VILLAGE OF LENA, WISCONSIN

Annual Financial Report

December 31, 2022



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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Village Board Village of Lena Lena, Wisconsin

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Lena, Wisconsin (Village), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Lena, Wisconsin, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Village, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.



In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness
 of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the schedules of employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) and employer contributions – Wisconsin Retirement Plan, schedules of employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability and employer contributions – other post-employment benefits – cost-sharing plan, schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual – general fund and schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual – fire department fund be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

To the Village Board Village of Lena

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the schedule of operating revenues and expenses - water and sewer utility, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

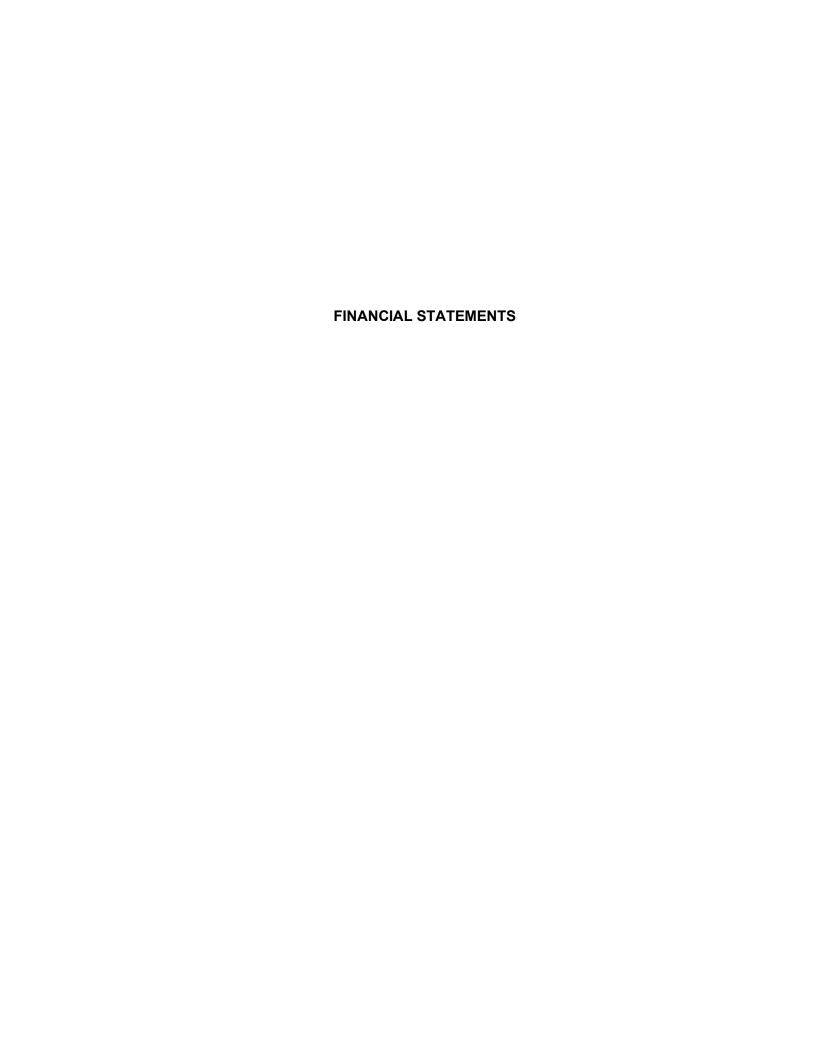
KerberRose S.C.

KerberRose SC

Certified Public Accountants

Shawano, Wisconsin

September 11, 2023



Statement of Net Position As of December 31, 2022

	Governmenta Activities	Business - Il Type Activities	Total
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	iotai
Current Assets			
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,089,24	3 \$ 571,629	\$ 1,660,872
Receivables:	,,,,,,	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	,,,,,,,,
Taxes	134,97	'8 -	134,978
Customer Accounts Receivable	26,72		160,718
Current Portion of Long-Term Receivable	_5,:-	- 29,859	29,859
Current Portion of Lease Receivable	20,3	·	20,318
Special Assessments	20,0	- 6,158	6,158
Inventories		- 6,622	6,622
Total Current Assets	1,271,26		2,019,525
		,202	
Noncurrent Assets	70.70	10.004	400 400
Net Pension Asset	72,78	•	122,469
Long-Term Receivable		- 1,985,835	1,985,835
Lease Receivable	36,5		36,512
Restricted Cash		- 230,826	230,826
Capital Assets:			
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	346,54	,	408,537
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	1,574,35		7,285,053
Total Noncurrent Assets	2,030,19		10,069,232
TOTAL ASSETS	3,301,45	8,787,298	12,088,757
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension	143,72	98,109	241,836
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Other			,
Post-Employment Benefits	19,44	13,271	32,711
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	163,16		274,547
LIABILITIES Output Link Wide			
Current Liabilities	F 46	0.440	0.000
Accounts Payable	5,46	•	8,608
Accrued Liabilities	23,26		28,870
Accrued Interest Payable	23,85		45,731
Deferred Grant Revenues	43,48		43,482
Short Term Debt	00.00	- 1,066,286	1,066,286
Current Portion of Compensated Absences	23,60	·	35,267
Current Portion of Lease Obligations	14,16		14,169
Current Portion of Long-Term Obligations	38,6		204,463
Total Current Liabilities	172,45	59 1,274,417	1,446,876
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Net OPEB Liability	41,60		70,003
Noncurrent Portion of Compensated Absences	23,60	11,661	35,267
Noncurrent Portion of Lease Obligations	79,32		79,320
Noncurrent Portion of Long-Term Obligations	616,02	22 1,770,870	2,386,892
TOTAL LIABILITIES	933,0		4,018,358
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	207.60) F	207 605
Taxes Levied for Subsequent Year	287,68		287,685
Deferred Inflows Related to Leases	56,83 171.21		56,830
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension	171,35	55 116,968	288,323
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Other	F 00	0.007	0.000
Post-Employment Benefits	5,28	3,607	8,896
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	521,15	59 120,575	641,734
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,172,77	2,769,688	3,942,460
·	45,15	57 261,651	306,808
Restricted	,		
Unrestricted	792,52	2,661,417	3,453,944

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

				Program	Rever	nues		et (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position			
	ı	Expenses		Charges for Services	(Operating Grants and ontributions	Governmental Activities		siness-Type Activities		Total
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS											
Governmental Activities:											
General Government	\$	187,066	\$	3,952	\$	12,933	\$ (170,181)	\$	-	\$	(170,181)
Public Safety		276,753		112,594		12,938	(151,221)		-		(151,221)
Public Works		230,931		22,754		38,037	(170,140)		-		(170, 140)
Culture and Recreation		21,203		441		-	(20,762)		-		(20,762)
Conservation and Development		22,134		-		-	(22,134)		-		(22,134)
Interest and Fiscal Charges		27,841		-		-	 (27,841)				(27,841)
Total Governmental Activities		765,928		139,741		63,908	(562,279)		-		(562,279)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES											
Water		396,898		326,519		-	-		(70,379)		(70,379)
Sewer		260,478		262,814		-	 		2,336		2,336
Total Business-Type Activities		657,376		589,333		-	<u>-</u>		(68,043)		(68,043)
TOTAL	\$	1,423,304	\$	729,074	\$	63,908	(562,279)		(68,043)		(630,322)
	_	ERAL REVEN	UES								
			l evie	d for General Pu	rnose	9	241,673		_		241,673
		ther Taxes		a for Corlorar i	проос	•	32,554		_		32,554
	_		l Reve	enues not Restri	cted to)	02,00				02,001
		pecific Progran					177,349		_		177,349
		estment Incom					12,260		6,971		19,231
		scellaneous					28,672		-		28,672
	7	Total General I	Reven	iues			492,508		6,971		499,479
	TR	ANSFERS					 28,767		(28,767)		
	CH	IANGE IN NET	POS	ITION			(41,004)		(89,839)		(130,843)
	NE	T POSITION -	BEGI	NNING OF YEA	R - AS	RESTATED	 2,051,460		5,782,595		7,834,055
	NE	T POSITION -	END	OF YEAR			\$ 2,010,456	\$	5,692,756	\$	7,703,212

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds As of December 31, 2022

	General	ARPA	D	Fire epartment	TID #1	Total
ASSETS	 General	 ANFA		epartment	 110 #1	 TOTAL
Cash and Investments	\$ 854,914	\$ 43,988	\$	184,393	\$ 5,948	\$ 1,089,243
Receivables:						
Taxes	134,978	-		-	-	134,978
Accounts	=	-		26,724	-	26,724
Advance to Other Fund	 30,000	 			 	 30,000
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,019,892	\$ 43,988	\$	211,117	\$ 5,948	\$ 1,280,945
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$ 4,955	\$ -	\$	513	\$ -	\$ 5,468
Advance From Other Fund	-	-		-	30,000	30,000
Accrued Liabilities	21,661	-		1,605	-	23,266
Unearned Grant Revenues	 	 43,482			 	43,482
Total Liabilities	 26,616	 43,482		2,118	 30,000	 102,216
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Taxes Levied for Subsequent Year	287,685	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		287,685
Fund Balances (Deficit): Nonspendable:						
Advance Due from Other Fund	30,000	-		_	-	30,000
Restricted:						
ARPA	-	506		-	-	506
Committed:						
Fire Suppression	-	-		208,999	-	208,999
Assigned:	50.750					50.750
Equipment Fund	52,759	-		-	-	52,759
Ditch Maintenance Building Fund	12,511 31,554	-		-	-	12,511 31,554
Sidewalks/Curb & Gutter	3,000	-		-	=	3,000
Police Equipment Fund	22,419	_		_	_	22,419
Rosera Business	1,781	_		_	_	1,781
Street Maintenance	109,898	_		_	_	109,898
Delinquent Personal Property	5,761	_		_	_	5.761
Promotions	13,482	_		_	_	13,482
National Night Out	6,592	_		=	=	6,592
Unassigned (Deficit)	415,834	-		-	(24,052)	391,782
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	705,591	506		208,999	(24,052)	891,044
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)	\$ 1,019,892	\$ 43,988	\$	211,117	\$ 5,948	\$ 1,280,945

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position As of December 31, 2022

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$	891,044
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different from the amount reported above as total governmental funds fund balance because:			
Capital assets used in government activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund statements. Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position: Governmental Capital Assets Governmental Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 3,520,550 (1,599,651)	1	1,920,899
The Village's proportionate share of the Wisconsin Retirement System pension plan is not an available financial resource; therefore, it is not reported in the fund financial statements. Net Pension Asset Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension	(1,000,001)		72,785 143,727 (171,355)
The Village's proportionate share of the OPEB is not an available financial resource; therefore, it is not reported in the fund financial statements Post-Employment Benefits Liability Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Other Post-Employment Benefits Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Other Post-Employment Benefits			(41,604) 19,440 (5,289)
Noncurrent obligations, including bonds and notes payable, are not due in the current period and therefore not reported in the fund statements. Items reported in the statement of net position that are not reported in the funds balance sheet: General Debt Lease Obligations Accrued Interest on General Obligation Debt Vested Employee Benefits	(654,638) (93,489) (23,852) (47,212)		(819,191)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ 2	2,010,456

VILLAGE OF LENA
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balances (Deficit) Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		General		ARPA	De	Fire epartment		TID #1		Total
REVENUES	•	000 040	•		•		•	40.057	•	044.070
Taxes	\$	228,616	\$	40.005	\$	75.540	\$	13,057	\$	241,673
Intergovernmental		215,866		12,935		75,549		-		304,350
Licenses and Permits Fines and Forfeits		4,390		-		-		-		4,390 33,527
		33,527		-		10,083		-		,
Public Charges for Services Miscellaneous		23,481		- -		,		70		33,564
Total Revenues		39,276 545,156	_	500 13,435		38,798 124,430		78 13,135		78,652 696,156
rotar Revenues		545, 156	_	13,435		124,430		13,135		090, 150
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General Government		191,146		-		_		10,150		201,296
Public Safety		127,389		-		138,073		· -		265,462
Public Works		140,901		-		-		-		140,901
Culture and Recreation		29,025		12,935		-		-		41,960
Conservation and Development		7,650		-		-		-		7,650
Capital Outlay		477,641		-		215,939		-		693,580
Debt Service:										
Principal Retirement		28,008		-		-		-		28,008
Interest and Fiscal Charges		8,335		-		-		-		8,335
Total Expenditures		1,010,095		12,935		354,012		10,150		1,387,192
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER										
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(464,939)		500		(229,582)		2,985	_	(691,036)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES										
Proceeds from Long-Term Debt		550,000		_		_		_		550,000
Transfers In		28,767		_		_		_		28,767
Total Other Financing Sources		578,767		-		-		-		578,767
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)		113,828		500		(229,582)		2,985		(112,269)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - BEGINNING - AS RESTATED		591,763		6		438,581		(27,037)		1,003,313
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - ENDING	\$	705,591	\$	506	\$	208,999	\$	(24,052)	\$	891,044

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficit) of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances (Deficit) - Total Governmental Funds		\$ (112,269)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
The acquisition of capital assets are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense. Capital outlay reported in governmental fund statements Depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities Amount by which depreciation is less than capital outlay in the current period.	\$ 687,630 (90,104)	597,526
Amounts related to the pension plan that affect the statement of activities but do not affect the fund financial statements.		19,868
Amounts related to the other post-employment benefit plan that affect the statement of activities but do not affect the fund financial statements.		(7,276)
Vested employee benefits are reported in the government funds when amounts are paid. The statement of activities reports the value of benefits earned during the year. Compensated absences paid in current year Compensated absences benefits earned in current year Amounts paid are more than amounts earned by	49,857 (47,212)	2,645
Debt incurred in the governmental funds is reported as an other financing source in the fund financial statements, but is reported as an increase in outstanding long-term debt in the statement of net position, and does not affect the statement of activities.		(550,000)
Repayment of principal on long-term debt is reported in the governmental funds as an expenditure, but is reported as a reduction in long-term debt in the statement of net position and does not affect the statement of activities. The amount of long-term debt principal payments in the current year is: Bonds and notes payable Lease obligation	14,357 13,651	28,008
In governmental funds interest payments on outstanding debt are reported as an expenditure when paid. In the statement of activities interest is reported as incurred.		
The amount of interest paid during the current period The amount of interest accrued during the current period Interest paid is less than interest accrued by	8,335 11,171	(19,506)
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ (41,004)

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds As of December 31, 2022

	Water Utility	Sewer Utility	Total
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash	\$ 339,948	\$ 231,681	\$ 571,629
Receivables:	F7 602	76 202	122.004
Customer Accounts Receivable	57,602	76,392	133,994
Current Portion of Long-Term Receivable	29,859 752	5,406	29,859 6,158
Special Assessments Inventories	6,447	175	6,622
Total Current Assets	434,608	313,654	748,262
			110,202
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	447.407	440.000	000 000
Restricted Cash	117,487	113,339	230,826
Capital Assets	464	200	760
Land	464	299 16,096	763
Construction in Progress	45,129	,	61,225
Plant in Service Accumulated Depreciation	4,900,732	4,059,568	8,960,300
Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(1,505,338)</u> 3,440,987	(1,744,259) 2,331,704	(3,249,597) 5,772,691
Long-Term Receivable	1,985,835	2,331,704	1,985,835
Advance to Other Fund	1,903,039	554,074	554,074
Net Pension Asset	25,410	24,274	49,684
Total Non-Current Assets	5,569,719	3,023,391	8,593,110
TOTAL ASSETS	6,004,327	3,337,045	9,341,372
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension	50,176	47,933	98,109
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Other			
Post-Employment Benefits	6,787	6,484	13,271
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	56,963_	54,417	111,380
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	1,786	1,354	3,140
Accrued Payroll Expense	2,691	2,913	5,604
Accrued Interest	13,149	8,730	21,879
Short Term Debt	569,441	496,845	1,066,286
Current Portion of Long-Term Obligations	135,263	30,584	165,847
Current Portion of Compensated Absences	5,002	6,659	11,661
Total Current Liabilities	727,332	547,085	1,274,417
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Other Post-Employment Benefits	14,524	13,875	28,399
Advance from Other Fund	554,074	-	554,074
Noncurrent Portion of Long-Term Obligations	1,671,264	99,606	1,770,870
Noncurrent Portion of Compensated Absences	5,002	6,659	11,661
Total Non-Current Liabilities	2,244,864	120,140	2,365,004
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,972,196	667,225	3,639,421
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension	59,821	57,147	116,968
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Other	55,521	07,117	110,000
Post-Employment Benefits	1,846	1,761	3,607
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	61,667	58,908	120,575
NET POSITION			
NET POSITION Not Investment in Capital Assets	1 065 010	1 704 660	2 760 688
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	1,065,019	1,704,669	2,769,688
Equipment Replacement		103,555	103,555
Debt Service	- 117,487	9,784	127,271
Pension Benefits	15,765	15,060	30,825
Unrestricted	1,829,156	832,261	2,661,417
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 3,027,427	\$ 2,665,329	\$ 5,692,756
. C Charles	Ψ 0,021, 1 21	+ 2,000,020	5,502,100

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	 Water Utility	Sewer Utility	 Total
OPERATING REVENUES	\$ 326,519	\$ 262,814	\$ 589,333
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Operation and Maintenance	143,232	82,909	226,141
Administration and General	55,979	73,008	128,987
Depreciation	 151,605	 93,150	244,755
Total Operating Expenses	350,816	249,067	599,883
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	 (24,297)	13,747	 (10,550)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Investment Income	3,558	3,413	6,971
Interest Expense	 (46,082)	 (11,411)	(57,493)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	 (42,524)	(7,998)	(50,522)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFER	(66,821)	5,749	(61,072)
TRANSFER OUT	 (28,467)	 (300)	 (28,767)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(95,288)	5,449	(89,839)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	 3,122,715	2,659,880	 5,782,595
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 3,027,427	\$ 2,665,329	\$ 5,692,756

Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Water Utility		Sewer Utility		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	-	Cunty		Othicy		Total
Cash Received from Customers	\$	327,596	\$	220,510	\$	548,106
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services		(112,704)		(94,540)		(207,244)
Cash Paid to Employees for Services		(93,015)		(70,616)		(163,631)
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities		121,877		55,354		177,231
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Tax Equivalent Paid to Municipality		(28,467)		(300)		(28,767)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Investment Income Received		3,558		3,413		6,971
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Acquisition of Capital Assets		(594,209)		(487,965)		(1,082,174)
Proceeds from Short-Term Borrowing		569,441		496,845		1,066,286
Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt		(132,708)		(29,505)		(162,213)
Interest Paid		(36,053)		(5,262)		(41,315)
Payments Received on Long-Term Receivable		147,753		- (05.007)		147,753
Net Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities		(45,776)		(25,887)		(71,663)
NET INCREASE IN CASH		51,192		32,580		83,772
CASH - BEGINNING		406,243		312,440		718,683
CASH - ENDING	\$	457,435	\$	345,020	\$	802,455
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	_		_		_	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(24,297)	\$	13,747	\$	(10,550)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net						
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Non-Cash Items:						
Depreciation		151,605		93,150		244,755
Depreciation Depreciation Charged to Sewer		1,825		(1,825)		244,755
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:		1,023		(1,023)		_
Accounts Receivable		(748)		(42,304)		(43,052)
Inventories		702		(5)		697
Net Pension Asset		(6,291)		(5,980)		(12,271)
Deferred Outflows Related to Pension		(18,429)		(17,556)		(35,985)
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB		41		51		92
Net Other Post-Employment Benefits		2,459		2,330		4,789
Accounts Payable		(1,468)		(1,303)		(2,771)
Accrued Liabilities		(1,372)		(1,933)		(3,305)
Deferred Inflows Related to Pension		17,913		17,047		34,960
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB		(63)		(65)	_	(128)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	121,877	\$	55,354	\$	177,231
RECONCILIATION OF CASH PER STATEMENT OF NET POSITION TO STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds:						
Cash	\$	339,948	\$	231,681	\$	571,629
Restricted Cash	*	117,487	_	113,339	_	230,826
CASH PER STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	\$	457,435	\$	345,020	\$	802,455
	<u> </u>	, 100	<u> </u>	3.3,020	<u>*</u>	332,100

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds As of December 31, 2022

		Overtedial Founda	
	Tax Collection	Custodial Funds Library	Total
ASSETS			
Cash	\$ -	\$ 147,862	\$ 147,862
Taxes Receivable	182,113	-	182,113
Restricted Cash	229,715	-	229,715
Net Pension Asset - Wisconsin Retirement System	-	16,458	16,458
Capital Assets	-	238,075	238,075
Accumulated Depreciation	<u> </u>	(108,171)	(108,171)
Total Assets	411,828	294,224	706,052
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension	-	32,500	32,500
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Other			
Post-Employment Benefits		4,395	4,395
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u> </u>	36,895	36,895
LIABILITIES			
Due to Other Taxing Entities	411,828	-	411,828
Accrued Liabilities	-	688	688
Other Post-Employment Benefits	<u> </u>	9,408	9,408
Total Liabilities	411,828	10,096	421,924
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension	-	38,747	38,747
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Other			
Post-Employment Benefits		1,196	1,196
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u> </u>	39,943	39,943
NET POSITION			
Investment in Capital Assets	-	129,904	129,904
Restricted for Pension Benefits	-	10,211	10,211
Unrestricted		140,965	140,965
Total Net Position	\$ -	\$ 281,080	\$ 281,080

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Custodial Funds					
	Tax Collection Fund	Library	Total			
REVENUES						
Taxes Collected on Behalf of Other Taxing Entities	\$ 597,480	\$ -	\$ 597,480			
Intergovernmental	-	124,632	124,632			
Public Charges for Services	-	918	918			
Miscellaneous		4,700	4,700			
Total Revenues	597,480	130,250	727,730			
EXPENDITURES						
Taxes Remitted to Other Taxing Entities	597,480	-	597,480			
Culture and Recreation		93,220	93,220			
Total Expenditures	597,480	93,220	690,700			
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	-	37,030	37,030			
NONOPERATING REVENUE Interest Income		1,494	1,494			
NET CHANGE IN NET POSITION	-	38,524	38,524			
NET POSITION - BEGINNING		242,556	242,556			
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ -	\$ 281,080	\$ 281,080			

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

This summary of significant accounting policies of the Village of Lena, Wisconsin (Village) is presented to assist in understanding the Village's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are representations of Village's management who is responsible for the integrity and objectivity of the financial statements. These accounting policies conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standards setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Reporting Entity

This report includes all of the funds of the Village. The reporting entity for the Village consists of the primary government. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable or other organizations whose nature and significant relationship with the Village are such that exclusion would cause the Village's financial statements to be misleading. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and (i) either the Village's ability to impose its will on the organization or (ii) there is potential for the organization to provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the Village. The Village has not identified any component units that are required to be included in the financial statements.

The Village is the fiscal agent for the Lena Public Library. The library is jointly owned by the Town of Lena and the Village. The Village reports the activity of the Lena Public Library as a fiduciary fund in the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Village. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) operating and capital grants and contributions. Taxes and other items not properly included as program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer utility enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements - Continued

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into individual funds each of which are considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

Funds are organized as major funds or non-major funds within the governmental and proprietary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Village or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets plus deferred outflows of resources, liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or proprietary fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type and
- b. The same element that met the 10 percent criterion in (a) is at least 5 percent of the corresponding element total for all governmental and proprietary funds combined.
- c. In addition, any other governmental fund that the Village believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are identified as either general, capital projects, or special revenue based upon the following quidelines.

General Fund

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the Village and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Tax Incremental District Fund

This is a capital projects fund, used to account for receipts of district "incremental" property taxes and other revenues and the corresponding program expenditures.

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds may be used to account for activities where a fee is charged to external users for goods and services. Enterprise activities must include operations (a) that are financed with debt that is secured solely by the pledge of the net revenues of the fund, (b) where laws or regulations require that the costs of the activity be recovered with fees and charges, or (c) where the fees and charges are priced in a way designed to recover the costs of the activity.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds

GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* includes criteria to determine if the government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. An activity meeting the criteria of a fiduciary fund should present a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. Four types of fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable, include pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and custodial funds. The Village classifies the Tax Collection Fund and Library Fund as custodial funds.

Custodial Funds

Custodial funds are used to account for assets held by the Village as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and/or other governmental units.

Major Funds

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund, which accounts for the Village's primary operating activities.

The *fire department fund*, which accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for the operation of the fire department.

The *Tax Incremental District*, which accounts for receipts of district "incremental" property taxes and other revenues and the corresponding program expenditures.

The American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) special revenue fund, which accounts for the Village's activities related to the American Rescue Plan Act.

The Village reports the following major proprietary funds:

The water utility, which operates the water distribution system.

The *sewer utility*, which operates the sewage treatment plant, sewage pumping stations and collection systems.

Fiduciary Funds

The Village reports the following fiduciary funds:

The *tax collection fund*, which accounts for taxes and deposits collected by the Village, acting in the capacity of a custodian, for distribution to other governmental units or designated beneficiaries.

The *library fund*, which accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for the operation of the library.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources) or economic resources (all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Village considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Cash and Investments

Cash deposits consist of demand and time deposits with financial institutions and are carried at cost. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all cash deposits and highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition are considered to be cash equivalents.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are recorded at gross amounts with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that the amount of such allowance would not be material to the financial statements.

Inventories

Proprietary fund inventories are generally used for construction and for operation and maintenance work and are not for resale. They are valued at cost based on weighted average, and charged to construction or operations and maintenance expense when used. Governmental fund inventory items are charged to expenditure accounts when purchased.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and the library column of the fiduciary fund financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Village as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$1,000 or higher and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. General infrastructure assets acquired or constructed prior to January 1, 2004 are not reported in the financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment of the Village and Library are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

		Years	
Assets	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Fiduciary Activities
Right-to-Use Assets Buildings, Improvements, and Utility	10	-	-
Plant	20 - 50	25 - 100	50
Machinery and Equipment	3 - 10	3 - 10	5 - 20
Infrastructure	30 - 50	-	-

Leases

The Village adopted GASB Statement No. 87 for the year ended December 31, 2022, which requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating lease and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. This statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. There was no effect on the beginning net position as a result of adopting this statement.

Compensated Absences

Under terms of employment, employees are granted sick leave and vacations in varying amounts. Only benefits considered to be vested are disclosed in these statements.

Vacation leave is required to be used in the year earned, unless approved to be carried over. Carryovers of unused vacation leave are limited to a maximum of one week.

Long-Term Obligations

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether it is reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists of state trust fund loans, clean water loans, and a safe drinking water loan.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as an other financing source and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting in proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reflected as either loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables as appropriate, are subject to elimination upon consolidation and are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are reported as nonspendable in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not available financial resources.

Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefitting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The Village reports two categories of deferred outflows of resources related to the pension plan and cost-sharing OPEB plan on the statements of net position for the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary funds.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of net position and balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. The Village reports four categories of deferred inflows of resources related to taxes levied for subsequent year, the pension plan, cost-sharing OPEB plan and leases receivable on the government-wide statement of net position.

Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits

Pensions. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense (revenue), information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB). The fiduciary net position of the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense (revenue), and information about the fiduciary net position of the LRLIF and additions to/deductions from LRLIFs fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LRLIF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of member contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Claims and Judgments

Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities if all the conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements are met. Claims and judgments that would normally be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are recorded during the year as expenditures in the governmental fund types. If they are not to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources, no liability is recognized in the governmental fund statements. The related expenditure is recognized when the liability is liquidated. Claims and judgments are recorded in the government-wide and proprietary funds statements as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred. There were no significant claims or judgments at year end.

Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components.

- Net investment in capital assets Amount of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and capital
 related deferred outflows of resources less outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other
 borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and any
 capital related deferred inflows of resources.
- Restricted component of net position Consists of resources with constraints placed on their use either by
 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or,
 2) by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation reduced by liabilities related to those assets.
- Unrestricted component of net position Is the net amount that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund balance is classified as either 1) nonspendable, 2) restricted, 3) committed, 4) assigned, or 5) unassigned.

Nonspendable fund balance represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts), or amounts that must be maintained intact legally or contractually (such as the principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority. It would require action by the same group to remove or change the constraints placed on the resources. The action to constrain resources must occur prior to year-end; however, the amount can be determined in the subsequent period. The Village Board is the decision-making authority that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Equity Classifications (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Assigned fund balance in the general fund represents amounts constrained by the Village Board for a specific intended purpose. Intent can be expressed by the Village Board or by its designee. The Board designates the Finance Committee as authorized to assign fund balance to a specific purpose. Assigned fund balance in all other governmental funds represents any positive remaining amount after classifying nonspendable, restricted or committed fund balance.

Unassigned fund balance represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The general fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in the unassigned fund balance.

The Village, unless otherwise required by law or agreements, spends funds in the following order: restricted first, then committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned.

The Village has adopted a minimum fund balance policy. The policy establishes a minimum unassigned fund balance of not less than 30% (including 17% for cash flow purposes) of prior year's audited general fund expenditures (less capital and debt service costs) for cash flow purposes, for unanticipated non-reoccurring expenditures or to meet unanticipated revenue decreases or unexpected increases in service delivery costs. In the event the balance drops below the established minimum level, the Village will replenish the deficiency by reducing recurring expenditures to eliminate the deficiency, increase revenues or funding sources, or a combination of those options within the next fiscal year if possible. As it relates to the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, 30% of the annual operating budgeted expenditures of \$463,086 equals \$138,926, with unassigned fund balance exceeding that amount by \$276,908. This remaining amount can be used to balance the subsequent year's budget or plan for additional improvements and services that can be provided by the Village.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from these estimates, and such differences may be material.

Note 2 - Cash and Investments

The Village is authorized to invest its funds in accordance with Wisconsin Statutes. Allowable investments are as follows:

- Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank or trust company maturity in three years or less.
- Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town, or school
 district of the state. Also, bonds issued by a local exposition district, local professional baseball park
 district, local professional football stadium district, local cultural arts district or by the University of
 Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority.
- Bonds or securities guaranteed by the federal government.
- The Local Government Pooled Investment Fund and the Wisconsin Investment Trust.
- Any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency.
- Securities of an open end management investment company or investment trust, subject to various conditions and investment options.
- Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

Additional restrictions could arise from local charters, ordinances, resolutions and grant regulations of the Village.

At December 31, 2022, the Village's bank balance of cash was \$2,138,363. The Village maintains its cash accounts at various financial institutions. One of the Village's institutions offers a program whereby it places deposits in other institutions to obtain full FDIC coverage. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned. The Village has a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, which states that amounts exceeding the limitations guaranteed by the FDIC and the State Deposit Guarantee Fund shall be collateralized with securities held by the pledging of financial institution in the Village's name.

Deposits in each bank are insured by the FDIC up to \$250,000 for the combined amounts of all time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts) and up to \$250,000 for the combined amount of all interest and non-interest-bearing demand deposit accounts.

Any losses caused by failure of public depositories are also covered by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund. The fund provides coverage of \$400,000 in each financial institution above the applicable insurance coverage provided by the FDIC. However, although the fund had reserves available at December 31, 2022, the future availability of resources to cover the losses cannot be projected because provisions of the 1985 Wisconsin Act 25 provided that the amount in the fund will be used to repay public depositors for losses until the appropriation is exhausted, at which time the fund will be abolished; therefore, the State Deposit Guarantee Fund is not considered in covered amounts noted below.

The following represents a summary of deposits as of December 31, 2022:

Fully Insured Deposits

\$ 2,138,363

The difference between the bank balance and carrying value is due to outstanding checks and/or deposits in transit at December 31, 2022.

The Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchanges Commission and does not publish credit quality ratings. An investment in the LGIP is not a deposit with any bank and is neither insured nor guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the United States Government or any state governmental agency. Upon demand, cash can be withdrawn with interest from the Local Government Investment Pool. Investments in the Local Government Investment Pool are valued at amortized cost. The balance in the local government investment pool at December 31, 2022 was \$127,271.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

Note 3 - Restricted Assets

Restricted assets on December 31, 2022 consisted of cash totaling \$230,826 held for the following purposes related to governmental and business-type activities:

Sewer Utility Fund	
Equipment Replacement	103,555
Debt Service	9,784
Water Utility Fund	
Debt Service	117,487
Total Restricted Assets	\$ 230,826

Note 4 - Property Taxes

The Village bills and collects its own property taxes and also levies for the Lena School District, Oconto County, and Northeast Wisconsin Technical College.

Property taxes consist of taxes on real estate and personal property. They are levied during December and become an enforceable lien on property the following January 1. Property taxes are payable in various options depending on the type and amount. Personal property taxes are payable on or before January 31 in full. Real estate taxes are payable in full by January 31, or in two equal installments on or before January 31, and July 31. Real estate taxes not paid by July 31 are assumed by the County as part of the August tax settlement. Delinquent personal property taxes remain the collection responsibility of the Village.

As part of Wisconsin Act 32, in 2011 and all future years, a municipality is allowed to increase its levy over the amount it levied in the prior year by the percentage increase in equalized value from net new construction or zero percent. Changes in debt service from one year to the next are generally exempt from this limit.

Note 5 - Advances and Transfers

Advances between individual funds of the Village as of December 31, 2022 are detailed below:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount		Purpose
General Fund	TID #1	\$	30,000	Working Capital
Sewer Utility	Water Utility		554,074	Working Capital
		\$	584,074	

Advances to TID #1 will be repaid from future tax increments. There is not currently a repayment schedule for the advance from sewer utility to water utility.

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2022 as shown in the governmental activities and proprietary funds statements were as follows:

Transfer From	Transfer To	_ A	mount	Purpose
Sewer Utility	General Fund	\$	300	Tax Equivalent
Water Utility	General Fund		28,467	Tax Equivalent
			<u> </u>	
		\$	28,767	

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 6 - Long-Term Receivable

The Village has a long-term receivable in relation to the water treatment plant due from Saputo Cheese USA Inc. The total receivable is 72% of the full disbursement amount of the Safe Drinking Water Loan. The balance of the long-term receivable as of December 31, 2022 is \$2,015,694.

Note 7 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

	Balances 1/1/2022		In	creases	De	creases	Balances 12/31/2022		
Governmental Activities									
Capital Assets not being									
Depreciated:									
Land	\$	225,049	\$	-	\$	-	\$	225,049	
Construction in Progress				121,500		-		121,500	
Total Capital Assets not being									
Depreciated		225,049		121,500				346,549	
Other Capital Assets									
Right-to-Use Asset		150,680		-		-		150,680	
Buildings and Improvements		612,370		-		-		612,370	
Machinery and Equipment		1,557,512		192,777		125,000		1,625,289	
Infrastructure		412,309		373,353		-		785,662	
Total Capital Assets being									
Depreciated		2,732,871		566,130		125,000		3,174,001	
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:									
Right-to-Use Asset		(45,204)		(15,068)		-		(60,272)	
Buildings and Improvements		(407,421)		(11,841)		-		(419,262)	
Machinery and Equipment		(1,083,861)		(53,734)		(125,000)		(1,012,595)	
Infrastructure		(98,061)		(9,461)		-		(107,522)	
Total Accumulated	•								
Depreciation		(1,634,547)		(90,104)		(125,000)		(1,599,651)	
Total Capital Assets Being	•								
Depreciated, Net of									
Depreciation		1,098,324		476,026				1,574,350	
Governmental Activities Capital									
Assets, Net of Accumulated									
Depreciation	\$	1,323,373	\$	597,526	\$		\$	1,920,899	

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 7 - Capital Assets (Continued)

	Balances 1/1/2022		In	creases	Dec	reases	Balances 12/31/2022		
Business-Type Activities									
Capital Assets not Being									
Depreciated:									
Land	\$	763	\$	-	\$	-	\$	763	
Construction in Progress		-		61,225		-		61,225	
Total Capital Assets not being									
Depreciated		763		61,225				61,988	
Capital Assets being Depreciated									
Utility Plant		8,154,754		1,020,949		215,403		8,960,300	
Less: Accumulated									
Depreciation	(3,220,245)		(244,755)		(215,403)		(3,249,597)		
Total Capital Assets being		_							
Depreciated, Net of Depreciation		4,934,509		776,194				5,710,703	
Business-Type Activities Capital									
Assets, Net of Accumulated									
Depreciation	\$	4,935,272	\$	837,419	\$		\$	5,772,691	
	ĺ	Balances						Balances	
		1/1/2022	In	creases	Dec	reases	1	2/31/2022	
Custodial Activities									
Capital Assets being Depreciated			_						
Buildings and Improvements	\$	173,607	\$	-	\$	-	\$	173,607	
Equipment		64,468				-		64,468	
Total Capital Assets being									
Depreciated		238,075		-				238,075	
Less: Accumulated		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,_					
Depreciation		(101,134)		(7,037)				(108,171)	
Total Capital Assets being	_		_	/-			_		
Depreciated, Net of Depreciation	\$	136,941	\$	(7,037)	\$		\$	129,904	

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 7 - Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the Village as follows:

Governmental Activities:		
General Government	\$	18,098
Public Safety		34,166
Public Works		37,082
Culure and Recreation		758
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$	90,104
	•	
Business-Type Activities:		
Sewer Depreciation Charged to Accumulated Depreciation	\$	91,325
Plus: Share of Meter Depreciation		1,825
Sewer Depreciation Expense		93,150
Water Depreciation Charged to Accumulated Depreciation		153,430
Less: Share of Meter Depreciation		(1,825)
Water Depreciation Expense	•	151,605
Total Business-Type Activities Depreciation Expense	\$	244,755
Custodial Activities:	_	
Culture and Recreation	<u>\$</u>	7,037

Note 8 - Long-Term Debt Obligations

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations of the Village for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	Balances 1/1/22		lr	ncreases	Decreases		Balances 12/31/22		Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activites: General Obligation Debt	,									
State Trust Fund Loans	\$	118,995	\$	550,000	\$	14,357	\$	654,638	\$	38,616
Vested Compensated										
Absences		49,857		47,212		49,857		47,212		23,606
Lease Obligations		107,140		-		13,651		93,489		14,169
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term	•									
Liabilities	\$	275,992	\$	597,212	\$	77,865	\$	795,339	\$	76,391

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 8 – Long-Term Debt Obligations (Continued)

	Balances 1/1/22		In	creases	Decreases			Balances 12/31/22		Due Within One Year		
Business-Type Activities:												
General Obligation Debt												
State Trust Fund Loans	\$	59,553	\$	-	\$	13,818	\$	45,735	\$	14,509		
Clean Water Loans		100,141		-		15,687		84,454		16,075		
Safe Drinking Water Loan		1,939,236		-		132,708		1,806,528		135,263		
Total Business-Type												
Activities Debt		2,098,930		-		162,213		1,936,717		165,847		
Vested Compensated												
Absences		27,686		23,322		27,686		23,322		11,661		
Total Business-Type												
Activities Long-Term												
Liabilities	\$	2,126,616	\$	23,322	\$	189,899	\$	1,960,039	\$	177,508		

Total interest paid during the year on long-term debt totaled \$49,651.

	Date of	Final	Interest	(Original	Balances		
	Issuance	Maturity	Rates	Indebtedness		12/31/2022		
Governmental Activities	_							
Long-Term Obligations								
2012 State Trust Loan	05/01/12	03/15/32	4.00%	\$	110,000	\$	65,328	
2016 State Trust Loan	12/28/16	03/15/26	3.00%		81,836		39,310	
2020 State Trust Fund Loan	06/15/22	12/15/42	4.75%		550,000		550,000	
Total Governmental Activities Long-	\$ 654,638							
Business-Type Activities								
Long-Term Obligations								
2005 State Trust Fund Loan	10/24/05	03/15/25	5.00%	\$	79,878	\$	18,337	
2005 State Trust Fund Loan	12/13/05	03/15/25	5.00%		120,122		27,398	
2007 Clean Water Fund Loan	05/09/07	05/01/27	2.475%		283,857		84,454	
2014 Safe Drinking Water Loan	10/22/14	05/01/34	1.925%	2	2,678,650	1	,806,528	
Total Business-Type Activities Long-Term Obligations								

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 8 – Long-Term Debt Obligations (Continued)

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

		Governmen	tal Ac	tivities		Business-Type Activities				Total			
	F	Principal		nterest	F	Principal	Interest		Principal		I	Interest	
2023	\$	38,616	\$	22,688	\$	165,847	\$	37,652	\$	204,463	\$	60,340	
2024		32,939		28,366		169,570		33,899		202,509		62,265	
2025		34,369		26,936		173,397		30,041		207,766		56,977	
2026		35,783		25,522		160,524		26,087		196,307		51,609	
2027		26,681		24,048		163,710		22,870		190,391		46,918	
2028-2032		152,738		100,906		773,164		69,587		925,902		170,493	
2033-2037		147,488		65,878		330,505		6,393		477,993		72,271	
2038-2042		186,024		27,343		-		-		186,024		27,343	
	\$	654,638	\$	321,687	\$	1,936,717	\$	226,529	\$	2,591,355	\$	548,216	

Estimated payments of accumulated employee benefits and other commitments are not included in the above schedule.

The 2022 equalized valuation of the Village as certified by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue is \$38,142,600. The legal debt limit and margin of indebtedness as of December 31, 2022, in accordance with Wisconsin Statutes follows:

Debt Limit (5% of \$38,142,600)	\$ 1,907,130
Deduct Long-Term Debt Applicable to Debt Margin	700,373
Remaining Margin of Indebtedness Available	\$ 1,206,757

Utility Revenues Pledged

The Village has pledged future revenue derived from the sewerage system, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the Clean Water Fund Loan. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the construction or acquisition of capital assets used within the Utility. The loan is payable from sewerage system net revenues and is payable through 2027. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$89,783. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total sewerage system net revenues were \$18,080 and \$106,189, respectively.

The Village has pledged future revenue derived from the water system, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the Safe Drinking Water Loan. Proceeds from the bond provided financing for the construction or acquisition of capital assets used within the Utility. The loan is payable from water system net revenues and is payable through 2034. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$2,023,075. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total water system net revenues were \$171,236 and \$142,828, respectively.

The balance of the long-term receivable as of December 31, 2022 was \$2,015,694, which will be used for repayment of the loan.

The Village is in compliance with the Safe Drinking Water Loan debt coverage ratio for December 31, 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, **2022**

Note 8 - Long-Term Debt Obligations (Continued)

Lease Obligations

GASB Statement No. 87 requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. This statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The Village adopted this standard for the year-ended December 31, 2022. The cumulative effect of the change in accounting principle was to reclassify a right to use asset of \$150,680 and accumulated depreciation of \$45,204 that was previously recorded as machinery and equipment as of December 31, 2021. The right to use asset was depreciated on a straight-line basis over the expected life of ten years and has a book value of \$90,408 at December 31, 2022. The remaining lease obligation requirements are as follows:

Year Ending	 ernmental ctivities
2023	\$ 17,712
2024	17,712
2025	17,712
2026	17,712
2027	17,712
Thereafter	17,713
Subtotal	 106,273
Less: Amount representing interest	12,784
Present value of future minimum lease payments	\$ 93,489

The Village leases land to various tenants to be utilized as farmland, with a term of 3 years. The Village additionally leases land to a company who put up a cellular tower for the purpose of transmission and reception of communication signals. The cellular tower lease has a term of 5 years. For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Village recognized \$20,689 in lease principal and interest revenue related to these agreements. At December 31, 2022, the Village recorded \$56,830 in lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources for these arrangements.

Leases Receivable	eginning alances	Addi	tions	Re	ductions	Ending alances
Farmland Lease	\$ 18,574	\$	-	\$	6,137	\$ 12,437
Cell Tower Lease	57,935		-		13,542	44,393
Total Leases	 					
Receivable	\$ 76,509	\$		\$	19,679	\$ 56,830

Remaining amounts to be received associated with these leases at December 31, 2022 are as follows:

Y	ear Ending								
De	ecember 31,	Principal		Principa		_	In	terest	 Total
	2023	\$	20,318		\$	800	\$ 21,118		
	2024		21,037			496	21,533		
	2025		15,475	_		210	 15,685		
		\$	56,830	_	\$	1,506	\$ 58,336		

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 9 - Short-Term Obligations

The Village took out interim financing in order to fund capital projects occurring throughout the year-ended December 31, 2022. Short-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

	Ва	alances						Balances
		1/1/22	I	ncreases	Dec	reases		12/31/22
Peshtigo National Bank -				_				_
Interim Financing	\$		\$	1,066,286	\$	_	\$	1,066,286

The interim financing allowed the Village to borrow a maximum of \$1,300,000 with an effective interest rate of 2.45%.

Note 10 - Fund Equity

Government-Wide Statements

Net position reported on the government-wide statement of net position at December 31, 2022 includes the following:

	 vernmental Activities	siness-Type Activities		Total
Net Investment in Capital Assets			•	
Net Capital Assets	\$ 1,920,899	\$ 5,772,691	\$	7,693,590
Less: Related Short-Term Obligations Outstanding	-	1,066,286		1,066,286
Less: Related Long-Term Obligations Outstanding	748,127	1,936,717		2,684,844
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,172,772	2,769,688		3,942,460
Restricted for:				
Equipment Replacement	-	103,555		103,555
Sewer Utility Debt Service	-	9,784		9,784
Water Utility Debt Service	-	117,487		117,487
Pension Benefits	45,157	30,825		75,982
Total Restricted	45,157	261,651		306,808
Unrestricted	792,527	 2,661,417		3,453,944
Total Government-Wide Net Position	\$ 2,010,456	\$ 5,692,756	\$	7,703,212

Note 11 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information About the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government, and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 11 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Wisconsin Retirement System Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

Vesting. For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Benefits Provided. Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupations and 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement plan participants, if hired on or before December 31, 2016) are entitled to a retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their final average earnings, and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings periods. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at or after age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

Post-Retirement Adjustments. The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment	Variable Fund Adjustment
2012	(7.0)%	(7)%
2013	(9.6)	9
2014	4.7	25
2015	2.9	2
2016	0.5	(5)
2017	2.0	4
2018	2.4	17
2019	0.0	(10)
2020	1.7	21
2021	5.1	13

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

Note 11 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Contributions. Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for General category employees, including Teachers, Executives and Elected Officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the Executives and Elected Officials category was merged into the General Employee Category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$20,992 in contributions from the Village and \$2,822 in contributions from the fiduciary fund.

Contribution rates as of December 31, 2022 are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer
General	6.50%	6.50%
Protective with Social Security	6.50%	12.00%
Protective without Social Security	6.50%	16.48%

Pension Asset (Liability), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

At December 31, 2022, the Village reported an asset of \$122,469 and the fiduciary fund reported an asset of \$16,458 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset, respectively. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020 rolled forward to December 31, 2021. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The Village's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the Village's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2021, the Village's proportion was 0.00151936%, which was an increase of 0.00005559% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020. At December 31, 2021, the fiduciary fund's proportion was 0.00020425%, which was a decrease of 0.00004761% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 11 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Village recognized a reduction of pension expense of \$10,693 and the fiduciary fund recognized a reduction of pension expense of \$1,437.

At December 31, 2022, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Government-Wide				Fiduciary Fund			
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		in	eferred flows of esources	Deferred Outflows of Resources		inf	eferred flows of sources
Differences between expected and actual experiences	\$	197,841	\$	14,266	\$	26,587	\$	1,917
Changes in assumptions		22,848		-		3,070		-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		273,971		-		36,818
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share		155		86		21		12
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		20,992		_		2,822		_
Total	\$	241,836	\$	288,323	\$	32,500	\$	38,747

The \$20,992 and the \$2,822 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the WRS Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an adjustment of the net pension asset in the government-wide financial statements and fiduciary fund, respectively, in the year ending December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Gover	Government-Wide		ciary Fund
	Defer	Deferred Outflows		ed Outflows
Year Ending	(Ir	nflows) of	(Inflows) of	
December 31,	R	Resources		esources
2023	\$	(5,683)	\$	(764)
2024		(33, 194)		(4,462)
2025		(14,607)		(1,964)
2026		(13,995)		(1,879)
	\$	(67,479)	\$	(9,069)

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 11 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:

Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability (Asset):

December 31, 2020

December 31, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method:

Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method: Fair Value
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return: 6.8%

Discount Rate: 6.8%

Salary Increases:

Inflation 3.0% Seniority/Merit 0.1% - 5.6%

Mortality: 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

Post-retirement Adjustments* 1.7%

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. Based on this experience study, actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability changed from prior year, including the discount rate, long-term expected rate of return, post-retirement adjustment, price inflation, mortality and separation rates. The total pension liability for December 31, 2021 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation.

Long-term Expected Return on Plan Assets. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns¹ As of December 31, 2021

		Long-Term	Long-Term
		Expected	Expected
	Asset	Nominal Rate	Real Rate of
Core Fund Asset Class	Allocation %	of Return %	Return % ²
Global Equities	52%	6.8%	4.2%
Fixed Income	25	4.3	1.8
Inflation Sensitive Assets	19	2.7	0.2
Real Estate	7	5.6	3.0
Private Equity/Debt	12	9.7	7.0
Total Core Fund ³	115% *	6.6%	4.0%
Variable Fund Asset Class			
U.S. Equities	70%	6.3%	4.1%
International Equities	30	7.2	4.9
Total Variable Fund	100%	6.8%	4.6%

¹Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges; target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations.

^{*} No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.7% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

²New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.5%.

³The investment policy used for the Core Fund involves reducing equity exposure by leveraging lower-volatility assets, such as fixed income securities. This results in an asset allocation beyond 100%. Currently, an asset allocation target of 15% policy leverage is used, subject to an allowable range of up to 20%.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

Note 11 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Single Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 6.8% was used to measure the total pension liability, as opposed to a discount rate of 7.0% for the prior year. This single discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.80% and a municipal bond rate of 1.84% (Source: Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2021. In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the Municipal Curves are constructed using option-adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax exempt securities.). Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 6.8% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.7% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the Village's and fiduciary fund's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.80 percent, as well as what the Village's and fiduciary fund's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.80 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.80 percent) than the current rate:

		1% Decrease to Discount Rate (5.80%)		Current Discount Rate (6.80%)		1% Increase to Discount Rate (7.80%)	
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	86,896	\$	(122,469)	\$	(273, 163)	
Fiduciary Fund's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)		11,681		(16,458)		(36,721)	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Payables to the Pension Plan. The Village is required to remit the monthly required contribution for both the employee and Village portions by the last day of the following month. The amount due to WRS as of December 31, 2022 is \$3,266 for December payroll.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 12 - Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits - Cost-Sharing Plan

General Information About the Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan

Plan Description. The LRLIF is a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. LRLIF benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF) and the Group Insurance Board have statutory authority for program administration and oversight. The plan provides post-employment life insurance benefits for all eligible members.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Retiree Life Insurance Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

Benefits Provided. The LRLIF plan provides fully paid up life insurance benefits for post-age 64 retired members and pre-65 retirees who pay for their coverage.

Contributions. The Group Insurance Board approves contribution rates annually, based on recommendations from the insurance carrier. Recommended rates are based on an annual valuation, taking into consideration an estimate of the present value of future benefits and the present value of future contributions. A portion of employer contributions made during a member's working lifetime funds a post-retirement benefit.

Employers are required to pay the following contributions based on member contributions for active members to provide them with Basic Coverage after age 65. There are no employer contributions required for pre-age 65 annuitant coverage. If a member retires prior to age 65, they must continue paying the member premiums until age 65 in order to be eligible for the benefit after age 65.

Contribution rates as of December 31, 2022 are:

Coverage Type	Employee				
50% Post Retirement Coverage	40% of Member Contribution				
25% Post Retirement Coverage	20% of Member Contribution				

Member contributions are based upon nine age bands through age 69 and an additional eight age bands for those age 70 and over. Participating members must pay monthly contribution rates per \$1,000 of coverage until the age of 65 (age 70 if active). The member contribution rates in effect for the year ended December 31, 2021 are as listed below:

Life Insurance Member Contribution Rates * For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Basic/Supplemental
\$ 0.05
0.06
0.07
0.08
0.12
0.22
0.39
0.49
0.57

^{*} Disabled members under age 70 receive a waiver-of-premium benefit.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 12 - Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits - Cost-Sharing Plan (Continued)

During the reporting period, the Plan recognized \$229 in contributions from the Village, and \$31 in contributions from the fiduciary fund.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At December 31, 2022, the Village reported a liability of \$70,003 and the fiduciary fund reported a liability of \$9,408 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2021 rolled forward to December 31, 2021. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The Village's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the Village's share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2021, the Village's proportion was 0.01184383%, which was an increase of 0.00135971% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020. At December 31, 2021, the fiduciary fund's proportion was 0.00159217%, which was a decrease of 0.00021171% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Village recognized OPEB expense of \$10,898 and the fiduciary fund recognized OPEB expense of \$1,464.

At December 31, 2022, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	Government-Wide				Fiduciary Fund			
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		infl	ferred ows of sources	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experiences	\$	-	\$	3,561	\$	-	\$	479
Changes in assumptions		21,151		3,393		2,842		456
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		911		-		122		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate								
share		10,649		1,942		1,431		261
Total	\$	32,711	\$	8,896	\$	4,395	\$	1,196

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 12 - Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits - Cost-Sharing Plan (Continued)

The amounts reported as deferred outflows related to OPEB resulting from the WRS employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an adjustment of the net OPEB liability in the year ending December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

		Government-Wide Deferred Outflows		ciary Fund ed Outflows
Year Ending	(In	flows) of	(In	flows) of
December 31,	Re	Resources		sources
2023	\$	5,627	\$	756
2024		5,521		742
2025		4,499		605
2026		4,765		641
2027		2,818		379
2028		585		76
	\$	23,815	\$	3,199

Actuarial Assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date: January 1, 2021

Measurement Date of Net OPEB Liability: December 31, 2021

Experience Study: January 1, 2018 - December 31, 2020,

Published November 19, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal

20 Year Tax-Exempt Municipal Bond Yield: 2.06%

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return: 4.25%

Discount Rate: 2.17%

Salary Increases:

Wage Inflation 3.00% Seniority/Merit 0.1% - 5.6%

Mortality: 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. Based on this experience study, actuarial assumptions used to measure the total OPEB liability changed from the prior year, including the price inflation, mortality and separation rates. The total OPEB liability for December 31, 2021 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the January 1, 2021 actuarial valuation.

Long-term Expected Return on Plan Assets. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. Investments for the LRLIF are held with Securian, the insurance carrier. Interest is calculated and credited to the LRLIF based on the rate of return for a segment of the insurance carriers' general fund, specifically 10-year A- Bonds (as a proxy, and not tied to any specific investments). The overall aggregate interest rate is calculated using a tiered approach based on the year the funds were originally invested and the rate of return for that year. Investment interest is credited based on the aggregate rate of return and assets are not adjusted to fair market value. Furthermore, the insurance carrier guarantees the principal amounts of the reserves, including all interest previously credited thereto.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 12 - Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits - Cost-Sharing Plan (Continued)

State OPEB Life Insurance Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns As of December 31, 2021

	, ,	Target	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of
Asset Class	Index	Allocation	Return %
U.S. Intermediate Credit Bonds	Bloomberg U.S. Interm Credit	45%	1.68%
U.S. Long Credit Bonds	Bloomberg U.S. Long Credit	5	1.82
U.S. Mortgages	Blookberg U.S. MBS	50	1.94
Inflation			2.30
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return			4.25

The long-term expected rate of return remained unchanged from the prior year at 4.25%. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The expected inflation rate increased from 2.20% as of December 31, 2020 to 2.30% as of December 31, 2021.

Single Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 2.17% was used to measure the total OPEB liability for the current year, as opposed to a discount rate of 2.25% for the prior year. The significant change in the discount rate was primarily caused by the decrease in the municipal bond rate from 2.12% as of December 31, 2020 to 2.06% as of December 31, 2021. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total OPEB liability is equal to the single equivalent rate that results in the same actuarial present value as the long-term expected rate of return applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, and the municipal bond rate applied to benefit payment to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through December 31, 2036.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made according to the current employer contribution schedule and that contributions are made by plan members retiring prior to age 65.

Sensitivity of the Village's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the Village's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.17 percent, as well as what the Village's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.17 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.17 percent) than the current rate:

	- ,	Decrease 1.17%)	 ount Rate 2.17%)	1% Increase (3.17%)	
Village's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	94,967	\$ 70,003	\$	51,216
Fiduciary Funds' proportionate share of the net OPEB liability		12,766	9,408		6,885

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 13 – Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health claims; unemployment compensation claims; and environmental damage for which the Village purchases commercial insurance. There has been no reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year. Insurance settlements for claims resulting from the risks covered by commercial insurance have not exceeded the insurance coverage in the past three years.

Note 14 - Commitments and Contingencies

From time to time the Village is involved in legal actions and claims, most of which normally occur in governmental operations. In the opinion of Village management, these issues, and any other proceedings known to exist at December 31, 2022, are not likely to have a material adverse impact on the Village's financial position.

Funding for the operating budget of the Village comes from many sources, including property taxes, grants and aids from other units of government, user fees, fines and permits, and other miscellaneous revenues. The State of Wisconsin provides a variety of aid and grant programs which benefit the Village. Those aid and grant programs are dependent on continued approval and funding by the Wisconsin governor and legislature through their budget processes. Any changes made by the State to funding or eligibility of local aid programs could have a significant impact on the future operating results of the Village.

The Village has a water tower maintenance agreement for January 1, 2015 through January 1, 2028. The balance of the agreement is approximately \$211,000.

Note 15 - Major Customer

Saputo Cheese USA accounted for approximately \$217,000 of the water and sewer utility revenues during 2022.

Note 16 - Subsequent Events

Following year-end, on March 22, 2023, the Village issued both Water Revenue Bonds and Sewerage System Revenue Bonds for \$460,081 and \$423,298, respectively. The Village is scheduled to make annual principal payments beginning May 1, 2024, starting at \$11,411 for the Water Revenue Bonds and \$10,499 for the Sewerage System Revenue Bonds, with interest calculated on the unpaid principal balances at an interest rate of 2.255% per annum.

Note 17 - Restatement of Fund Balance and Net Position

As of December 31, 2021, tax revenues had been recorded in the TID #1 fund, but should not have been. As a result, the tax revenue account was restated for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. A summary of the details of the restatement is below.

	Govern	mental Activities
Net Position - As of December 31, 2021 Restatement of Taxes Recorded	\$	2,064,622 (13,162)
Fund Balance - As Restated December 31, 2021	\$	2,051,460
		TID #1
Fund Balance - As of December 31, 2021 Restatement for Taxes Recorded	\$	(13,875) (13,162)
Fund Balance - As Restated December 31, 2021	\$	(27,037)



Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)
Wisconsin Retirement System
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

WRS Fiscal Year End Date (Measurement Date)	Village's Proportion of the Net Pension Asset/Liability	Propo of the	Village's rtionate Share e Net Pension set)/Liability	_	e's Covered Payroll	Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset)/Liability as a percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
Village Proportion							
12/31/2021 12/31/2020 12/31/2019 12/31/2018 12/31/2017 12/31/2016 12/31/2015 12/31/2014	0.00151936% 0.00146378% 0.00143311% 0.00141601% 0.00139357% 0.00135777% 0.00131267% 0.00128485%	·	(122,469) (91,385) (44,429) 50,642 (41,376) 11,191 21,331 (31,559)	\$	221,270 207,190 205,958 197,980 186,300 185,487 181,801 167,098	55.35% 44.11% 21.57% 25.58% 22.21% 6.03% 11.73% 18.89%	106.02% 105.26% 102.96% 96.45% 102.93% 99.12% 98.20% 102.74%
Fiduciary Fund Pro	oportion_						
12/31/2021 12/31/2020 12/31/2019 12/31/2018 12/31/2017 12/31/2016 12/31/2015 12/31/2014	0.00020425% 0.00025185% 0.00027095% 0.00026771% 0.00026347% 0.00025670% 0.00024291%		(16,458) (15,724) (10,517) 9,259 (7,823) 2,116 4,033 (5,967)	\$	38,071 39,178 38,938 37,430 35,222 35,068 34,372 31,592	43.23% 40.13% 27.01% 24.74% 22.21% 6.03% 11.73% 18.89%	106.02% 105.26% 102.96% 96.45% 102.93% 99.12% 98.20% 102.74%
			Wisconsin Retii he Year Ended	rement	System		
Village Year End Date	Contractually Required Contributions	Re Co	ntributions in lation to the ontractually Required ontributions	D	entribution eficiency Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
Village Proportion							
12/31/2022 12/31/2021 12/31/2020 12/31/2019 12/31/2018 12/31/2017 12/31/2016 12/31/2015	\$ 20,992 17,303 15,573 15,167 14,912 14,183 13,300 13,348	\$	20,992 17,303 15,573 15,167 14,912 14,183 13,300 13,348	\$	- - - - -	\$ 280,347 221,270 207,190 205,958 197,980 186,300 185,487 181,801	7.49% 7.82% 7.52% 7.36% 7.53% 7.61% 7.17% 7.34%
Fiduciary Fund Pro	oportion_						
12/31/2022 12/31/2021 12/31/2020 12/31/2019 12/31/2018 12/31/2017 12/31/2016 12/31/2015	\$ 2,822 2,977 3,686 2,868 2,819 2,682 2,514 2,524	\$	2,822 2,977 3,686 2,868 2,819 2,682 2,514 2,524	\$	- - - - - -	\$ 37,687 38,071 39,178 38,938 37,430 35,222 35,068 34,372	7.49% 7.82% 9.41% 7.36% 7.53% 7.61% 7.17% 7.34%

Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Other Post-Employment Benefits - Cost-Sharing Plan

OPEB Fiscal Year End Date (Measurement Date)	Village's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	Pro Share	/illage's portionate e of the Net EB Liability	_	e's Covered Payroll	Village's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability
Village Proportion							
12/31/2021 12/31/2020 12/31/2019 12/31/2018 12/31/2017	0.01184383% 0.01048412% 0.00881442% 0.00925651% 0.01015067%	\$	70,003 57,670 36,522 24,299 30,539	\$	221,270 199,213 149,591 147,087 117,579	31.64% 28.95% 24.41% 16.52% 25.97%	29.57% 31.36% 37.58% 48.69% 44.81%
Fiduciary Fund Pro	portion_						
12/31/2021 12/31/2020 12/31/2019 12/31/2018 12/31/2017	0.00159217% 0.00180388% 0.00179258% 0.00188249% 0.00206434%	\$	9,408 9,923 8,645 4,443 6,211	\$	38,071 47,155 35,409 29,913 23,912	24.71% 21.04% 24.41% 14.85% 25.97%	29.57% 31.36% 37.58% 48.69% 44.81%

Schedule of Employer Contributions
Other Post-Employment Benefits - Cost-Sharing Plan

Village Year End Date Village Proportion	R	ntractually equired ntributions	Relat Cont Re	butions in ion to the ractually quired ributions	Def	ribution iciency ccess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/2022 12/31/2021 12/31/2020 12/31/2019 12/31/2018	\$	229 232 201 911 897	\$	229 232 201 911 897	\$	- - - -	\$ 142,803 221,270 199,213 149,591 147,087	0.16% 0.10% 0.10% 0.61% 0.61%
12/31/2022 12/31/2020 12/31/2020 12/31/2020 12/31/2019 12/31/2018	\$	31 40 47 183 183	\$	31 40 47 183 183	\$	- - - -	\$ 19,197 38,071 47,155 35,409 29,913	0.16% 0.10% 0.10% 0.52% 0.61%

^{*}Ten years of data will be accumulated beginning with 2018.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

REVENUES	Original and Final Budget Actual			Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Taxes	\$	267,443	\$	228,616	\$	(38,827)
	φ	207,443	φ	215,866	φ	6.057
Intergovernmental Licenses and Permits		3,925		4,390		465
Fines and Forfeits		24,100		33,527		9,427
Public Charges for Services		27,378		23,481		(3,897)
Miscellaneous		27,120		39,276		12,156
Total Revenues		559,775		545,156		(14,619)
Total Nevellues		559,775		343,130		(14,019)
EXPENDITURES						
General Government		120,254		191,146		(70,892)
Public Safety		142,775		127,389		15,386
Public Works		169,413		140,901		28,512
Culture and Recreation		25,500		29,025		(3,525)
Conservation and Development		14,500		7,650		6,850
Capital Outlay		38,250		477,641		(439,391)
Debt Service		49,083		36,343		12,740
Total Expenditures		559,775		1,010,095		(450,320)
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES		_		(464,939)		(464,939)
				(101,000)		(101,000)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Proceeds from Long-Term Debt		-		550,000		550,000
Transfers In				28,767		28,767
Total Other Financing Sources				578,767		578,767
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		113,828		113,828
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		591,763		591,763		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	591,763	\$	705,591	\$	113,828

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Fire Department Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	_	Original and Final Budget				Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental Revenues	;	\$	53,000	\$	75,549	\$	22,549
Charges for Service			10,500		10,083		(417)
Investment Income			4,500		3,335		(1,165)
Miscellaneous	_		55,848		35,463		(20,385)
Total Revenues	_		123,848		124,430		582
EXPENDITURES							
Public Safety:							
Employee Benefits			5,900		5,333		567
Man Hours Expense			9,500		11,778		(2,278)
Clothing Allowance			6,500		-		6,500
Training Expense			5,000		6,755		(1,755)
Utilities			6,150		13,108		(6,958)
Insurance			6,500		5,151		1,349
Vehicle and Equipment Repairs			25,500		34,624		(9,124)
Fuel Expense			2,000		3,046		(1,046)
Miscellaneous			56,798		58,278		(1,480)
Capital Outlay			· <u>-</u>		215,939		(215,939)
Total Expenditures	_		123,848		354,012		(230,164)
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES			-		(229,582)		(229,582)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	_		438,581		438,581		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>:</u>	\$	438,581	\$	208,999	\$	(229,582)

Notes to Required Supplementary Information December 31, 2022

Budgetary Process

The Village follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data:

- During October, Village management submits to the Village Board a proposed operating budget for the
 calendar year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures
 and the means of financing them. After submission to the governing body, public hearings are held to obtain
 taxpayer comments. Following the public hearings, the proposed budget, including authorized additions
 and deletions, is legally enacted by Village Board action.
- Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the general and the fire department special revenue fund. Budget is defined as the originally approved budget plus or minus approved amendments. There were no amendments during the year. Budget appropriations not expended during the year are closed to fund balance unless authorized by the governing body to be forwarded into the succeeding year's budget.
- During the year, formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for the general fund and special revenue funds.
- Expenditures may not exceed appropriations provided in detailed budget accounts maintained for each
 activity or department of the Village. Amendments to the budget during the year require initial approval by
 management and are subsequently authorized by the Village Board.

The Village created a special revenue fund in 2022 for state grants that must be used for specific expenditures. The Village did not include the special revenue fund in the budgetary process and therefore no budget was prepared or will be presented for the major special revenue fund in the December 31, 2022 financial statements.

Excess of Actual Expenditures Over Budget in Individual Funds

The following functions had an excess of actual expenditures over budget for the year ended December 31, 2022:

General Fund General Government Culture and Recreation Capital Outlay	\$ 70,892 3,525 439,391
Fire Department Fund	
Public Safety:	
Man Hours Expense	\$ 2,278
Training Expense	1,755
Utilities	6,958
Vehicle and Equipment Repairs	9,124
Fuel Expense	1,046
Miscellaneous	1,480
Capital Outlay	215,939

Notes to Required Supplementary Information December 31, 2022

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in WRS.

Changes of assumptions. Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2021 covering January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2020, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-end December 31, 2021, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 1.9% to 1.7%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table.

Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits - Cost-Sharing Plan

Changes of benefit terms. There were no recent changes in benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions. In addition to the rate changes detailed in the tables above, the State of Wisconsin Employee Trust Fund Board adopted economic and demographic assumption changes based on a three year experience study performed for the Wisconsin Retirement System. These assumptions are used in the actuarial valuations of OPEB liabilities (assets) for the retiree life insurance programs and are summarized below.

The assumption changes that were used to measure the December 31, 2021 total OPEB liabilities, including the following:

- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table.



Schedule of Operating Revenues and Expenses Water and Sewer Utility For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Water		Sewer			Total
OPERATING REVENUES						
Metered Sales:	Φ.	47.044	•	400.005	Φ.	044.470
Residential	\$	47,914 8,612	\$	166,265 34,313	\$	214,179 42,925
Commercial Industrial		187,305		32,065		219,370
Public Authorities		10,156		24,250		34,406
Total Metered Sales		253,987		256,893		510,880
Public Fire Protection		69,704		_		69,704
Total Sales of Water		323,691		256,893		580,584
Other Operating Revenues:						
Customer Forfeited Discounts		722		413		1,135
Miscellaneous Operating Revenue		2,106		5,508		7,614
Total Operating Revenue		326,519		262,814		589,333
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Operation and Maintenance:						
Operation Labor		65,284		43,790		109,074
Power Purchased for Pumping		35,442		25,615		61,057
Chemicals		21,168		-		21,168
Maintenance and Repairs		13,512 6,410		2,628 4,540		16,140 10,950
Operating Supplies Operating Transportation Expenses		1,416		6,336		7,752
Total Operation and Maintenance		143,232		82,909		226,141
Administrative and General:		· · ·		<u> </u>		· · ·
Salaries		21,989		20,720		42,709
Office Supplies		5,462		1,805		7,267
Outside Services Employed		5,738		9,365		15,103
Utilities		16,033		4,457		8,940
Property Insurance		4,483		2,742		5,016
Miscellaneous		2,274		33,919		89,898
Total Administrative and General Expenses		55,979		73,008		168,933
Other Operating Expenses:						
Depreciation		151,605		93,150		244,755
Total Operating Expenses		350,816		249,067		599,883
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(24,297)		13,747		(10,550)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Interest Income		3,558		3,413		6,971
Interest Expense		(46,082)		(11,411)		(57,493)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		(42,524)		(7,998)		(50,522)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS		(66,821)		5,749		(61,072)
TRANSFERS OUT		(28,467)		(300)		(28,767)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	(95,288)	\$	5,449	\$	(89,839)

