VILLAGE OF LENA

Annual Financial Report

December 31, 2015

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#### Independent Auditors' Report

Village Board Village of Lena Lena, Wisconsin

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Lena (Village) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



To the Village Board Village of Lena

#### Changes in Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1, the Village adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and No. 71 Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68 as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015. Our opinion is not modified with respected to these matters.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Lena as of December 31, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on pages 37 through 41 and the schedules of proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) and employer contributions – Wisconsin Retirement Plan on page 36 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Lena's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as identified in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

# To the Village Board Village of Lena

The supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management. The schedules of operating revenues and expenses and detailed budgetary comparison, except the budget information, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information, except the budgetary information, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedules of operating revenues and expenses and detailed budgetary comparison, except the budget information, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The budgetary information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 11, 2016, on our consideration of the Village of Lena's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village of Lena's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KerberRose SC Certified Public Accountants

May 11, 2016

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# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Statement of Net Position As of December 31, 2015

		vernmental Activities		lusiness - Type Activities	Total	
ASSETS		<u></u>				
Current Assets						
Cash	\$	532,074	\$	172,999	\$	705,073
Receivables:						
Taxes		133,459		•		133,459
Customer Accounts Receivable		67		106,473		106,540
Grants Receivable		•		7,351		7,351
Delinquent Personal Property Taxes		2,337		•		2,337
Current Portion of Long-Term Receivable		-		159,470		159,470
Special Assessments		2,596		8,110		10,706
Internal Balances		94,796		(94,796)		-
Prepaid Expenses		5,314		1,674		6,988
Inventories		-		8,648		8,648
Restricted Cash		66,373		339,454		405,827
Certificate of Deposit		<u> </u>		9,981		9,981
Total Current Assets		837,016		719,364		1,556,380
Noncurrent Assets						
Net Pension Asset		24,429		13,096		37,525
Long-Term Receivable		-		2,916,519		2,916,519
Capital Assets:		005.040		27 277		000.000
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		225,849		37,377		263,226
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation		1,233,189		6,095,694		7,328,883
Total Noncurrent Assets		1,483,467		9,062,686		10,546,153
TOTAL ASSETS		2,320,483	_	9,782,050		12,102,533
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension		25,704		13,780		39,484
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts Payable		11,684		136,427		148,111
Accrued Liabilities		34,727		4,036		38,763
Accrued Interest Payable		6,343		12,955		19,298
Current Portion of Compensated Absences		9,426		12,909		22,335
Current Portion of Long-Term Obligations		52,173		152,883		205,056
Total Current Liabilities	•	114,353		319,210		433,563
Noncurrent Liabilities  Noncurrent Portion of Long-Term Obligations		199,228		2,820,710		3,019,938
TOTAL LIABILITIES		313,581				
		313,301		3,139,920		3,453,501
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES						
Taxes Levied for Subsequent Year		193,752		-		193,752
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension		167		89	_	256
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		193,919		89		194,008
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		1,217,063		3,159,478		4,376,541
Restricted for:						
Equipment Replacement		-		261,563		261,563
Sewer Utility Debt Service		-		8,288		8,288
Water Utility Debt Service		-		69,603		69,603
Pension Benefit		49,966		26,787		76,753
Unrestricted		571,658		3,130,102		3,701,760
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	1,838,687	\$	6,655,821	\$	8,494,508

#### **Statement of Activities**

# For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Program Revenues								
		Expenses		narges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions				
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS									
Governmental Activities:									
General Government	\$	105,990	\$	2,509	\$	-			
Public Safety		181,354		111,010		42,641			
Public Works		147,068		17,544		32,142			
Culture and Recreation		119,600		897		67,683			
Conservation and Development		6,287		•		-			
Interest and Fiscal Charges		9,228		-		-			
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>		569,527		131,960		142,466			
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES									
Water		252,271		283,949		-			
Sewer		216,609		161,533		-			
<b>Total Business-Type Activities</b>		468,880		445,482					
TOTAL	\$	1,038,407	\$	577,442	\$	142,466			

# **GENERAL REVENUES**

Taxes:

Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes
Intergovernmental Revenues not Restricted to
Specific Programs
Investment Income
Rental Income
Miscellaneous
Total General Revenues

# TRANSFERS

**CHANGE IN NET POSITION** 

NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR - AS RESTATED

**NET POSITION - END OF YEAR** 

# Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position

	Capital Grants	vernmental Activities	siness-Type Activities	 Total
\$	-	\$ (103,481)	\$ -	\$ (103,481)
	•	(27,703)	-	(27,703)
	-	(97,382)	-	(97,382)
	-	(51,020)	-	(51,020)
	-	(6,287)	•	(6,287)
		 (9,228)		(9,228)
		 (295,101)		 (295,101)
	-		 	
	3,351,844	-	3,383,522	3,383,522
	· · ·	•	(55,076)	(55,076)
	3,351,844	<u> </u>	3,328,446	 3,328,446
<u>\$</u>	3,351,844	 (295,101)	3,328,446	 3,033,345
		187,681	-	187,681
		168,531	-	168,531
		1,043	1,011	2,054
		16,609	-	16,609
		 11,668	 	 11,668
		 385,532	1,011	386,543
		28,467	 (28,467)	 -
		118,898	3,300,990	3,419,888
		1,719,789	 3,354,831	 5,074,620
		\$ 1,838,687	\$ 6,655,821	\$ 8,494,508

# **Balance Sheet** Governmental Funds As of December 31, 2015

		O-m1	~	Fire		l Ilanaur :		Tatal
ASSETS		General	De	partment		Library		Total
Cash	\$	260,039	\$	175,945	\$	96,090	\$	532,074
Receivables:	Ψ	200,009	Ψ	170,040	Ψ	30,030	Ψ	332,014
Taxes		133,459						133,459
Delinquent Personal Properly Taxes		2,337		_		_		2,337
Accounts		2,337 67		•		•		2,337 67
		2,596		•		•		-
Special Assessments		•		4 700		400		2,596
Prepaid Expenditures		3,142		1,769		403		5,314
Due from Other Funds		106,576		-		-		106,576
Restricted Cash	•	66,373	•	477 744		06.402		66,373
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	574,589	\$	177,714	<u>\$</u>	96,493	<u>\$</u>	848,796
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS,								
AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	8,963	\$	2,168	\$	553	\$	11,684
Due to Other Fund		•		4,503	-	7,277	·	11,78
Accrued Liabilities		19,665		13,755		1,307		34,72
Total Liabilities		28,628		20,426		9,137		58,19
0.4		<u> </u>		<del></del>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Taxes Levied for Subsequent Year		193,752		-		•		193,75
Unavailable Special Assessments		2,596		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		2,59
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		196,348		•		-		196,34
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable:								
Prepaid Expenditures		3,142		1,769		403		5,314
Delinquent Personal Property Tax		2,337		-		•		2,33
Committed:								•
Fire Suppression		•		155,519		-		155,519
Library Operations		-		•		86,953		86,95
Assigned:						•		
Equipment Fund		35,468		-		_		35,468
Ditch Maintenance		9,749		_		•		9,74
Building Fund		19,258		-		_		19,25
Police Equipment Fund		12,240		•		_		12,240
Street Maintenance		13,036		_				13,03
Kickball Event		1,183		•		-		1,18
Promotions		301		_		_		30
Village Rummage Sales		55		_		•		5
Unassigned		252,844				_		252,84
Total Fund Balances		349,613		157,288		87,356		594,25
		2.5,5.5		121,200	-	2.,000		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLO			_		_		_	<b></b> =
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	:S \$	574,589	\$	177,714	\$	96,493	\$	848,79

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position As of December 31, 2015

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 594,257
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different from the amount reported above as total governmental funds fund balance because:		
Capital assets used in government activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund statements. Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position:  Governmental Capital Asset Governmental Accumulated Depreciation	3,439,975 (1,980,937)	1,459,038
Other long-term assets are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows of resources in the funds. Amounts previously recognized for governmental activities in the statement of net position:  Special Assessments		2,596
The Village's proportionate share of the Wisconsin Retirement System pension plan is not an available financial resource; therefore, it is not reported in the fund financial statements.		
Net Pension Asset Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources		24,429 25,704 (167)
Noncurrent obligations, including bonds and notes payable, are not due in the current period and therefore not reported in the fund statements. Items reported in the statement of net position that are not reported in the funds balance sheet:  General Debt Accrued Interest on General Obligation Debt Vested Employee Benefits	(241,975) (6,343) (18,852)	(267,170)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ 1,838,687

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

			Fire			
	 General	De	partment	 Library	Total	
REVENUES	 					
Taxes	\$ 165,181	\$	-	\$ 22,500	\$	187,681
Special Assessments	1,488		-	-		1,488
Intergovernmental	201,153		87,543	42,287		330,983
Licenses and Permits	3,367		-	-		3,367
Fines and Forfeits	21,716		-	-		21,716
Public Charges for Services	17,664		3,894	2,675		24,233
Miscellaneous	 27,399		34,033	 7,855		69,287
Total Revenues	 437,968		125,470	75,317		638,755
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General Government	129,358		-	-		129,358
Public Safety	100,224		62,853	-		163,077
Public Works	115,165		-	-		115,165
Culture and Recreation	1,543		-	89,503		91,046
Conservation and Development	6,287		-	-		6,287
Capital Outlay	85,480		-	-		85,480
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement	13,822		36,745	-		50,567
Interest and Fiscal Charges	6,972		3,255	-		10,227
Total Expenditures	458,851		102,853	 89,503		651,207
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 (20,883)		22,617	 (14,186)		(12,452)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCE						
Transfer In	 28,467			 <u>-</u>		28,467
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	7,584		22,617	(14,186)		16,015
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	 342,029		134,671	 101,542		578,242
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 349,613	\$	157,288	\$ 87,356	\$	594,257

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	16,015
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
The acquisition of capital assets are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense.  Capital outlay reported in governmental fund statements  119,48  Depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities  (65,78)		
Amount by which depreciation is less than capital outlay in the current period.	<u>57</u>	53,706
Amounts related to the pension plan that affect the statement of activities but do not affect the fund financial statements.		2,528
Vested employee benefits are reported in the government funds when amounts are paid. The statement of activities reports the value of benefits earned during the year.  Compensated absences paid in current year  Compensated absences benefits earned in current year  Amounts paid are less than amounts earned by		(3,624)
Repayment of principal on long-term debt is reported in the governmental funds as an expenditure, but is reported as a reduction in long-term debt in the statement of net position and does not affect the statement of activities. The amount of long-term debt principal payments in the current year.		50,567
Revenues in the statement of activities previously recognized revenues but these provide current financial resources in the governmental funds.  Special Assessments		(1,293)
In governmental funds interest payments on outstanding debt are reported as an expenditure when paid. In the statement of activities interest is reported as incurred.		
The amount of interest paid during the current period 10,22  The amount of interest accrued during the current period (9,22)  Interest paid is more than interest accrued by		999
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities		118,898

# **Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds** As of December 31, 2015

	Wat			Sewer		
	vvat Utili			Sewer Utility		Total
CURRENT ASSETS		.,		Othicy		
Cash	\$ 17	72,999	\$	-	\$	172,999
Receivables:	•	_,_,	•		•	172,000
Customer Accounts Receivable	-	79,638		26,835		106,473
Grants Receivable	•	7,351		20,000		7,351
Current Portion of Long-Term Receivable	1!	59,470		_		159,470
Special Assessments	.,	3,982		4,128		8,110
Due from Other Fund		-		580,004		580,004
Prepaid Expenses		1,012		662		1,674
Inventories		8,648		-		8,648
Restricted Cash	•	59,603		269,851		339,454
Certificate of Deposit				9,981		9,981
Total Current Assets	50	02,703		891,461		1,394,164
NON-CURRENT ASSETS						
Capital Assets						
Plant in Service	4,30	31,683		4,065,895		8,427,578
Construction in Progress	•	•		36,614		36,614
Accumulated Depreciation	(48	34,055)		(1,847,066)		(2,331,121)
Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		77,628		2,255,443		6,133,071
Long-Term Receivable	2,9	16,519		•		2,916,519
Net Pension Asset		8,368		4,728		13,096
Total Non-Current Assets	6,80	02,515		2,260,171		9,062,686
TOTAL ASSETS	7,30	05,218		3,151,632		10,456,850
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension		8,805		4,975		13,780
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	•	95,802		40,625		136,427
Due to Other Funds	6	15,689		59,111		674,800
Accrued Payroll Expense		2,017		2,019		4,036
Accrued Interest		5,772		7,183		12,955
Accrued Compensated Absences		5,827		7,082		12,909
Current Portion of Long-Term Obligations	1	20,563		32,320		152,883
Total Current Liabilities	84	45,670		148,340		994,010
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Noncurrent Portion of Long-Term Obligations	2,48	32,831		337,879		2,820,710
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,3	28,501		486,219		3,814,720
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows of Resources Related to Pension		57		32		89
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1 2	74,234		1,885,244		3,159,478
Restricted for:	• •	1,201		1,000,244		0,100,470
Equipment Replacement				261,563		261 562
Debt Service		- 69,603		8,288		261,563 77,801
Pension Benefit		17,116				77,891 26.797
Unrestricted		-		9,671		26,787
TOTAL NET POSITION		24,512 85,465	\$	505,590	_	3,130,102
ICIAL NET POSITION	φ 3,90	55,405	<u> </u>	2,670,356	-	6,655,821

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position **Proprietary Funds** For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

		Water Utility	Sewer Utility		Total
OPERATING REVENUES	<u>\$</u>	283,949	\$ 161,533	\$	445,482
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Operation and Maintenance		104,976	50,379		155,355
Administration and General		56,909	57,602		114,511
Depreciation		75,808	 95,223		171,031
Total Operating Expenses		237,693	203,204		440,897
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		46,256	(41,671)	_	4,585
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Investment Income		262	749		1,011
Interest Expense		(14,578)	(13,405)		(27,983)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		(14,316)	(12,656)		(26,972)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS AND CAPITAL					
CONTRIBUTIONS		31,940	(54,327)		(22,387)
CONTRIBUTED CAPITAL		3,351,844	-		3,351,844
TRANSFERS OUT		(27,966)	 (501)		(28,467)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		3,355,818	(54,828)		3,300,990
NET POSITION - BEGINNING - AS RESTATED		629,647	 2,725,184		3,354,831
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	3,985,465	\$ 2,670,356	\$	6,655,821

# Statement of Cash Flows

# **Proprietary Funds**

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

		Water Utility		Sewer Utility		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				<u> </u>		7000
Cash Received from Customers	\$	214,052	\$	153,402	\$	367,454
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services		(413,680)		(61,100)		(474,780)
Cash Paid to Employees for Services		(88,480)		(48,019)		(136,499)
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities		(288,108)		44,283		(243,825)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES  Tax Equivalent Paid to Municipality		(27,966)		(501)		(28,467)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						<u> </u>
Investment Income Received		262		749		1,011
Redemptions of Certificate of Deposit		202		16,588		16,588
Net Cash Flows From Investing Activities	_	262		17.337		17,599
		202		17,557	_	17,555
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Acquisition of Capital Assets		(994,324)		(42,297)		(1,036,620)
Proceeds from Long-Term Debt		993,127		•		993,127
Grant Proceeds		185,061		•		185,061
Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt		(8,291)		(30,813)		(39,104)
Interest Paid		(12,806)		(14,040)		(26,846)
Capital Contributions		275,855		-		275,855
Net Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities		438,622		(87,150)		351,473
Financing Activities  NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH		122,810		(26,031)		96,780
·				, , ,		•
CASH - BEGINNING	_	119,791	_	295,882	_	415,673
CASH - ENDING	<u>\$</u>	242,602	<u>\$</u>	269,851	<u>\$</u>	512,453
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	46,256	\$	(41,671)	\$	4,585
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net						
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:						
Non-Cash Items:						
Depreciation		75,808		95,223		171,031
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:		(00.007)				
Accounts Receivable		(69,897)		(8,131)		(78,028)
Prepaid Expenses		(281)		96		(185)
Inventories		742		-		742
Due from Other Funds		-		(77,665)		(77,665)
Pension Asset		(8,368)		(4,728)		(13,096)
Deferred Outflows Related to Pension		(8,805)		(4,975)		(13,780)
Increase (Decrease) in Operating Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable		95,802		40,625		136,427
Due to Other Funds		(416,196)		44,047		(372,149)
Accrued Liabilities		(3,226)		1,430		(1,796)
Deferred Inflows Related to Pension	_	57		32	_	89
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u>\$</u>	(288,108)	<u>\$</u>	44,283	<u>\$</u>	(243,825)
RECONCILIATION OF CASH PER STATEMENT OF NET POSITION TO STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS						
Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund:	•	470 000	_		_	470 000
Cash Restricted Cash	\$	172,999	\$	260.954	\$	172,999
		69,603	_	269,851	_	339,454
CASH PER STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	<u>\$</u>	242,602	\$	269,851	\$	512,453
SCHEDULE OF NON-CASH CAPITAL AND RELATED						
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital Contributions for Water Utility	\$	3,075,989	\$	_	\$	3,075,989
Suprice Section of States States	<u> </u>	0,070,303	<u>*</u>		=	5,515,503

Statement of Net Position Fiduciary Fund As of December 31, 2015

	 Agency
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 155,628
Taxes Receivable	298,671
Total Assets	\$ 454,299
LIABILITIES	
Due to Other Taxing Units	\$ 454,299

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2015

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This summary of significant accounting policies of the Village of Lena (Village) is presented to assist in understanding the Village's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are representations of the Village's management who is responsible for the integrity and objectivity of the financial statements. These accounting policies conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements, except for the implementation of new accounting standards as explained later within this note. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standards setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

#### REPORTING ENTITY

This report includes all of the funds of the Village of Lena. The reporting entity for the Village consists of the primary government. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable or other organizations whose nature and significant relationship with the Village are such that exclusion would cause the Village's financial statements to be misleading. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and (i) either the Village's ability to impose its will on the organization or (ii) there is potential for the organization to provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the Village. The Village has not identified any component units that are required to be included in the financial statements.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Village. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) operating and capital grants and contributions. Taxes and other items not properly included as program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer utility enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2015

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued**

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into individual funds each of which are considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

Funds are organized as major funds or non-major funds within the governmental and proprietary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Village or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets plus deferred outflows of resources, liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or proprietary fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type and
- b. The same element that met the 10 percent criterion in (a) is at least 5 percent of the corresponding element total for all governmental and proprietary funds combined.
- c. In addition, any other governmental fund that the Village believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are identified as either general or special revenue based upon the following guidelines.

# **General Fund**

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the Village and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### **Special Revenue Funds**

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

#### **Business-Type Activities**

# **Proprietary Funds**

#### **Enterprise Funds**

Enterprise funds may be used to account for activities where a fee is charged to external users for goods and services. Enterprise activities must include operations (a) that are financed with debt that is secured solely by the pledge of the net revenues of the fund, (b) where laws or regulations require that the costs of the activity be recovered with fees and charges, or (c) where the fees and charges are priced in a way designed to recover the costs of the activity.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2015

#### **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

#### **Fiduciary Fund**

#### Agency Funds

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the Village as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and/or other governmental units.

#### **Major Funds**

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund, which accounts for the Village's primary operating activities.

The fire department fund, which accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for the operation of the fire department.

The library fund, which accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for the operation of the library.

The Village reports the following major proprietary funds:

The water utility, which operates the water distribution system.

The sewer utility, which operates the sewage treatment plant, sewage pumping stations and collection systems.

#### **Fiduciary Fund**

The Village reports the following fiduciary fund:

The tax collection fund, which accounts for taxes and deposits collected by the Village, acting in the capacity of an agent, for distribution to other governmental units or designated beneficiaries.

#### **MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources) or economic resources (all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. The fiduciary fund has no measurement focus and utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2015

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)**

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Village considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

#### **CASH**

Cash deposits consist of demand and time deposits with financial institutions and are carried at cost. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all cash deposits and highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition are considered to be cash equivalents.

#### **ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE**

Accounts receivable are recorded at gross amounts with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that the amount of such allowance would not be material to the financial statements.

#### **INVENTORIES**

Proprietary fund inventories are generally used for construction and for operation and maintenance work and are not for resale. They are valued at cost based on weighted average, and charged to construction or operations and maintenance expense when used. Governmental fund inventory items are charged to expenditure accounts when purchased.

#### SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS

Special assessments consist of capital projects constructed through non-special assessment debt. In governmental fund financial statements, special assessments are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources when the related capital outlays are made and are recorded as revenues when due and payable. In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds, special assessments are recorded as receivables and capital contributions when the capital outlays are made. All special assessments are due when billed and may be paid on an installment basis with interest. The method of enforcing collections is the same as for general Village taxes.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2015

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Village as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$1,000 or higher and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. General infrastructure assets acquired or constructed prior to January 1, 2004 are not reported in the financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant and equipment of the Village are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years					
Assets	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities				
Buildings, Improvements, and Utility Plant	20 - 50	25 - 100				
Machinery and Equipment	3 - 10	3 - 10				
Infrastructure	30 - 50	-				

#### **COMPENSATED ABSENCES**

Under terms of employment, employees are granted sick leave and vacations in varying amounts. Only benefits considered to be vested are disclosed in these statements.

Vacation leave is required to be used in the year earned, unless approved to be carried over. Carryovers of unused vacation leave are limited to a maximum of one week.

#### **LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether it is reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists of state trust fund loans, clean water loans, a safe drinking water loan, and a capital lease.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements. The debt proceeds and capital leases are reported as an other financing source and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting in proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2015

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transactions are reflected as either loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables as appropriate, are subject to elimination upon consolidation and are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are reported as a nonspendable in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not available financial resources.

Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefitting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

#### **DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES**

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Village has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. Accordingly, pension plan – difference between expected and actual experience, pension plan – net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, and pension plan – employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date are reported in the statements of net position

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. The separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The government-wide financial statement has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. Accordingly, taxes levied for subsequent year and pension plan – changes in proportionate and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions is reported in the statements of net position. The governmental funds report taxes levied for subsequent year and special assessments as deferred inflows of resources on the balance sheet.

#### **CLAIMS AND JUDGMENTS**

Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities if all the conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements are met. Claims and judgments that would normally be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are recorded during the year as expenditures in the governmental fund types. If they are not to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources, no liability is recognized in the governmental fund statements. The related expenditure is recognized when the liability is liquidated. Claims and judgments are recorded in the government-wide and proprietary funds statements as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred. There were no significant claims or judgments at year end.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2015

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **EQUITY CLASSIFICATIONS**

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components.

- Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of
  accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other
  borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted component of net position Consists of resources with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or, 2) by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation reduced by liabilities related to those assets.
- Unrestricted component of net position Is the net amount that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Fund balance is classified as either 1) nonspendable, 2) restricted, 3) committed, 4) assigned, or 5) unassigned.

Nonspendable fund balance represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts), or amounts that must be maintained intact legally or contractually (such as the principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority. It would require action by the same group to remove or change the constraints placed on the resources. The action to constrain resources must occur prior to year-end; however, the amount can be determined in the subsequent period. The Village Board is the decision-making authority that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance.

Assigned fund balance represents amounts constrained by the Village Board for a specific intended purpose. Intent can be expressed by the Village Board or by its designee. The Board designates the Finance Committee as authorized to assign fund balance to a specific purpose. Assigned fund balance in all other governmental funds represents any positive remaining amount after classifying nonspendable, restricted or committed fund balance.

Unassigned fund balance represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The general fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in the unassigned fund balance.

The Village, unless otherwise required by law or agreements, spends funds in the following order: restricted first, then committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned.

The Village has adopted a minimum fund balance policy. The policy establishes a minimum unassigned fund balance equal to 30% (including 17% for cash flow purposes) of prior year's audited general fund expenditures (less capital and debt service costs) for cash flow purposes, unanticipated non-reoccurring expenditures or to meet unanticipated revenue decreases or unexpected increases in service delivery costs. In the event the balance drops below the established minimum level, the Village will replenish the deficiency by reducing recurring expenditures to eliminate the deficiency, increase revenues or funding sources, or a combination of those options within the next fiscal year if possible.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2015

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **USE OF ESTIMATES**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

#### IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The Village implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and No. 71 Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date — an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68 for the year ended December 31, 2015. Statement No. 68 requires governments providing defined benefit pensions to recognize their unfunded pension benefit obligation as a liability/asset for the first time, and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of pension benefits. This net pension liability/asset is recorded in the proprietary funds statements and the government-wide statements and is computed differently in the current year, using specific parameters set forth by the GASB. The statement also enhances accountability and transparency through revised note disclosures and required supplementary information (RSI). In addition, Statement No. 71 eliminates a potential source of understatement of restated beginning net position and expense in a government's first year of implementing Statement No. 68. It requires that when a government is transitioning to the new pension standard that it recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resources for its pension contributions made during the time between the measurement date of the beginning net pension liability and the beginning of the initial fiscal year of implementation

#### **NOTE 2 - CASH**

The Village is authorized to invest its funds in accordance with Wisconsin Statutes. Allowable investments are as follows:

- Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank or trust company maturity in three years or less.
- Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town, or school
  district of the state. Also, bonds issued by a local exposition district, local professional baseball park district,
  local professional football stadium district, local cultural arts district or by the University of Wisconsin
  Hospitals and Clinics Authority.
- Bonds or securities guaranteed by the federal government.
- The Local Government Pooled Investment Fund and the Wisconsin Investment Trust.
- Any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency.
- Securities of an open end management investment company or investment trust, subject to various conditions and investment options.
- Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

Additional restrictions could arise from local charters, ordinances, resolutions and grant regulations of the Village.

At December 31, 2015, the Village's bank balance of cash was \$1,274,988. The Village maintains its cash accounts at one financial institution. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned. The Village does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

Deposits in each bank are insured by the FDIC up to \$250,000 for the combined amounts of all time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts) and up to \$250,000 for the combined amount of all interest and non-interest bearing demand deposit accounts.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2015

#### NOTE 2 - CASH (Continued)

Any losses caused by failure of public depositories are also covered by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund. The fund provides coverage of \$400,000 in each financial institution above the applicable insurance coverage provided by the FDIC. However, although the fund had reserves available at December 31, 2015, the future availability of resources to cover the losses cannot be projected because provisions of the 1985 Wisconsin Act 25 provided that the amount in the fund will be used to repay public depositors for losses until the appropriation is exhausted, at which time the fund will be abolished; therefore, the State Deposit Guarantee Fund is not considered in covered amounts noted below.

The following represents a summary of deposits as of December 31, 2015:

Fully Insured Deposits	\$ 260,503
Collateralized with Securities held by the Pledging of	
Financial Institution in the Village's Name	 1,014,485
Total	\$ 1,274,988

#### **NOTE 3 - RESTRICTED ASSETS**

Restricted assets on December 31, 2015 consisted of cash totaling \$405,827 held for the following purposes:

General Fund Advance Tax Collection	\$ 66,373
Sewer Utility Fund	
Equipment Replacement	261,563
Debt Service	8,288
Water Utility Fund	
Debt Service	 69,603
Total Restricted Assets	\$ 405,827

#### **NOTE 4 - PROPERTY TAXES**

The Village bills and collects its own property taxes and also levies for the Lena School District, Oconto County, Northeast Wisconsin Technical College, and the State of Wisconsin.

Property taxes consist of taxes on real estate and personal property. They are levied during December and become an enforceable lien on property the following January 1. Property taxes are payable in various options depending on the type and amount. Personal property taxes are payable on or before January 31 in full. Real estate taxes are payable in full by January 31, or in two equal installments on or before January 31, and July 31. Real estate taxes not paid by July 31 are assumed by the County as part of the August tax settlement. Delinquent personal property taxes remain the collection responsibility of the Village.

As part of Wisconsin Act 32, in 2011 and all future years, a municipality is allowed to increase its levy over the amount it levied in the prior year by the percentage increase in equalized value from net new construction or zero percent. Changes in debt service from one year to the next are generally exempt from this limit.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2015

#### NOTE 5 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLE, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivables and payables between individual funds of the Village as of December 31, 2015 are detailed below:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount	Purpose Purpose
General Fund	Water Utility	\$	35,685	Year End Cash Flow Timing
General Fund	Sewer Utility		59,111	Year End Cash Flow Timing
General Fund	Fire Department Fund		4,503	Year End Cash Flow Timing
General Fund	Library Fund		7,277	Year End Cash Flow Timing
Sewer Utility	Water Utility		580,004	Separation of Proprietary Funds
		\$	686,580	

The interfund account balances above are the result of various interfund activities and are expected to be repaid 2016.

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2015 as shown in the governmental and proprietary funds statements were as follows:

Transfer From	Transfer To	Amount	Purpose
Sewer Utility	General Fund	\$ 501	Tax Equivalent
Water Utility	General Fund	27,966	Tax Equivalent
		\$ 28,467	

#### **NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM RECEIVABLE**

The Village has a long-term receivable in relation to the water treatment plant. The total receivable is 91% of the full disbursement amount of the Safe Drinking Water Loan. The balance of the long-term receivable as of December 31, 2015 is \$3,075,989.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2015

# **NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2015 was as follows:

		leginning Balance	In	creases	De	creases	Ending Balance	
Governmental Activities						-		
Capital Assets not being								
Depreciated:								
Land and Improvments	\$	210,006	\$	-	\$	•	\$	210,006
Construction-in-Progress		<u> </u>		15,843		•		15,843
Total Capital Assets not being								
Depreciated		210,006		15,843		-		225,849
Other Capital Assets								
<b>Buildings and Improvements</b>		930,271		-		-		930,271
Machinery and Equipment		1,876,448		91,396		7,902		1,959,942
Infrastructure		311,663		12,250		•		323,913
<b>Total Capital Assets being</b>								
Depreciated		3,118,382		103,646		7,902		3,214,126
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
<b>Buildings and Improvements</b>		(471,297)		(20,625)		-		(491,922)
Machinery and Equipment		(1,408,838)		(38,290)		(7,902)		(1,439,226)
Infrastructure		(42,921)		(6,868)		•		(49,789)
Total Accumulated				_				
Depreciation		(1,923,056)		(65,783)		(7,902)		(1,980,937)
Total Capital Assets Being	`							
Depreciated, Net of								
Depreciation		1,195,326		37,863		-		1,233,189
Governmental Activities Capital	`							
Assets, Net of Accumulated								
Depreciation	\$	1,405,332	<u>\$</u>	53,706	\$	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	1,459,038

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2015

# **NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)**

	Beginning							Ending	
		Balance		ncreases		Decreases	Balance		
Business-Type Activities:		_		-					
Business-Type Activities									
Capital Assets not Being									
Depreciated:									
Land	\$	763	\$	-	\$	-	\$	763	
Construction in Progress		2,904,480		1,028,152		(3,896,018)		36,614	
Total Capital Assets not being	•		-					_	
Depreciated		2,905,243		1,028,152		(3,896,018)		37,377	
Capital Assets being Depreciated									
Utility Plant		4,787,446		3,904,487		265,118		8,426,815	
Less: Accumulated									
Depreciation		(2,425,208)		(171,031)		(265,118)		(2,331,121)	
Total Capital Assets being							-	_	
Depreciated, Net of Depreciation		2,362,238	_	3,733,456			_	6,095,694	
Business-Type Activities Capital									
Assets, Net of Accumulated									
Depreciation	\$	5,267,481	\$	4,761,608	\$	(3,896,018)	\$	6,133,071	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the Village as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 5,140
Public Safety	24,069
Public Works	30,521
Culure and Recreation	 6,053
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 65,783
Business-Type Activities:	
Water Utility	\$ 77,096
Sewer Utility	 93,935
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$ 171,031

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2015

# **NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations of the Village for the year ended December 31, 2015:

		utstanding 1/1/15	In	icreases	Decreases		0	utstanding 12/31/15	Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activites: General Obligation Debt										
State Trust Fund Loans	\$	179,113	\$	-	\$	13,822	\$	165,291	\$	14,374
Capital Lease		113,429		•		36,745		76,684		37,799
Total General Obligation				,						
Debt		292,542		-		50,567		241,975		52,173
Vested Compensated										
Absences		15,228		18,852		15,228		18,852		9,426
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$	307,770	\$	18,852	\$	65,795	\$	260,827	\$	61,599
	_	001,170			_	00,100	Ě		Ť	07,000
Business-Type Activities: General Obligation Debt										
State Trust Fund Loans	\$	265,375	\$	-	\$	25,884	\$	239,491	\$	27,014
Clean Water Loans		199,841		•		13,220		186,621		13,547
Safe Drinking Water Loan		1,554,354		993,127		•		2,547,481		112,322
Total Business-Type Activities Long-Term										
Liabilities	\$	2,019,570	\$	993,127	\$	39,104	\$	2,973,593	\$	152,883

Total interest paid during the year on long-term debt totaled \$65,718.

	Date of Issuance	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Original Indebtedness		Balance   2/31/15
Governmental Activities						
Long-Term Obligations						
2011 State Trust Loan	10/12/11	03/15/21	3.75%	\$ 73,086	\$	51,901
2012 State Trust Loan	03/06/12	03/15/21	3.75%	21,914		15,414
2012 State Trust Loan	05/01/12	03/15/32	4.00%	110,000		97,976
Capital Lease	06/14/12	06/14/17	2.87%	293,908		76,684
Total Governmental Activities Long-	Term Obligations				<u>\$</u>	241,975
Business-Type Activities						
Long-Term Obligations						
2005 State Trust Fund Loan	10/24/05	03/15/25	5.00%	\$ 79,878	\$	51,986
2005 State Trust Fund Loan	12/13/05	03/15/25	5.00%	120,122		77,677
2011 State Trust Fund Loan	10/12/11	03/15/21	3.75%	119,246		84,681
2012 State Trust Fund Loan	03/06/12	03/15/21	3.75%	35,754		25,147
2007 Clean Water Fund Loan	05/09/07	05/01/27	2.475%	283,857		186,621
2014 Safe Drinking Water Loan	10/22/14	05/01/34	1.925%	2,540,130		2,547,481
Total Business-Type Activities Long-	-Term Obligations	;			\$ 2	2,973,593

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2015

#### NOTE 8 - LONG TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

		Governmen	tal Act	tivities	Business-Type Activities			To	Total			
	F	rincipal	l l	nterest		Principal	1	nterest		Principal		nterest
2016	\$	52,173	\$	8,703	\$	152,883	\$	63,078	\$	205,056	\$	71,781
2017		53,824		7,051		156,551		59,414		210,375		66,465
2018		15,517		5,359		160,300		55,640		175,817		60,999
2019		16,115		4,760		164,151		51,762		180,266		56,522
2020		16,728		4,148		168,097		47,791		184,825		51,939
2021-2025		39,271		13,500		814,791		180,031		854,062		193,531
2026-2030		33,153		7,125		741,280		94,625		774,433		101,750
2031-2034		15,194		918		615,540		23,981		630,734		24,899
	\$	241,975	\$	51,564	\$	2,973,593	\$	576,322	\$	3,215,568	\$	627,886

Estimated payments of accumulated employee benefits and other commitments are not included in the above schedule.

The 2015 equalized valuation of the Village as certified by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue is \$29,708,500. The legal debt limit and margin of indebtedness as of December 31, 2015, in accordance with Wisconsin Statutes follows:

Debt Limit (5% of \$29,708,500)	\$ 1,485,425
Deduct Long-Term Debt Applicable to Debt Margin	 404,782
Remaining Margin of Indebtedness Available	\$ 1,080,643

#### **Utility Revenues Pledged**

The Village has pledged future revenue derived from the sewerage system, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the Clean Water Fund Loan. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the construction or acquisition of capital assets used within the Utility. The loan is payable from sewerage system net revenues and is payable through 2027. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$215,678. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total sewerage system net revenues were \$18,002 and \$161,533, respectively.

The Village has pledged future revenue derived from the water system, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the Safe Drinking Water Loan. Proceeds from the bond provided financing for the construction or acquisition of capital assets used within the Utility. The loan is payable from water system net revenues and is payable through 2034. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$3,041,312. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total water system net revenues were \$39,013 and \$283,949, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2015

**NOTE 9 - FUND EQUITY** 

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS**

Net position reported on the government-wide statement of net position at December 31, 2015 includes the following:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	•					
Net Capital Assets	\$	1,459,038	\$	6,133,071	\$	7,592,109
Less: Related Long-Term Debt Outstanding		241,975		2,973,593		3,215,568
Net Investment in Capital Assets		1,217,063		3,159,478		4,376,541
Restricted for:						
Equipment Replacement		-		261,563		261,563
Sewer Utility Debt Service		-		8,288		8,288
Water Utility Debt Service		-		69,603		69,603
Pension Benefit		49,966		26,787		76,753
Total Restricted		49,966		366,241		416,207
Unrestricted		571,658		3,130,102		3,701,760
Total Government-Wide Net Position	\$	1,838,687	\$	6,655,821	\$	8,494,508

#### **NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN**

#### Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Pensions. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds. The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer prior to July 1, 2011, expected to work at least 600 hours a year and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

Vesting. For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2015

**NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)** 

Benefits provided. Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees, 62 for elected officials and State executive participants) are entitled to receive an unreduced retirement benefit. The factors influencing the benefit are: (1) final average earnings, (2) years of creditable service, and (3) a formula factor.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest years' earnings. Creditable service is the creditable current and prior service expressed in years or decimal equivalents of partial years for which a participant receives earnings and makes contributions as required. The formula factor is a standard percentage based on employment category.

Employees may retire at age 55 (50 for protective occupation employees) and receive reduced benefits. Employees terminating covered employment before becoming eligible for a retirement benefit may withdraw their contributions and forfeit all rights to any subsequent benefits.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

Post-retirement adjustments. The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment	Variable Fund Adjustment
2005	2.6%	7%
2006	0.8	3
2007	3.0	10
2008	6.6	0
2009	(2.1)	(42)
2010	(1.3)	22
2011	(1.2)	11
2012	(7.0)	(7)
2013	(9.6)	9
2014	4.7	25

Contributions. Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for general category employees, including teachers, and Executives and Elected Officials. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$15,131 in contributions from the Village.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2015

#### NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Contribution rates as of December 31, 2015 are:

Employee Category	<b>Employee</b>	Employer
General (including teachers)	6.8%	6.8%
Executives & Elected Officials	7.7%	7.7%
Protective with Social Security	6.8%	9.5%
Protective without Social Security	6.8%	13.1%

#### Pension Asset, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

At December 31, 2015, the Village reported an asset of \$37,526 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2014, and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2013 rolled forward to December 31, 2014. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The Village's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the Village's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2014, the Village's proportion was 0.00152776%, which was an increase of 0.00001318% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2013.

For the year ended December 31, 2015, the Village recognized pension expense of \$14,667.

At December 31, 2015, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Out	ferred flows of ources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experiences	\$	5,440	\$	_		
Changes in assumptions		-		•		
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		18,172		-		
Changes in proportionate and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		256		
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date  Total	\$	15,872 39,484	\$	256		

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2015

#### **NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)**

The \$15,872 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the WRS Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension asset in the year ended December 31, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending December 31,	d Outflow sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
2016	\$ 4,644	\$	48	
2017	4,644		48	
2018	4,644		48	
2019	4,644		48	
2020	4,644		48	
Thereafter	392		16	

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension asset in the December 31, 2014, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:	December 31, 2013
Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	December 31, 2014
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age
Asset Valuation Method:	Fair Market Value
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:	7.2%
Discount Rate:	7.2%
Salary Increases:	
Inflation	3.2%
Seniority/Merit	0.2% - 5.8%
Mortality:	Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table
Post-retirement Adjustments*	2.1%

<sup>\*</sup> No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 2.1% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2012 using experience from 2009 – 2011. The total pension liability (asset) at December 31, 2014 is based upon a roll-forward of the asset calculated from the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2015

#### NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Long-term expected return on plan assets. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Real Rate of Return	Target Allocation
US Equities	5.3%	21%
International Equities	5.7	23%
Fixed Income	1.7	36%
Inflation Sensitive Assets	2.3	20%
Real Estate	4.2	7%
Private Equity/Debt	6.9	7%
Multi-Asset	3.9	6%
Cash	0.9%	(20)%

Single discount rate. A single discount rate of 7.20% was used to measure the total pension liability (asset). This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.20% and a long-term bond rate of 3.56%. Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 7.20% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 2.1% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability (asset).

Sensitivity of the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.20 percent, as well as what the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.20 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.20 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to Discount	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase To Discount
Village's proportionate share	Rate (6.20%)	(7.20%)	Rate (8.20%)
of the net pension liability (asset)	\$105,867	(\$37,525)	(\$150,772)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at <a href="http://legis.wisconsin.gov/lab/">http://legis.wisconsin.gov/lab/</a> and reference report number 15-11.

#### Payables to the Pension Plan

The Village is required to remit the monthly required contribution for both the employee and Village portions by the last day of the following month. All amounts due to WRS were paid as of December 31, 2015.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2015

#### **NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health claims; unemployment compensation claims; and environmental damage for which the Village purchases commercial insurance. There has been no reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year. Insurance settlements for claims resulting from the risks covered by commercial insurance have not exceeded the insurance coverage in the past three years.

#### **NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

From time to time the Village is involved in legal actions and claims, most of which normally occur in governmental operations. In the opinion of Village management, these issues, and any other proceedings known to exist at December 31, 2015, are not likely to have a material adverse impact on the Village's financial position.

Funding for the operating budget of the Village comes from many sources, including property taxes, grants and aids from other units of government, user fees, fines and permits, and other miscellaneous revenues. The State of Wisconsin provides a variety of aid and grant programs which benefit the Village. Those aid and grant programs are dependent on continued approval and funding by the Wisconsin governor and legislature through their budget processes. Any changes made by the State to funding or eligibility of local aid programs could have a significant impact on the future operating results of the Village.

The Village has a water tower maintenance agreement from January 1, 2016 through January 1, 2022. The balance of the agreement is approximately \$346,000.

#### **NOTE 13 - MAJOR CUSTOMER**

Saputo Cheese USA accounted for approximately \$189,700 of the water and sewer utility revenues during 2015.

#### **NOTE 14 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

As of March 2016, the Village sold a waste water treatment building to Saputo for \$75.000.

As of March 2016, the Village purchased a property on Rosera Street for \$15,000.

#### **NOTE 15 - UPCOMING ACCOUNTING PROUNCEMENT**

The GASB issued Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. Statement No. 72 defines fair value, how fair value is measured, what assets and liabilities should be measured at fair value, and what information about fair value should be reported in the notes to the financial statements. Additionally, GASB Statement No. 72 utilizes a three-level hierarchy for measuring fair value. The Village is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2016.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2015

#### **NOTE 16 - RESTATEMENT OF BEGINNING NET POSITION**

The restatement of net position in the proprietary and government-wide financial statements was the result of implementing Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 68 and No. 71, which required government entities to recognize their proportionate share of the pension as an asset for the first time, and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of pension benefits. The following table shows the effect of the implementation:

	Government Wide				Proprietary Funds			
	-	overnmental Activites	Bu	usiness-type Activites	W	ater Utility	_s	ewer Utility
Net Position – December 31, 2014 Pension Asset Pension Plan - Contributions After	\$	1,672,351 38,873	\$	3,329,399 20,840	\$	613,397 13,316	\$	2,716,002 7,524
Measurement Date	_	8,565	_	4,592		2,934		1,658
Net Position – As Restated December 31, 2014	<u>\$</u>	1,719,789	<u>\$</u>	3,354,831	\$	629,647	<u>\$</u>	2,725,184

The effect of this restatement for the year ended December 31, 2014 was an increase in the amount previously reported as change in net position by approximately \$47,000 for governmental activities and \$25,000 for business-type activities.



# Schedules of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Employer Contributions Wisconsin Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		
		2015
Village's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0	0152776%
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	(37,525)
Village's covered-employee payroll	\$	198,690
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its		
covered-employee payroll		-18.89%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage fo the total pension liability (asset)		102.74%
Schedule of Employer Contributions		
		2015
Contractually required contributions	\$	15,131
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions		(15,131)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	•
Village's covered-employee payroll	<u> </u>	198,690

7.62%

Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts presented for each year were determined as of the calendar year-end from the prior calendar year. Presented data is all that is available for 2015. Ten years of data will be accumulated beginning with 2015.

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual General Fund

	Original and Final Budget			Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES	•	400.005	•	405 404	•	(00.004)	
Taxes	\$	186,065	\$	165,181	\$	(20,884)	
Special Assessments		-		1,488		1,488	
Intergovernmental		200,852		201,153		301	
Licenses and Permits		3,465		3,367		(98)	
Fines and Forfeits		18,000		21,716		3,716	
Public Charges for Services		14,600		17,664		3,064	
Miscellaneous		19,490		27,399		7,909	
Total Revenues		442,472		437,968		(4,504)	
EXPENDITURES							
General Government		151,582		129,358		22,224	
Public Safety		103,350		100,224		3,126	
Public Works		136,995		115,165		21,830	
Culture and Recreation		22,750		1,543		21,207	
Conservation and Development		8,000		6,287		1,713	
Capital Outlay		24,000		85,480		(61,480)	
Debt Service		20,795		20,794		1	
Total Expenditures		467,472		458,851		8,621	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(25,000)		(20,883)		4,117	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCE Transfers In		25,000		28,467		3,467	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		7,584		7,584	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		342,029		342,029			
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	342,029	\$	349,613	\$	7,584	

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

# **Budget and Actual**

#### Fire Department Fund

	ar	Original nd Final audget		Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES	•	00.240	•	07.542	•	/4 700\	
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	92,342	\$	87,543	\$	(4,799)	
Charges for Service		5,000		3,894 224		(1,106) 124	
Investment Income		100		:			
Donations		2.500		28,564		28,564	
Miscellaneous		2,500		5,245		2,745	
Total Revenues		99,942		125,470		25,528	
EXPENDITURES							
Public Safety:							
Employee Benefits		•		3,429		(3,429)	
Man Hours Expense		6,000		7,538		(1,538)	
Clothing Allowance		5,000		6,228		(1,228)	
Training Expense		13,000		5,575		7,425	
Utilities		6,500		5,033		1,467	
Insurance		8,000		6,267		1,733	
Vehicle and Equipment Repairs		13,500		5,819		7,681	
Fuel Expense		2,800		1,554		1,246	
Miscellaneous		4,900		21,410		(16,510)	
Debt Services							
Principal		35,719		36,745		(1,026)	
Interest		4,281		3,255		1,026	
Total Expenditures		99,700		102,853		(3,153)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		242		22,617		22,375	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		134,671		134,671		•	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	134,913	\$	157,288	\$	22,375	

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Library Fund

and		Original Ind Final Budget	 Variance Favorable Actual (Unfavorable)			
REVENUES						
General Property Taxes	\$	22,500	\$ 22,500	\$	•	
Intergovernmental		47,599	42,287		(5,312)	
Public Charges for Services		4,000	2,675		(1,325)	
Investment Income		200	210		10	
Donations		200	 7,645		7,445	
Total Revenues		74,499	75,317		818	
EXPENDITURES						
Culture and Recreation:						
Salaries and Wages		43,760	44,861		(1,101)	
Employee Benefits		9,400	24,988		(15,588)	
Training Expense		600	355		245	
Books, Videos and Periodicals		4,800	5,485		(685)	
Automation Expense		4,500	4,576		`(76)	
Utilities		3,800	3,971		(171)	
Office Supplies		2,000	2,209		(209)	
Building Expenses		4,000	2,680		1,320	
Miscellaneous		3,000	378		2,622	
Total Expenditures		75,860	89,503		(13,643)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(1,361)	(14,186)		(12,825)	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		101,542	 101,542		-	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	100,181	\$ 87,356	\$	(12,825)	

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

#### **BUDGETARY PROCESS**

The Village follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data:

- During October, Village management submits to the Village Board a proposed operating budget for the
  calendar year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures
  and the means of financing them. After submission to the governing body, public hearings are held to obtain
  taxpayer comments. Following the public hearings, the proposed budget, including authorized additions and
  deletions, is legally enacted by Village Board action.
- Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States
  of America for the general and special revenue funds. Budget is defined as the originally approved budget
  plus or minus approved amendments. There were no amendments during the year. Budget appropriations
  not expended during the year are closed to fund balance unless authorized by the governing body to be
  forwarded into the succeeding year's budget.
- During the year, formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for the general fund and special revenue funds.
- Expenditures may not exceed appropriations provided in detailed budget accounts maintained for each
  activity or department of the Village. Amendments to the budget during the year require initial approval by
  management and are subsequently authorized by the Village Board.

#### **EXCESS OF ACTUAL EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET IN INDIVIDUAL FUNDS**

The following functions had an excess of actual expenditures over budget for the year ended December 31, 2015;

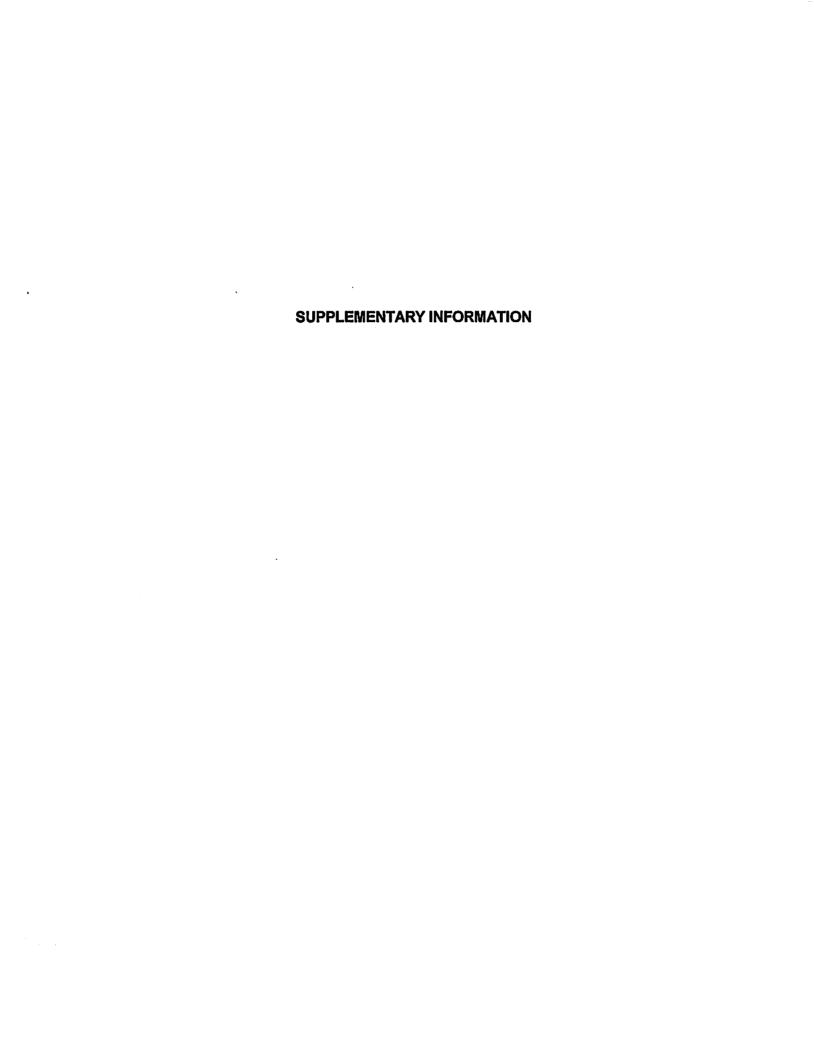
General Fund	
Capital Outlay	\$ 61,480
Fire Department Fund	
Public Safety:	
Employee Benefits	3,429
Man Hours Expense	1,538
Clothing Allowance	1,228
Miscellaneous	16,510
Debt Service:	
Principal	1,026
Library Fund	
Culture and Recreation:	
Salaries and Wages	1,101
Employee Benefits	15,588
Books, Videos and Periodicals	685
Automation Expense	76
Utilities	171
Office Supplies	209

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

#### **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN**

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in WRS.

Changes of assumptions. There were no changes in the assumptions.



### Schedule of Operating Revenues and Expenses Water and Sewer Utility For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Water	Sewer	Total
OPERATING REVENUES			<del></del>
Metered Sales:			
Residential	\$ 38,428	\$ 102,087	\$ 140,515
Commercial	5,763	23,254	29,017
Industrial	168,353	18,418	186,771
Public Authorities	5,147	12,113	17,260
Total Metered Sales	217,691	155,872	373,563
Private Fire Protection	198	•	198
Public Fire Protection	54,949		54,949
Total Sales of Water	272,838	155,872	428,710
Other Operating Revenues:			
Customer Forfeited Discounts	97	351	448
Miscellaneous Operating Revenue	11,014	5,310	16,324
Total Operating Revenue	283,949	161,533	445,482
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Operation and Maintenance:			
Operation Labor	62,592	34,231	96,823
Power Purchased for Pumping	11,512	11,388	22,900
Chemicals	23,772	-	23,772
Maintenance and Repairs	4,809	1,727	6,536
Operating Supplies	1,376	2,041	3,417
Operating Transportation Expenses	915	992	1,907
Total Operation and Maintenance	104,976	50,379	155,355
Administrative and General:			
Salaries	5,546	5,547	11,093
Office Supplies	1,961	1,067	3,028
Outside Services Employed	9,466	26,544	36,010
Utilities	32,618	18,777	51,395
Property Insurance	4,241	1,580	5,821
Miscellaneous	3,077	4,087	7,164
<b>Total Administrative and General Expenses</b>	56,909	57,602	114,511
Other Operating Expenses:			
Depreciation	75,808	95,223	171,031
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	237,693	203,204	440,897
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	46,256	(41,671)	4,585
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Interest Income	262	749	1,011
Interest Expense	(14,578)	(13,405)	(27,983)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(14,316)	(12,656)	(26,972)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	3,351,844	•	3,351,844
TRANSFERS OUT	(27,966)	(501)	(28,467)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ 3,355,818	\$ (54,828)	\$ 3,300,990

# Schedule of Detailed Budgetary Revenues and Other Financing Source Comparison General Fund

TAVEO	a	Original nd Final Budget	Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
TAXES General Property Taxes	\$	186,065	\$	165,181	\$	(20,884)
SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS		-		1,488		1,488
INTERGOVERNMENTAL						
Shared Revenues		168,188		168,175		(13)
General Highway Aids		32,204		32,142		(62)
Computer Aid		300		356		56
Police Training Aid		160		480		320
Total Intergovernmental	<del></del> -	200,852		201,153		301
LICENSES AND PERMITS						
Liquor and Malt Beverage Licenses		1,400		1,400		-
Operators Licenses		700		975		275
Cigarette Licenses		50		25		(25)
Dog and Cat Licenses		170		142		(28)
Building Permits		1,000		370		(630)
Other Permits		100		194		94
License Publication Fees		45		261		216
<b>Total Licenses and Permits</b>		3,465		3,367		(98)
FINES AND FORFEITS						
Court Penalties and Fines		18,000		21,316		3,316
Parking Violations				400		400
Total Fines and Forfeits		18,000		21,716		3,716
PUBLIC CHARGES FOR SERVICES						
Clerk's Revenue		100		109		9
Police Department		750		11		(739)
Garbage Bag Revenue		6,500		8,756		2,256
Garbage and Dump Revenue		150		130		(20)
Recycling		7,100		8,658		1,558
Total Public Charges for Services		14,600		17,664		3,064

# Schedule of Detailed Budgetary Revenues and Other Financing Source Comparison General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Original and Final Budget			Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
MISCELLANEOUS						
Miscellaneous General Revenue	\$	-	\$	6,727	\$	6,727
Interest Income		450		608		158
Rent		19,040		20,064		1,024
Total Miscellaneous		19,490		27,399	•	7,909
Total Revenues		442,472		437,968		(4,504)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCE						
Transfers In from Utility		25,000		28,467		3,467
TOTAL REVENUES AND						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCE	\$	467,472	\$	466,435	\$	(1,037)

# Schedule of Detailed Budgetary Expenditures and Other Financing Use Comparison General Fund

Village President         2,000         1,077         9           Municipal Court         6,000         3,589         2,4	219) 102 166)
Village Board       \$ 10,000 \$ 10,263 \$ (2         Village President       2,000 1,077 \$ (2)         Municipal Court       6,000 3,589 2,4	923 411 841) 660 103) 219) 102
Village President         2,000         1,077         9           Municipal Court         6,000         3,589         2,4	923 411 841) 660 103) 219) 102
Municipal Court 6,000 3,589 2,4	411 841) 660 103) 219) 102 166)
•	841) 660 103) 219) 102 166)
Land 5000 0044 446	660 103) 219) 102 166)
Legal 5,000 6,841 (1,8	103) 219) 102 166)
Administrative 4,000 340 3,6	219) 102 166)
Clerk/Treasurer 32,900 43,003 (10,1	102 166)
Elections 1,500 1,719 (2	166)
Finance 10,000 4,898 5,1	•
Assessor 4,500 4,666 (1	1041
Village Hall Expenses 11,400 16,401 (5,0	JU 1)
Insurance 15,200 13,066 2,1	134
Retirement 9,000 - 9,0	000
Social Security 10,500 19,232 (8,7	732)
Health Insurance 25,000 20 24,9	980
Travel Expense 400 842 (4	442)
Computer Expense - 3,161 (3,1	161)
Web Page Expense - 240 (2	240)
Contingency 4,182 - 4,1	182
Total General Government         151,582         129,358         22,2	224
PUBLIC SAFETY	
Police Salaries and Wages 52,000 53,202 (1,2	202)
Police Operations 19,150 15,268 3,8	882
Fire Protection 25,200 24,590 6	610
Rescue Squad 6,000 5,964	36
Building Inspection 1,000 1,200 (2	200)
	126
PUBLIC WORKS	
Salaries and Wages 28,000 31,730 (3,7	730)
Clothing Allowance 1,000 613	387
Street Maintenance 31,250 36,908 (5,6	658)
Street Cleaning 1,000 1,743 (7	743)
Snow Removal 7,000 - 7,0	000
Street Lighting 25,000 21,227 3,7	773
Sidewalks 5,000 660 4,3	340
Street Signs and Markings 6,500 1,847 4,6	653
Bridges and Culverts 7,500 28 7,4	472
Sanitation 9,000 5,950 3,0	050
Recycling 14,245 14,459 (2	214)
Weed Cutting1,5001,5	500
<b>Total Public Works</b> 136,995 115,165 21,8	330

# Schedule of Detailed Budgetary Expenditures and Other Financing Use Comparison - Continued General Fund

	Original and Final Budget			Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
CULTURE AND RECREATION						
General Recreation	\$	250	\$	1,543	\$	(1,293)
Library		22,500		•		22,500
Total Culture and Recreation		22,750		1,543		21,207
CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT						
Planning and Economic Development		1,500		-		1,500
Community Development		4,000		3,787		213
Tourism		2,500		2,500		-
Total Conservation and Development		8,000		6,287		1,713
CAPITAL OUTLAY						
General Government		14,000		-		14,000
Public Safety		5,000		5,759		(759
Public Works		5,000		79,721		(74,721
Total Capital Outlay		24,000		85,480		(61,480
DEBT SERVICE						
Principal		13,823		13,822		1
Interest		6,972		6,972		-
Total Debt Service		20,795		20,794		1
Total Expenditures		467,472		458,851		8,621
OTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER						
FINANCING USE	\$	467,472	\$	458,851	\$	8,621



# **ADDITIONAL REPORTS**



# Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

To the Village Board Village of Lena Lena, Wisconsin

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Lena (Village), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 11, 2016.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the *schedule of findings and responses*, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompany schedule of findings and responses as items #2015-001, #2015-002, #2015-003, and #2015-004 to be material weaknesses.



To the Village Board Village of Lena

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Village of Lena Responses to Findings

The Village's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The Village's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KerberRose SC

**Certified Public Accountants** 

May 11, 2016



# Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for the Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Village Board Village of Lena Lena, Wisconsin

#### Report on Compliance for the Major Program

We have audited the Village of Lena's (Village) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Village's major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2015. The Village's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and responses.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the Village's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Village's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Village's compliance.

### Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Village of Lena complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2015.



#### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Village of Lena is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Village's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Certified Public Accountants

May 11, 2016

# **FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION**

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# **VILLAGE OF LENA, WISCONSIN**

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

5464-03 \$ 2,785,288
PF13B-27 750,000

-	Accrued eceivable 1/1/15		Revenues Grantor Reimbursement		Expenditures		ccrued ceivable 2/31/15
\$	358,515	\$	985,775	\$	634,611	\$	7,351
	192,412 550,927	<u></u>	468,267 1,454,042	<u></u>	275,855 910,466		- 7,351

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

#### **NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Village of Lena under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2015. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Village of Lena, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Village of Lena.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

The Village of Lena has not elected to use the 10 percent *de minimis* indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### **NOTE 3 - OVERSIGHT AGENCIES**

The Village's federal oversight agency is the Environmental Protection Agency. The Village's state cognizant agency is the Wisconsin Department of Administration.

#### Schedule of Findings and Responses December 31, 2015

#### Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

#### **Financial Statements**

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weaknesses identified?

Yes

Significant deficiencies identified?

None Reported

Noncompliance material to the financial statements?

No

#### Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weaknesses identified? Significant deficiencies identified? No

None Reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

No

Identification of major federal program:

#### **CFDA Number**

Name of Federal Program

66.468

Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B

**Programs** 

\$750,000

Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?

No

Schedule of Findings and Responses - Continued December 31, 2015

#### **Section II - Financial Statement Findings**

#### #2015-001 Lack of Segregation of Duties

Condition: During our audit, we noted that the Village has limited staff which does not

allow for the proper segregation of duties.

Cause: Due to the limited staff, management is unable to properly segregate duties.

Criteria: The Village should establish appropriate segregation of duties to safeguard

assets.

Effect: Because of the lack of segregation of duties, unauthorized transactions could

occur in the Village's operations.

Recommendation: We recommend the duties should be separated as much as possible and

compensating controls should be used to compensate for the lack of segregation of duties. This includes having the Village Board or Finance Committee having an active role in reviewing the Village's operations. The Village could specifically improve the lack of segregation of duties surrounding cash by having a member of the Finance Committee review and document approval of all bank reconciliations. A member of the Finance Committee should be documenting approval of all bank transfers. The Village could improve the lack of segregation of duties surrounding journal entries by having a member of the Finance Committee review and document approval of all

journal entries posted by the Clerk/Treasurer.

Management's Response: Due to the limited staff, duties are segregated as much as possible. The Board

does review and approve transactions. Management agrees that the Board should have access to review or question any transaction which flows through the Village office and reports detailing cash receipts and disbursements are provided to the Board monthly to assist in that capacity. By employing individuals who are capable of maintaining the integrity of the books and safeguarding Village assets, the Board can be confident that the financial

affairs of the Village are being handled properly.

Schedule of Findings and Responses - Continued December 31, 2015

#### Section II - Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

#### #2015-002 Financial Reporting

Condition: During our audit, we noted that the internal control system does not include a

process for preparing the annual external financial statements and the related disclosures in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principals

(GAAP).

Cause: Management requested that KerberRose SC assist in preparing a draft of the

external financial statements, including the related footnote disclosures. The outsourcing is a result of management's cost/benefit decision to use our

accounting expertise rather than incurring this internal resource cost.

Criteria: Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls

and for the fair presentation of the financial position, change in net position, and

disclosures in the financial statements, in conformity with GAAP.

Effect: Although the auditors are preparing the financial statements and the related

footnotes, management of the Village thoroughly reviews them and accepts

responsibility for their completeness and accuracy.

Recommendation: We recommend that management continue to make this decision on a

cost/benefit.

Management's Response: Due to the small size of the Village and financial restraints the Village is unable

to prepare the financial statements at the current time. The Village will continue to rely on the assistance of the auditors for preparation of the financial statements and related notes and provide any assistance that is needed. Management does review and approve the financial statements by comparing the audited financial statements to internally generated financial reports and records. The Village has assigned an individual with the knowledge and skills to review the financial statements which includes comparing the financial statements to the trial balances and prior year financial statements. After this process is complete, the Village accepts responsibility for the financial

statements.

Schedule of Findings and Responses - Continued December 31, 2015

#### Section II - Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

#### #2015-003 Preparation of Schedule of Federal and State Awards

Condition: The Village was unable to provide us with a schedule of federal awards with the

appropriate allocation of funds by CFDA number and funding source.

Cause: The Village felt that they did not have the time or resources to accurately

prepare the schedules.

Criteria: Uniform Guidance 2 CFR §200.508, requires that the Village "identify, in its

accounts, all federal awards received and expended and the federal programs under which they were received. Federal program and award identification shall include, as applicable, the CFDA title and number, award number and year, name of federal agency, and name of the pass-through entity." In addition, the Village is required to "prepare appropriate financial statements, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards in accordance with

§200.510."

Effect: Although the auditors are preparing the schedule of expenditures of federal

awards, management of the Village thoroughly reviews the schedule and

accepts responsibility for its completeness and accuracy.

Recommendation: The Village should assign an individual internally that is qualified to prepare this

schedule in a timely manner.

Management's Response: The Village was unable to prepare the schedule due to time constraints. The

Village is aware of the requirement and will attempt to compile the information

necessary to assure its compliance with this in the future.

# Schedule of Findings and Responses - Continued December 31, 2015

#### Section II - Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

#### #2015-004 Material Account Adjustments

Condition: During our audit, we identified and proposed adjustments (which were

approved and posted by management) that were material, either individually or

in the aggregate, to the Village's financial statements.

Cause: Internal controls did not detect certain adjustments necessary to properly

record year-end balances.

Criteria: Management is responsible for maintaining internal controls and its accounting

records in accordance with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

**Effect:** As a result, the initial trial balances were misstated.

Recommendation: We recommend that management take steps to ensure all year-end

adjustments are identified and posted for financial reporting purposes.

Management's Response: The Village is aware of the reasons for the material account adjustments and

will take necessary action to implement procedures for preparation of year-end

adjustments.

#### Section III - Federal Award Findings

There were no findings for federal awards.

#### Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings December 31, 2015

#2014-001 - Segregation of Duties - See corrective action plan finding #2015-001.

#2014-002 - Financial Reporting - See corrective action plan finding #2015-002.

**#2014-003 - Preparation of Schedule of Federal and State Awards –** See corrective action plan finding #2015-003.

**#2014-004 - Material Account Adjustments and Restatement of Beginning Balances -** See corrective action plan finding **#2015-004**.

Corrective Action Plan Year Ended December 31, 2015

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

#2015-001 - Segregation of Duties - The Village is aware of the lack of segregation of duties caused by the limited size of it staff. Segregation of duties is enhanced whenever possible and the Village Board assumes an active roll through monthly review of receipt and disbursement transactions and monthly financial statements.

**#2015-002 – Financial Reporting -** The Village is aware that its staff does not have training to prepare financial statements and related notes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The Village will rely on the assistance of the auditors for preparation of the financial statements and related notes. Management will continue to review and approve the audited financial statements by comparing them to internally generated financial reports and records.

#2015-003 — Preparation of Schedule of Federal and State Awards - The Village is aware of the requirement and will attempt to compile the information necessary to assure its compliance with this in the future.

#2015-004 – Material Account Adjustments - The Village is aware of the reasons for material account adjustments and will take necessary action to implement procedures for preparation of year-end adjustments.

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