988)		-		(122, 196)
Total Capital Assets being								. ,
Depreciated, Net of Depreciation	\$	122,867	\$	(5,809)	\$	-	\$	117,058

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Note 7 - Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the Village as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 6,891
Public Safety	53,941
Public Works	81,531
Culure and Recreation	5,844
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 148,207
Business-Type Activities:	
Sewer Depreciation Charged to Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 95,117
Plus: Share of Meter Depreciation	1,813
Sewer Depreciation Expense	96,930
W (B) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C)	450.070
Water Depreciation Charged to Accumulated Depreciation	158,979
Less: Share of Meter Depreciation	 (1,813)
Water Depreciation Expense	 157,166
Total Business-Type Activities Depreciation Expense	\$ 254,096
Custodial Activities:	
Culture and Recreation	\$ 6,988

Note 8 – Long-Term Debt Obligations

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations of the Village for the year ended December 31, 2024:

	В	Balances 1/1/24		eases	Decreases		Balances 12/31/24		Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activites:				'				•		
General Obligation Debt										
State Trust Fund Loans	\$	616,022	\$	-	\$	32,939	\$	583,083	\$	34,370
Notes		190,000		-		43,642		146,358		46,134
Total General Obligation										
Debt		806,022		-		76,581		729,441		80,504
Vested Compensated								•		
Absences		42,514		-		4,586		37,928		18,964
Total Governmental										
Activities Long-Term										
Liabilities	\$	848,536	\$	-	\$	81,167	\$	767,369	\$	99,468

Total interest paid during the year on long-term debt totaled \$41,001. The compensated absences are denoted by a net change in the liability.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Note 8 – Long-Term Debt Obligations (Continued)

	ı	Balances 1/1/24	Increases		Decreases		Balances 12/31/24		Due Within One Year	
Business-Type Activities:										
General Obligation Debt										
State Trust Fund Loans	\$	31,226	\$	-	\$	15,230	\$	15,996	\$	15,996
Clean Water Loans		459,350		-		26,170		433,180		26,796
Safe Drinking Water Loan		2,130,141		-		149,248		1,980,893		152,158
Total Business-Type										
Activities Debt		2,620,717		-		190,648		2,430,069		194,950
Vested Compensated										
Absences		11,048		2,112		-		13,160		6,580
Total Business-Type										
Activities Long-Term										
Liabilities	\$	2,631,765	\$	2,112	\$	190,648	\$	2,443,229	\$	201,530

Total interest paid during the year on long-term debt totaled \$52,825. The compensated absences are denoted by a net change in the liability.

	Balance 1/1/24	Increase	Decrease	Balance 12/31/24	Due Within One Year
Custodial Activities: Vested Compensated					
Absences		4,585		4,585	2,293

The compensated absences are denoted by a net change in the liability.

	Date of Issuance	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Original Indebtedness	Balances 12/31/2023
Governmental Activities					
Long-Term Obligations					
2012 State Trust Fund Loan	05/01/12	03/15/32	4.00%	\$ 110,000	\$ 54,232
2016 State Trust Fund Loan	12/28/16	03/15/26	3.00%	81,836	20,237
2020 State Trust Fund Loan	06/15/22	12/15/42	4.75%	550,000	508,614
2023 Fire Truck Loan	12/27/23	12/27/27	5.45%	190,000	146,358
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Obligations					\$ 729,441
Business-Type Activities					
Long-Term Obligations					
2005 State Trust Fund Loan	10/24/05	03/15/25	5.00%	\$ 79,878	\$ 6,414
2005 State Trust Fund Loan	12/13/05	03/15/25	5.00%	120,122	9,582
2007 Clean Water Fund Loan	05/09/07	05/01/27	2.475%	283,857	51,907
2014 Safe Drinking Water Loan	10/22/14	05/01/34	1.925%	2,678,650	1,533,397
2023 Safe Drinking Water Loan	03/01/23	03/01/52	2.255%	458,876	447,495
2023 Clean Water Fund Loan	03/01/23	03/01/52	2.255%	390,971	381,274
Total Business-Type Activities Lo	\$ 2,430,069				

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Note 8 – Long-Term Debt Obligations (Continued)

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	G	Governmental Activities		В	Business-Type Activities				Total			
	Р	rincipal	I	Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		nterest
2025	\$	80,504	\$	34,075	\$	194,950	\$	48,487	\$	275,454	\$	82,562
2026		84,520		30,058		182,564		44,041		267,084		74,099
2027		78,168		25,835		186,246		40,322		264,414		66,157
2028		27,838		22,890		171,837		36,751		199,675		59,641
2029		29,174		21,555		175,221		33,334		204,395		54,889
2030-2034		150,663		86,870		929,252		112,999		1,079,915		199,869
2035-2039		161,832		51,534		140,900		58,721		302,732		110,255
2040-2044		116,742		11,278		157,519		41,914		274,261		53,192
2045-2049		-		-		176,099		23,125		176,099		23,125
2050-2052		-		-		115,481		3,944		115,481		3,944
	\$	729,441	\$	284,095	\$ 2	2,430,069	\$	443,638	\$	3,159,510	\$	727,733

Estimated payments of accumulated employee benefits and other commitments are not included in the above schedule.

The 2024 equalized valuation of the Village as certified by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue is \$51,157,100. The legal debt limit and margin of indebtedness as of December 31, 2024, in accordance with Wisconsin Statutes follows:

Debt Limit (5% of \$51,157,100) Deduct Long-Term Debt Applicable to Debt Margin	\$ 2,557,855 745,437
Remaining Margin of Indebtedness Available	\$ 1,812,418

Utility Revenues Pledged

The Village has pledged future revenue derived from the sewerage system, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the Clean Water Fund Loans. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the construction or acquisition of capital assets used within the Utility. The loan is payable from sewerage system net revenues and is payable through 2052. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$567,926. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total sewerage system net revenues were \$36,366 and \$110,854, respectively.

The Village has pledged future revenue derived from the water system, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the Safe Drinking Water Loan. Proceeds from the bond provided financing for the construction or acquisition of capital assets used within the Utility. The loan is payable from water system net revenues and is payable through 2052. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$2,288,984. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total water system net revenues were \$168,712 and \$310,789, respectively.

The balance of the long-term receivable as of December 31, 2024 was \$1,716,245, which will be used for repayment of the loan.

The Village is in compliance with the Clean Water Fund Loan and Safe Drinking Water Loan debt coverage ratios for December 31, 2024.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2024

Note 9 - Leases

Lease Obligations

GASB Statement No. 87 requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. This statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The right to use asset was depreciated on a straight-line basis over the expected life of ten years and has a book value of \$60,272 at December 31, 2024. The following is a summary of change in lessee obligations of the Village for the year ended December 31, 2024:

Leases Payable	Additions	Ending Balance		
Plow Truck Lease	\$ 79,320	\$ -	\$ 14,706	\$ 64,614

Remaining amounts to be paid associated with this lease at December 31, 2024 are as follows:

Year Ending						
December 31,	Pi	rincipal	In	terest		Total
2025	\$	15,264	\$	2,449	\$	17,713
2026		15,842		1,870		17,712
2027		16,442		1,270		17,712
2028		17,066		647		17,713
	\$	64,614	\$	6,236	\$	70,850

The Village leases land to various tenants to be utilized as farmland, with a term of 3 years. The Village additionally leases land to a company who put up a cellular tower for the purpose of transmission and reception of communication signals. The cellular tower lease has a term of 5 years. The following is a summary of changes in lessor receivables of the Village for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Leases Receivable	Beginning Balances	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balances
Farmland Lease Cell Tower Lease	\$ 6,274 30,238	\$ - -	\$ 6,274 14,791	\$ - 15,447
Total Leases Receivable	\$ 36,512	\$ -	\$ 21,065	\$ 15,447

Remaining amounts to be received associated with these leases at December 31, 2024 are as follows:

Year Ending					
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total		
2025	\$ 15,447	\$ 210	\$ 15,657		

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2024

Note 10 - Fund Equity

Government-Wide Statements

Net position reported on the government-wide statement of net position at December 31, 2024 includes the following:

	Governmenta Activities		Business-Type Activities		 Total	
Net Investment in Capital Assets						
Net Capital Assets	\$	2,461,410	\$	5,610,702	\$ 8,072,112	
Less: Related Long-Term Obligations Outstanding		729,441		2,430,069	3,159,510	
Net Investment in Capital Assets		1,731,969		3,180,633	4,912,602	
Restricted for:						
Equipment Replacement		-		143,510	143,510	
Debt Service		-		281,765	281,765	
Pension Benefits		41,728		15,535	 57,263	
Total Restricted		41,728		440,810	482,538	
Unrestricted		722,896		2,202,874	 2,925,770	
Total Government-Wide Net Position	\$	2,496,593	\$	5,824,317	\$ 8,320,910	

Note 11 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information About the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government, and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Note 11 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Wisconsin Retirement System Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

Vesting. For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Benefits Provided. Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupations and 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement plan participants, if hired on or before December 31, 2016) are entitled to a retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their final average earnings, and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings periods. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at or after age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

Post-Retirement Adjustments. The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment	Variable Fund Adjustment
2014	4.7	25.0%
2015	2.9	2.0
2016	0.5	(5.0)
2017	2.0	4.0
2018	2.4	17.0
2019	0.0	(10.0)
2020	1.7	21.0
2021	5.1	13.0
2022	7.4	15.0
2023	1.6	(21.0)

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2024

Note 11 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Contributions. Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for General category employees, including Teachers, Executives and Elected Officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the Executives and Elected Officials category was merged into the General Employee Category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$21,696 in contributions from the Village and \$4,374 in contributions from the fiduciary fund.

Contribution rates as of December 31, 2024 are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer
General (including executives and elected officials)	6.80%	6.80%
Protective with Social Security	6.80%	13.20%
Protective without Social Security	6.80%	18.10%

Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2024, the Village reported a liability of \$22,982 and the fiduciary fund reported a liability of \$4,633 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022, rolled forward to December 31, 2023. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The Village's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Village's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2023, the Village's proportion was 0.00154572%, which was an decrease of 0.00000840% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2022. At December 31, 2023, the fiduciary fund's proportion was 0.00031162%, which was an increase of 0.00003854% from it's proportion measured December 31, 2022.

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the Village recognized pension expense of \$15,382 and the fiduciary fund recognized pension expense of \$3,101.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Note 11 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

At December 31, 2024, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Government-Wide				Fiduciary Fund			
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experiences	\$	92,662	\$	122,732	\$	18,681	\$	24,743
Changes in assumptions		10,017		-		2,019		-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		80,088		-		16,146		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share		37		1,523		7		307
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		21,696		<u>-</u>		4,374		-
Total	\$	204,500	\$	124,255	\$	41,227	\$	25,050

The \$21,696 and the \$4,374 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the WRS Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an adjustment of the net pension liability (asset) in the government-wide financial statements and fiduciary fund, respectively, in the year ending December 31, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Gover	Government-Wide		ciary Fund
	Deferi	red Outflows	Deferr	red Outflows
Year Ending	(Ir	nflows) of	(Ir	nflows) of
December 31,	Re	Resources		esources
2025	\$	11,797	\$	2,378
2026		12,418		2,504
2027		49,879		10,056
2028		(15,545)		(3,135)
	\$	58,549	\$	11,803

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Note 11 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date: December 31, 2022

Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability (Asset): December 31, 2023

Experience Study: January 1, 2018 – December 31, 2020

Published November 19, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method: Fair Value
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return: 6.8%
Discount Rate: 6.8%
Salary Increases:
Inflation 3.0%

Seniority/Merit 0.1% - 5.6%

Mortality: 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

Post-retirement Adjustments* 1.7%

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2022 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. The total pension liability for December 31, 2023 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation.

Long-term Expected Return on Plan Assets. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns¹ As of December 31, 2023

		Long-Term Expected	Long-Term Expected
	Asset	Nominal Rate	Real Rate of
Core Fund Asset Class	Allocation %	of Return %	Return % ²
Global Equities	40%	7.3%	4.5%
Fixed Income	27	5.8	3.0
Inflation Sensitive Assets	19	4.4	1.7
Real Estate	8	5.8	3.0
Private Equity/Debt	18	9.6	6.7
Leverage	(12)	3.7	1.0
Total Core Fund ³	112% *	7.4%	4.6%
Variable Fund Asset Class			
U.S. Equities	70%	6.8%	4.0%
International Equities	30	7.6	4.8
Total Variable Fund	100%	7.3%	4.5%

¹Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges; target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations

^{*}No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience, and other factors. 1.7% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the postretirement discount rate.

²New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.5%.

³The investment policy used for the Core Fund involves reducing equity exposure by leveraging lower-volatility assets, such as fixed income securities. This results in an asset allocation beyond 100%. Currently, an asset allocation target of 12% policy leverage is used, subject to an allowable range of up to 20%.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2024

Note 11 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Single Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 6.8% was used to measure the total pension liability for the current and prior year. The discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.8% and a municipal bond rate of 3.77% (Source: Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2023. In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the municipal curves are constructed using option-adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax-exempt securities.). Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 6.8% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.7% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the Village's and fiduciary fund's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.80 percent, as well as what the Village's and fiduciary fund's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.80 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.80 percent) than the current rate:

		1% Decrease to Discount Rate (5.80%)		Current Discount Rate (6.80%)		1% Increase to Discount Rate (7.80%)	
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	222,131	\$	22,982	\$	(116,371)	
Fiduciary Fund's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)		44,781		4,633		(23,460)	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Payables to the Pension Plan. The Village is required to remit the monthly required contribution for both the employee and Village portions by the last day of the following month. The amount due to WRS as of December 31, 2024 is \$4,753 for December payroll.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2024

Note 12 - Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits - Cost-Sharing Plan

General Information About the Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan

Plan Description. The LRLIF is a multiple-employer, defined-benefit OPEB plan. LRLIF benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF) and the Group Insurance Board have statutory authority for program administration and oversight. The plan provides post-employment life insurance benefits for all eligible members.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Retiree Life Insurance Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

Benefits Provided. The LRLIF plan provides fully paid up life insurance benefits for post-age 64 retired members and pre-65 retirees who pay for their coverage.

Contributions. The Group Insurance Board approves contribution rates annually, based on recommendations from the insurance carrier. Recommended rates are based on an annual valuation, taking into consideration an estimate of the present value of future benefits and the present value of future contributions. A portion of employer contributions made during a member's working lifetime funds a post-retirement benefit.

Employers are required to pay the following contributions based on member contributions for active members to provide them with Basic Coverage after age 65. There are no employer contributions required for pre-age 65 annuitant coverage. If a member retires prior to age 65, they must continue paying the member premiums until age 65 in order to be eligible for the benefit after age 65.

Contribution rates as of December 31, 2024 are:

Coverage Type	Employee
50% Post Retirement Coverage	40% of Member Contribution
25% Post Retirement Coverage	20% of Member Contribution

Member contributions are based upon nine age bands through age 69 and an additional eight age bands for those age 70 and over. Participating members must pay monthly contribution rates per \$1,000 of coverage until the age of 65 (age 70 if active). The member contribution rates in effect for the year ended December 31, 2023 are as listed below:

Life Insurance Member Contribution Rates * For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Attained Age	Basic/Supplemental
Under 30	\$ 0.05
30-34	0.05
35-39	0.05
40-44	0.08
45-49	0.13
50-54	0.20
55-59	0.28
60-64	0.38
65-69	0.50

^{*} Disabled members under age 70 receive a waiver-of-premium benefit

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Note 12 - Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits - Cost-Sharing Plan (Continued)

During the reporting period, the LRLIF recognized \$62 in contributions from the Village, and \$8 in contributions from the fiduciary fund.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At December 31, 2024, the Village reported a liability of \$32,235 and the fiduciary fund reported a liability of \$6,498 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2023 rolled forward to December 31, 2023. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The Village's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the Village's share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2023, the Village's proportion was 0.00700649%, which was a decrease of 0.00440445% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2022. At December 31, 2023, the fiduciary fund's proportion was 0.00141251%, which was a decrease of 0.00059255% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2022.

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Village recognized OPEB expense of \$1,470 and the fiduciary fund recognized OPEB expense of \$296.

At December 31, 2024, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Government-Wide				Fiduciary Fund			
	Deferred		Deferred		De	eferred	Deferred	
	Out	flows of	inflows of Resources		Out	flows of	inflows of	
	Re	sources			Resources		Resources	
Differences between expected								
and actual experiences	\$	-	\$	2,852	\$	-	\$	575
Changes in assumptions		10,083		12,694		2,033		2,559
Net differences between projected and actual earnings		407				00		
on plan investments		437		-		88		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate								
share		4,855		18,570		979		3,744
Total	\$	15,375	\$	34,116	\$	3,100	\$	6,878

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2024

Note 12 - Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits - Cost-Sharing Plan (Continued)

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense (revenue) as follows:

	Gover	Government-Wide		uciary Fund
	Defer	Deferred Outflows		rred Outflows
Year Ending	(lr	nflows) of	(nflows) of
December 31,	R	esources	F	Resources
2025	\$	(1,927)	\$	(388)
2026		(1,942)		(392)
2027		(3,012)		(607)
2028		(4,615)		(930)
2029		(5,016)		(1,011)
2030		(2,229)		(450)
	\$	(18,741)	\$	(3,778)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:

January 1, 2023

Measurement Date of Net OPEB Liability:

December 31, 2023

Experience Study: January 1, 2018 - December 31, 2020,

Published November 19, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal

20 Year Tax-Exempt Municipal Bond Yield*: 3.26%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return: 4.25%
Discount Rate: 3.30%

Salary Increases:

Wage Inflation 3.00% Seniority/Merit 0.1% - 5.6%

Mortality: 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

*Based on the Bond Buyers GO index.

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. The total OPEB liability for December 31, 2022 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the January 1, 2023 actuarial valuation.

Long-term Expected Return on Plan Assets. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. Investments for the LRLIF are held with Securian, the insurance carrier. Interest is calculated and credited to the LRLIF based on the rate of return for a segment of the insurance carriers' general fund, specifically 10-year A- Bonds (as a proxy, and not tied to any specific investments). The overall aggregate interest rate is calculated using a tiered approach based on the year the funds were originally invested and the rate of return for that year. Investment interest is credited based on the aggregate rate of return and assets are not adjusted to fair market value. Furthermore, the insurance carrier quarantees the principal amounts of the reserves, including all interest previously credited thereto.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2024

Note 12 - Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits - Cost-Sharing Plan (Continued)

Local OPEB Life Insurance Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns As of December 31, 2023

Lana Tarm

			Expected Geometric
Asset Class	Index	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return %
U.S. Intermediate Credit Bonds	Bloomberg U.S. Interm Credit	40%	2.32%
U.S. Mortgages	Blookberg U.S. MBS	60	2.52
Inflation			2.30
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return			4.25

Single Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 3.32% was used to measure the total OPEB liability for the current year, as opposed to a discount rate of 3.76% for the prior year. The change in the discount rate was primarily caused by the decrease in the municipal bond rate from 3.72% as of December 31, 2022 to 3.26% as of December 31, 2023. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the Total OPEB Liability is equal to the single equivalent rate that results in the same actuarial present value as the long-term expected rate of return applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, and the municipal bond rate applied to benefit payment to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through December 31, 2036.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made according to the current employer contribution schedule and that contributions are made by plan members retiring prior to age 65.

Sensitivity of the Village's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.32 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.32 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.32 percent) than the current rate:

	 Decrease 2.32%)	 ount Rate 3.32%)	1% Increase (4.32%)	
Village's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 43,311	\$ 32,235	\$	23,779
Fiduciary Funds' proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	8,732	6,498		4,794

Payables to the OPEB Plan. The Village is required to remit the monthly required contribution for both the employee and Village portions by the last day of the following month. There was no amount due to WRS for Life Insurance Benefits as of December 31, 2024.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2024

Note 13 - Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health claims; unemployment compensation claims; and environmental damage for which the Village purchases commercial insurance. There has been no reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year. Insurance settlements for claims resulting from the risks covered by commercial insurance have not exceeded the insurance coverage in the past three years.

Note 14 - Commitments and Contingencies

From time to time the Village is involved in legal actions and claims, most of which normally occur in governmental operations. In the opinion of Village management, these issues, and any other proceedings known to exist at December 31, 2024, are not likely to have a material adverse impact on the Village's financial position.

Funding for the operating budget of the Village comes from many sources, including property taxes, grants and aids from other units of government, user fees, fines and permits, and other miscellaneous revenues. The State of Wisconsin provides a variety of aid and grant programs which benefit the Village. Those aid and grant programs are dependent on continued approval and funding by the Wisconsin governor and legislature through their budget processes. Any changes made by the State to funding or eligibility of local aid programs could have a significant impact on the future operating results of the Village.

The Village has a water tower maintenance agreement for January 1, 2015 through January 1, 2028. The balance of the agreement is approximately \$164,000.

The Village has an agreement with a contractor for the wastewater treatment plant upgrades of \$2,800,000.

Note 15 - Major Customer

Saputo Cheese USA accounted for approximately \$163,000 of the water and sewer utility revenues during 2024.

Note 16 - Deficit Fund Balances

TID No. 1 and TID No. 2 had deficit funds balances of \$16,201 and \$2,661, respectively. They will be funded with future years' tax increments.

Note 17 - Subsequent Event

The Village issued an interim, short-term six month note of \$600,000 in March 2025 at an interest rate of 4.5%.



Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)
Wisconsin Retirement System
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024
Last 10 Fiscal Years

WRS Fiscal Year End Date (Measurement Date)	Village's Proportion of the Net Pension Asset/Liability	Proporting of the	Village's rtionate Share Net Pension set)/Liability	Villa	ge's Covered Payroll	Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset)/Liability as a percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
Village Proportion							
12/31/2023	0.00154572%	\$	22,982	\$	247,637	9.28%	98.85%
12/31/2022	0.00155412%		82,332		280,347	29.37%	95.72%
12/31/2021	0.00151936%		(122,469)		221,270	55.35%	106.02%
12/31/2020	0.00146378%		(91,385)		207,190	44.11%	105.26%
12/31/2019	0.00143311%		(44,429)		205,958	21.57%	102.96%
12/31/2018	0.00141601%		50,642		197,980	25.58%	96.45%
12/31/2017	0.00139357%		(41,376)		186,300	22.21%	102.93%
12/31/2016	0.00135777%		11,191		185,487	6.03%	99.12%
12/31/2015	0.00131267%		21,331		181,801	11.73%	98.20%
12/31/2014	0.00128485%		(31,559)		167,098	18.89%	102.74%
Fiduciary Fund Propor	<u>tion</u>						
12/31/2023	0.00031162%	\$	4,633	\$	43,520	10.65%	98.85%
12/31/2022	0.00027308%		14,467		37,687	38.39%	95.72%
12/31/2021	0.00020425%		(16,458)		38,071	43.23%	106.02%
12/31/2020	0.00025185%		(15,724)		39,178	40.13%	105.26%
12/31/2019	0.00027095%		(10,517)		38,938	27.01%	102.96%
12/31/2018	0.00026771%		9,259		37,430	24.74%	96.45%
12/31/2017	0.00026347%		(7,823)		35,222	22.21%	102.93%
12/31/2016	0.00025670%		2,116		35,068	6.03%	99.12%
12/31/2015	0.00024818%		4,033		34,372	11.73%	98.20%
12/31/2014	0.00024291%		(5,967)		31,592	18.89%	102.74%
		0.1		_			

Schedule of Employer Contributions Wisconsin Retirement System For the Year Ended December 31, 2024 Last 10 Fiscal Years

Village Year End Date		ontractually Required ontributions	Re	entributions in elation to the contractually Required contributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Cove	ered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
Village Proportion								
12/31/2024	\$	21,696	\$	21,696	\$ -	\$	253,633	8.55%
12/31/2023		20,342		20,342	-		247,637	8.21%
12/31/2022		20,992		20,992	-		280,347	7.49%
12/31/2021		17,303		17,303	-		221,270	7.82%
12/31/2020		15,573		15,573	-		207,190	7.52%
12/31/2019		15,167		15,167	-		205,958	7.36%
12/31/2018		14,912		14,912	-		197,980	7.53%
12/31/2017		14,183		14,183	-		186,300	7.61%
12/31/2016		13,300		13,300	-		185,487	7.17%
12/31/2015		13,348		13,348	-		181,801	7.34%
Fiduciary Fund Propor	<u>tion</u>							
12/31/2024	\$	4,374	\$	4,374	\$ -	\$	51,132	8.55%
12/31/2023		3,574		3,574	-		43,520	8.21%
12/31/2022		2,822		2,822	-		37,687	7.49%
12/31/2021		2,977		2,977	-		38,071	7.82%
12/31/2020		3,686		3,686	-		39,178	9.41%
12/31/2019		2,868		2,868	-		38,938	7.36%
12/31/2018		2,819		2,819	-		37,430	7.53%
12/31/2017		2,682		2,682	-		35,222	7.61%
12/31/2016		2,514		2,514	-		35,068	7.17%
12/31/2015		2,524		2,524	-		34,372	7.34%

Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Other Post-Employment Benefits - Cost-Sharing Plan *Last 10 Fiscal Years

OPEB Fiscal Year End Date (Measurement Date)	Village's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	Pro Shar	/illage's portionate e of the Net EB Liability	Villaç	ge's Covered Payroll	Village's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability
Village Proportion							
12/31/2023	0.00700649%	\$	32,235	\$	140,646	22.92%	33.90%
12/31/2022	0.01141094%		43,474		142,803	30.44%	38.81%
12/31/2021	0.01184383%		70,003		221,270	31.64%	29.57%
12/31/2020	0.01048412%		57,670		199,213	28.95%	31.36%
12/31/2019	0.00881442%		36,522		149,591	24.41%	37.58%
12/31/2018	0.00925651%		24,299		147,087	16.52%	48.69%
12/31/2017	0.01015067%		30,539		117,579	25.97%	44.81%
Fiduciary Fund Pro	<u>portion</u>						
12/31/2023	0.00141251%	\$	6,498	\$	28,354	22.92%	33.90%
12/31/2022	0.00200506%		7,639		19,197	39.79%	38.81%
12/31/2021	0.00159217%		9,408		38,071	24.71%	29.57%
12/31/2020	0.00180388%		9,923		47,155	21.04%	31.36%
12/31/2019	0.00179258%		8,645		35,409	24.41%	37.58%
12/31/2018	0.00188249%		4,443		29,913	14.85%	48.69%
12/31/2017	0.00206434%		6,211		23,912	25.97%	44.81%

Schedule of Employer Contributions Other Post-Employment Benefits - Cost-Sharing Plan *Last 10 Fiscal Years

Village Year End Date	R	ntractually equired ntributions	Rela Col R	tributions in ation to the ntractually equired ntributions	D	ontribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
Village Proportion								
12/31/2024	\$	62	\$	62	\$	-	\$ 142,310	0.04%
12/31/2023		149		149		-	140,646	0.11%
12/31/2022		229		229		-	142,803	0.16%
12/31/2021		232		232		-	221,270	0.10%
12/31/2020		201		201		-	199,213	0.10%
12/31/2019		911		911		-	149,591	0.61%
12/31/2018		897		897		-	147,087	0.61%
Fiduciary Fund Pro	portion							
12/31/2024	\$	8	\$	8	\$	_	\$ 28,690	0.03%
12/31/2023		30		30		-	28,354	0.11%
12/31/2022		31		31		-	19,197	0.16%
12/31/2020		40		40		-	38,071	0.10%
12/31/2020		47		47		-	47,155	0.10%
12/31/2019		183		183		-	35,409	0.52%
12/31/2018		183		183		-	29,913	0.61%

^{*}Ten years of data will be accumulated beginning with 2018.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

DEVENUES		iginal and al Budget		Actual	F	/ariance avorable favorable)
REVENUES Taxes	\$	301,681	\$	272,914	\$	(28,767)
Special Assessments	φ	301,001	φ	1,809	φ	1,809
Intergovernmental		259,062		288,960		29,898
Licenses and Permits		4,150		4,082		(68)
Fines and Forfeits		30,200		34,535		4,335
Public Charges for Services		25,130		23,855		(1,275)
Miscellaneous		50,790		62,263		11,473
Total Revenues		671,013		688,418		17,405
EXPENDITURES						
General Government		154,750		193,063		(38,313)
Public Safety		147,326		162,683		(15,357)
Public Works		164,810		160,125		4,685
Culture and Recreation		28,500		71,185		(42,685)
Conservation and Development		21,700		10,905		10,795
Capital Outlay		74,910		17,948		56,962
Debt Service		79,017		79,017		· -
Total Expenditures		671,013		694,926		(23,913)
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES		-		(6,508)		(6,508)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				0.050		0.050
Proceeds from Sale of Assets		-		3,350		3,350
Transfers In				28,767		28,767
Total Other Financing Sources	-			32,117		32,117
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		25,609		25,609
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		724,942		724,942		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	724,942	\$	750,551	\$	25,609

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Fire Department Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

DEVENUE	а	Original nd Final Budget		Actual	Fa	ariance avorable favorable)
REVENUES	•	00.005	•	54.000	•	(7.057)
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	62,025	\$	54,368	\$	(7,657)
Charges for Service		18,000		8,034		(9,966)
Investment Income		400		4,725		4,325
Miscellaneous	-	57,784		130,723		72,939
Total Revenues		138,209		197,850		59,641
EXPENDITURES						
Public Safety:						
Employee Benefits		4,450		4,645		(195)
Man Hours Expense		15,000		11,444		3,556
Clothing Allowance		-		1,222		(1,222)
Training Expense		8,000		6,475		1,525
Utilities		6,350		10,426		(4,076)
Insurance		8,000		10,377		(2,377)
Vehicle and Equipment Repairs		10,000		19,546		(9,546)
Fuel Expense		2,500		2,262		238
Miscellaneous		17,250		87,287		(70,037)
Capital Outlay		66,659		8,011		58,648
Debt Services						
Principal		-		43,645		(43,645)
Interest		-		9,629		(9,629)
Total Expenditures		138,209		214,969		(76,760)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		(17,119)		(17,119)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		169,578		169,578		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	169,578	\$	152,459	\$	(17,119)

Notes to Required Supplementary Information December 31, 2024

Budgetary Process

The Village follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data:

- During October, Village management submits to the Village Board a proposed operating budget for the
 calendar year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures
 and the means of financing them. After submission to the governing body, public hearings are held to obtain
 taxpayer comments. Following the public hearings, the proposed budget, including authorized additions
 and deletions, is legally enacted by Village Board action.
- Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the general and the fire department special revenue fund. Budget is defined as the originally approved budget plus or minus approved amendments. There were no amendments during the year. Budget appropriations not expended during the year are closed to fund balance unless authorized by the governing body to be forwarded into the succeeding year's budget.
- During the year, formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for the general fund and special revenue funds.
- Expenditures may not exceed appropriations provided in detailed budget accounts maintained for each
 activity or department of the Village. Amendments to the budget during the year require initial approval by
 management and are subsequently authorized by the Village Board.

The Village created a special revenue fund in 2024 for state grants that must be used for specific expenditures. The Village did not include the special revenue fund in the budgetary process and therefore no budget was prepared or will be presented for the major special revenue fund in the December 31, 2024 financial statements.

Excess of Actual Expenditures Over Budget in Individual Funds

The following functions had an excess of actual expenditures over budget for the year ended December 31, 2024:

General Fund General Government	\$ 38,313
Public Safety	15,357
Culture and Recreation	42,685
Fire Department Fund	
Public Safety:	
Employee Benefits	\$ 195
Clothing Allowance	1,222
Utilities	4,076
Insurance	2,377
Vehicle and Equipment Repairs	9,546
Miscellaneous	70,037
Principal	43,645
Interest	9,629

Notes to Required Supplementary Information December 31, 2024

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in WRS.

Changes of assumptions.

Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2021 covering January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2020, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-end December 31, 2021, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 1.9% to 1.7%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table.

Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits - Cost-Sharing Plan

Changes of benefit terms. There were no recent changes in benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions. In addition to the rate changes detailed in the tables above, the State of Wisconsin Employee Trust Fund Board adopted economic and demographic assumption changes based on a three year experience study performed for the Wisconsin Retirement System. These assumptions are used in the actuarial valuations of OPEB liabilities (assets) for the retiree life insurance programs and are summarized below. The assumption changes that were used to measure the December 31, 2021 total OPEB liabilities, including the following:

- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table.



Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds As of December 31, 2024

	 TID #1	 TID #2	Gov	Total onmajor vernmental Funds
ASSETS	_			
Cash and Investments	\$ 17,537	\$ -	\$	17,537
Receivables:				
Taxes	 9,845			9,845
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 27,382	\$ 	\$	27,382
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) Liabilities: Due to Other Fund Advance From Other Fund Total Liabilities	\$ 30,000 30,000	\$ 2,661 - 2,661	\$	2,661 30,000 32,661
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Taxes Levied for Subsequent Year	 13,583	 		13,583
Fund Balances (Deficits): Unassigned (Deficit)	 (16,201)	 (2,661)		(18,862)
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$ 27,382	\$ <u>-</u> ,	\$	27,382

VILLAGE OF LENA
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance (Deficits)
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	A	RPA	 TID #1	 TID #2	Gov	Total onmajor ernmental Funds
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$	-	\$ 14,082	\$ 34,500	\$	48,582
Intergovernmental		16,573	-	-		16,573
Miscellaneous		534	473	 170		1,177
Total Revenues		17,107	14,555	34,670		66,332
EXPENDITURES Current: General Government Capital Outlay Total Expenditures		18,787 18,787	10,150 - 10,150	 37,331 - 37,331		47,481 18,787 66,268
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (DEFICITS)		(1,680)	4,405	(2,661)		64
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING - AS PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED				 		
Change within financial reporting entity (major to nonmajor fund)		1,680	 (20,606)	 		(18,926)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - BEGINNING - AS ADJUSTED		1,680	 (20,606)	 <u>-</u>		(18,926)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICITS) - ENDING	\$		\$ (16,201)	\$ (2,661)	\$	(18,862)



Schedule of Operating Revenues and Expenses Water and Sewer Utilities For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Water	Sewer	Total
OPERATING REVENUES			
Metered Sales:			
Residential	\$ 61,112	\$ 170,477	\$ 231,589
Commercial	10,349	33,279	43,628
Industrial	167,939	29,225	197,164
Public Authorities	9,474	22,665	32,139
Total Metered Sales	248,874	255,646	504,520
Public Fire Protection	90,839		90,839
Other Operating Revenues:			
Customer Forfeited Discounts	42	2,710	2,752
Miscellaneous Operating Revenue	1,662	3,272	4,934
Total Operating Revenue	341,417	261,628	603,045
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Operation and Maintenance:			
Operation Labor	65,161	38,878	104,039
Power Purchased for Pumping	37,902	27,787	65,689
Chemicals	22,878	-	22,878
Maintenance and Repairs	1,736	2,873	4,609
Operating Supplies	5,101	13,433	18,534
Operating Transportation Expenses	1,208	7,512	8,720
Total Operation and Maintenance	133,986	90,483	224,469
Administrative and General:			
Salaries	16,104	16,143	32,247
Office Supplies	4,280	2,929	7,209
Outside Services Employed	7,165	21,168	28,333
Utilities	15,219	5,095	20,314
Property Insurance	8,047	4,312	12,359
Miscellaneous	1,895	23,856	25,751
Total Administrative and General Expenses	52,710	73,503	126,213
Other Operating Expenses:			
Depreciation	157,166	96,930	254,096
Total Other Operating Expenses	157,166	96,930	254,096
Total Operating Expenses	343,862	260,916	604,778
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(2,445)	712	(1,733)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Interest Income	28,851	13,212	42,063
Interest Expense	(41,064)	(11,761)	(52,825)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(12,213)	1,451	(10,762)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL			
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	(14,658)	2,163	(12,495)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	37,441	45,445	82,886
TRANSFERS OUT	(28,467)	(300)	(28,767)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ (5,684)	\$ 47,308	\$ 41,624

