Annual Financial Report

December 31, 2014

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Independent Auditors' Report

Village Board Village of Lena Lena, Wisconsin

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Lena (Village) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



To the Village Board Village of Lena

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Lena as of December 31, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on pages 32 through 35 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Lena's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as identified in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management. The schedule of operating revenues and expenses and detailed budgetary comparison, except the budget information, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information, except the budgetary information, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of operating revenues and expenses and detailed budgetary comparison, except the budget information, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

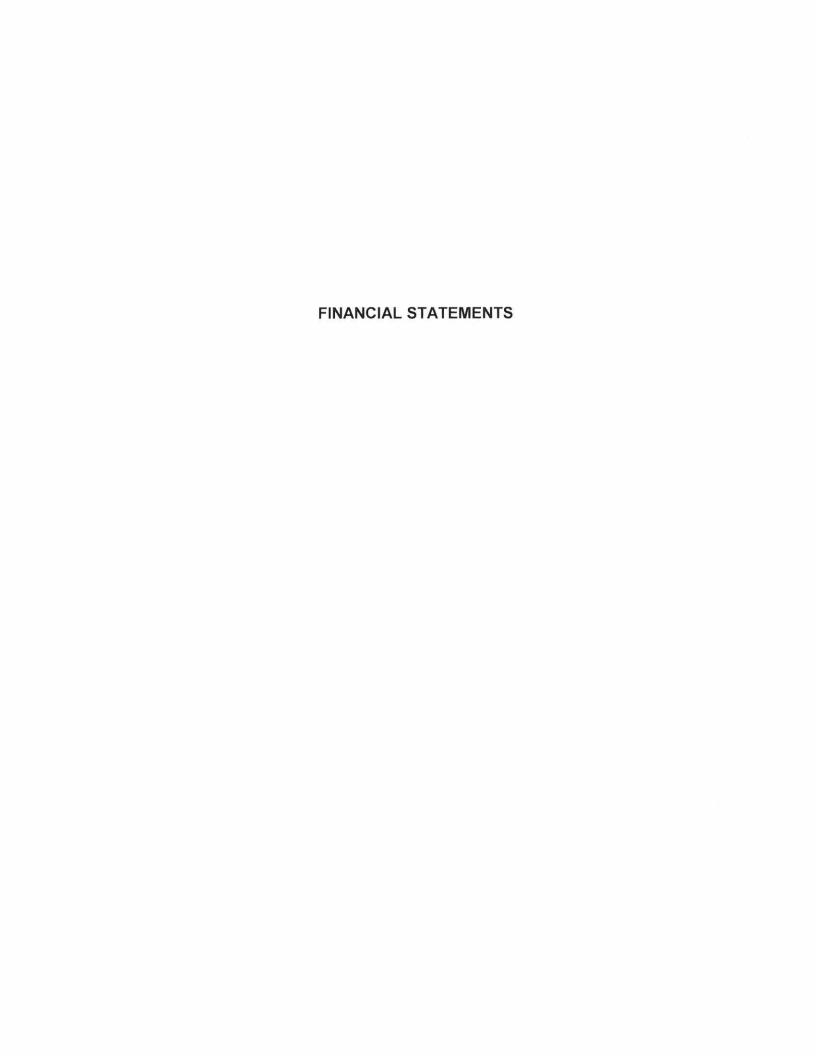
The budgetary information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 25, 2015, on our consideration of the Village of Lena's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village of Lena's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Certified Public Accountants

March 25, 2015



Statement of Net Position As of December 31, 2014

		vernmental Activities	E	Business - Type Activities		Total
ASSETS						
Current Assets					1401	
Cash	\$	634,949	\$	163,188	\$	798,137
Receivables:						
Taxes		126,828		<u> </u>		126,828
Customer Accounts Receivable		=		28,445		28,445
Grants Receivable				192,412		192,412
Delinquent Personal Property Taxes		2,337		¥7.		2,337
Special Assessments		3,889		8,110		11,999
Prepaid Expenses		5,595		1,489		7,084
Inventories		-		9,390		9,390
Restricted Cash		59,237		252,485		311,722
Certificate of Deposit		=		26,569		26,569
Total Current Assets	-	832,835		682,088	_	1,514,923
Noncurrent Assets Capital Assets:						
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		210,006		2,905,243		3,115,249
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation		1,195,326		2,362,238		3,557,564
Total Noncurrent Assets		1,405,332		5,267,481		6,672,813
TOTAL ASSETS		2,238,167		5,949,569		8,187,736
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities						
Accounts Payable		20,949		570,040		590,989
Accrued Liabilities		43,690		9,397		53,087
Accrued Interest Payable		7,342		11,818		19,160
Current Portion of Compensated Absences		7,614		9,343		16,957
Current Portion of Long-Term Obligations		50,596		39,152		89,748
Total Current Liabilities		130,191		639,750		769,941
Noncurrent Liabilities Noncurrent Portion of Long-Term Obligations		249,560		1,980,418	3	2,229,978
TOTAL LIABILITIES		379,751		2,620,168		2,999,919
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Taxes Levied for Subsequent Year		186,065				186,065
			7			
NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted		1,112,790		3,247,911 252,485		4,360,701 252,485
Unrestricted		559,561		(170,995)		388,566
	2		•	3,329,401	2	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	1,672,351	\$	3,329,401	\$	5,001,752

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

		Program Revenues							
	E	Charges for Expenses Services			C	Operating Grants and ontributions			
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	<u></u>		¥*************************************						
Governmental Activities:									
General Government	\$	142,903	\$	2,647	\$	7			
Public Safety		192,058		104,737		43,033			
Public Works		154,087		16,886		31,486			
Culture and Recreation		85,976		2,313		36,666			
Conservation and Development		6,122		=:		=			
Interest and Fiscal Charges		10,795		≅ .		H a te			
Total Governmental Activities		591,941		126,583		111,185			
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES									
Water		151,101		150,735		949,145			
Sewer		190,619		149,592					
Total Business-Type Activities		341,720		300,327		949,145			
TOTAL	\$	933,661	\$	426,910	\$	1,060,330			

GENERAL REVENUES

Taxes:

Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes

Property Taxes, Levied for Library

Intergovernmental Revenues not Restricted to

Specific Programs

Investment Income

Rental Income

Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

TRANSFERS

CHANGE IN NET POSITION

NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR - AS RESTATED

NET POSITION - END OF YEAR

Net (Expenses) Revenues and **Changes in Net Position**

Capital Grants	Go	overnmental Activities	Bu	siness-Type Activities	Total
\$ -	\$	(140,256) (44,288) (105,715) (46,997) (6,122) (10,795) (354,173)	\$		\$ (140,256) (44,288) (105,715) (46,997) (6,122) (10,795)
\$ -		(354,173)		948,779 (41,027) 907,752 907,752	948,779 (41,027) 907,752 553,579
		163,090 34,500 166,097 1,399 16,339 11,368		- - 2,809 -	163,090 34,500 166,097 4,208 16,339 11,368
		392,793 27,325 65,945 1,606,406		2,809 (27,325) 883,236 2,446,165	395,602 - 949,181 4,052,571
	\$	1,672,351	\$	3,329,401	\$ 5,001,752

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds As of December 31, 2014

				Fire			
		General	D	epartment		Library	 Total
ASSETS							
Cash	\$	379,163	\$	150,331	\$	105,455	\$ 634,949
Receivables:							
Taxes		126,828				<i>5</i> ()	126,828
Delinquent Personal Properly Taxes		2,337		(E)		2/	2,337
Special Assessments		3,889		*		~ .	3,889
Prepaid Expenses		3,277		1,564		754	5,595
Restricted Cash		59,237					59,237
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	574,731	\$	151,895	\$	106,209	\$ 832,835
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS,							
AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	\$	17,836	\$	2,115	\$	998	\$ 20,949
Accrued Liabilities		24,912		15,109		3,669	43,690
Total Liabilities		42,748		17,224		4,667	 64,639
Deferred Inflows of Resources:							
Taxes Levied for Subsequent Year		186,065		·**		S#	186,065
Unavailable Special Assessments		3,889		,		72	3,889
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		189,954		-	_	92	189,954
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable:							
Prepaid Expenses		3,277		1,564		754	5,595
Delinquent Personal Property Tax		2,337		-		-	2,337
Committed:		2,001					2,001
Fire Suppression		120		133,107		240	133,107
Library Operations		: -		-		100,788	100,788
Assigned:						2 0.00	12 501 5 5
Equipment Fund		35,400					35,400
Ditch Maintenance		9,931		-			9,931
Building Fund		19,222				-	19,222
Police Equipment Fund		12,218		ien)		_	12,218
Street Maintenance		13,013		220			13,013
Unassigned		246,631		.			246,631
Total Fund Balances		342,029		134,671		101,542	578,242
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	8						
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES		574,731	\$	151,895	\$	106,209	\$ 832,835

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position As of December 31, 2014

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$	578,242
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different from the amount reported above as total governmental funds fund balance because:			
Capital assets used in government activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund statements. Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position: Governmental Capital Asset	3,328,388		
Governmental Accumulated Depreciation	(1,923,056)	51	1,405,332
Other long-term assets are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows of resources in the funds. Amounts previously recognized for governmental activities in the statement of net position: Special Assessments			3,889
Noncurrent obligations, including bonds and notes payable, are not due in the current period and therefore not reported in the fund statements. Items reported in the statement of net position that are not reported in the funds balance sheet: General Debt Accrued Interest on General Obligation Debt	(292,542) (7,342)		VOLE 110
Vested Employee Benefits	(15,228)		(315,112)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$	1,672,351

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

				Fire		
		General	De	epartment	Library	Total
REVENUES			-	•		
Taxes	\$	163,090	\$:=	\$ 34,500	\$ 197,590
Special Assessments		7,855			-	7,855
Intergovernmental		197,743		88,629	34,289	320,661
Licenses and Permits		4,005		-	-	4,005
Fines and Forfeits		20,824		~		20,824
Public Charges for Services		17,171		2,424	2,147	21,742
Miscellaneous		28,159		32,265	5,314	65,738
Total Revenues	_	438,847		123,318	76,250	 638,415
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General Government		141,044		-	-	141,044
Public Safety		97,571		67,173	-	164,744
Public Works		122,173		-	-	122,173
Culture and Recreation		169		-	79,755	79,924
Conservation and Development		6,122		-	-	6,122
Capital Outlay		1,996		-	2 0	1,996
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement		13,313		35,719	-	49,032
Interest and Fiscal Charges		7,480		4,281	-	11,761
Total Expenditures		389,868		107,173	79,755	 576,796
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	_	48,979		16,145	 (3,505)	 61,619
OTHER FINANCING SOURCE						
Transfer In		27,325		(#)	 	27,325
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		76,304		16,145	(3,505)	88,944
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING - AS RESTATED		265,725		118,526	 105,047	 489,298
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	342,029	\$	134,671	\$ 101,542	\$ 578,242

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 88,944
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
The acquisition of capital assets are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense. Capital outlay reported in governmental fund statements Depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities Amount by which depreciation is more than capital outlay in the current period.	8,683 (76,919)	(68,236)
Vested employee benefits are reported in the government funds when amounts are paid. The statement of activities reports the value of benefits earned during the year. Compensated absences paid in current year Compensated absences benefits earned in current year Amounts paid are more than amounts earned by	18,226 (15,133)	3,093
Repayment of principal on long-term debt is reported in the governmental funds as an expenditure, but is reported as a reduction in long-term debt in the statement of net position and does not affect the statement of activities. The amount of long-term debt principal payments in the current year.		49,032
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds. Special Assessments		(7,855)
In governmental funds interest payments on outstanding debt are reported as an expenditure when paid. In the statement of activities interest is reported as incurred. The amount of interest paid during the current period The amount of interest accrued during the current period Interest paid is more than interest accrued by	11,762 (10,795)	967_
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ 65,945

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund As of December 31, 2014

	Water and Sewer Utility
CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 163,188
Receivables:	
Customer Accounts Receivable	28,445
Grants Receivable	192,412
Special Assessments	8,110
Prepaid Expenses	1,489
Inventories	9,390
Restricted Cash	252,485
Certificate of Deposit	26,569
Total Current Assets	682,088
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	
Capital Assets	
Water:	
Plant in Service	1,600,558
Construction in Progress	2,904,480
Accumulated Depreciation	(545,427)
Sewer:	2 4 9 7 6 5 4
Plant in Service	3,187,651 (1,879,781)
Accumulated Depreciation	
Total Non-Current Assets	5,267,481
TOTAL ASSETS	5,949,569
CURRENT LIABILITIES	570.040
Accounts Payable	570,040
Accrued Payroll Expense	9,397
Accrued Interest	11,818
Accrued Compensated Absences	9,343
Current Portion of Long-Term Obligations	39,152
Total Current Liabilities	639,750
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Noncurrent Portion of Long-Term Obligations	1,980,418
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,620,168
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,247,911
Restricted	252,485
Unrestricted Deficit	(170,995)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 3,329,401

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

		Nater and Sewer Utility
OPERATING REVENUES	\$	300,327
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Operation and Maintenance		148,841
Administration and General		36,891
Depreciation		121,192
Total Operating Expenses		306,924
OPERATING LOSS	. 	(6,597)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Investment Income		2,809
Interest Expense		(34,796)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		(31,987)
LOSS BEFORE TRANSFERS AND CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		(38,584)
CONTRIBUTED CAPITAL		949,145
TRANSFERS OUT		(27,325)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		883,236
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	,	2,446,165
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	3,329,401

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

	v	Vater and Sewer Utility
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash Received from Customers	\$	335,343
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services	Φ	(149,200)
Cash Paid to Employees for Services		(96,114)
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities	W	90,029
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Tax Equivalent Paid to Municipality		(27,325)
	X .	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment Income Received		2,809
Redemptions of Certificate of Deposit		42,685
Net Cash Flows From Investing Activities		45,494
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of Capital Assets		(2,200,408)
Proceeds from Short-Term Borrowing		3,400,000
Proceeds from Long-Term Debt		1,554,354
Principal Payments on Short-Term Borrowing		(3,400,000)
Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt		(37,736)
Interest Paid		(33,578)
Capital Contributions		756,733
Net Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities	(and the second	39,365
NET INCREASE IN CASH		147,563
CASH - BEGINNING	3	268,110
CASH - ENDING	\$	415,673
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(6,597)
Operating Loss Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Non-Cash Items:	Ψ	(0,397)
Depreciation Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:		121,192
Accounts Receivable		35,016
Prepaid Expenses		(676)
Inventories		(3,547)
Accounts Payable		9,632
Due to Other Funds		(62,488)
Accrued Liabilities		(2,503)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	90,029

Statement of Cash Flows - Continued Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

	v	Vater and Sewer Utility
RECONCILIATION OF CASH PER STATEMENT		
OF NET POSITION TO STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS		
Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund:		
Cash	\$	163,188
Restricted Cash		252,485
CASH PER STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	\$	415,673
SCHEDULE OF NON-CASH CAPITAL AND RELATED		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of utility plant on account	\$	550,927

Statement of Net Position Fiduciary Fund As of December 31, 2014

	Agency	
ASSETS		
Cash	\$ 164,16	36
Taxes Receivable	351,48	37
Total Assets	515,65	53
LIABILITIES		
Due to Other Taxing Units	\$ 515,65	53

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This summary of significant accounting policies of the Village of Lena (Village) is presented to assist in understanding the Village's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are representations of the Village's management who is responsible for the integrity and objectivity of the financial statements. These accounting policies conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standards setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

REPORTING ENTITY

This report includes all of the funds of the Village of Lena. The reporting entity for the Village consists of the primary government. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable or other organizations whose nature and significant relationship with the Village are such that exclusion would cause the Village's financial statements to be misleading. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and (i) either the Village's ability to impose its will on the organization or (ii) there is potential for the organization to provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the Village. The Village has not identified any component units that are required to be included in the financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Village. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) operating grants and contributions. Taxes and other items not properly included as program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer utility enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into individual funds each of which are considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

Funds are organized as major funds or non-major funds within the governmental and proprietary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Village or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets plus deferred outflows of resources, liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or proprietary fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type and
- b. The same element that met the 10 percent criterion in (a) is at least 5 percent of the corresponding element total for all governmental and proprietary funds combined.
- c. In addition, any other governmental fund that the Village believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are identified as either general or special revenue based upon the following guidelines.

General Fund

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the Village and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Business-Type Activities

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds may be used to account for activities where a fee is charged to external users for goods and services. Enterprise activities must include operations (a) that are financed with debt that is secured solely by the pledge of the net revenues of the fund, or (b) where laws or regulations require that the costs of the activity be recovered with fees and charges, or (c) where the fees and charges are priced in a way designed to recover the costs of the activity.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds

Agency Funds

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the Village as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and/or other governmental units.

Major Funds

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund, which accounts for the Village's primary operating activities.

The fire department fund, which accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for the operation of the fire department.

The *library fund*, which accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for the operation of the library.

The Village reports the following major proprietary fund:

The water and sewer utility, which operates the water distribution system and the sewage treatment plant, sewage pumping stations and collection systems.

Fiduciary Funds

The Village reports the following agency fund:

The tax collection fund, which accounts for taxes and deposits collected by the Village, acting in the capacity of an agent, for distribution to other governmental units or designated beneficiaries.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets, current deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities, and current deferred inflows of resources) or economic resources (all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Village considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

CASH

Cash deposits consist of demand and time deposits with financial institutions and are carried at cost. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all cash deposits and highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition are considered to be cash equivalents.

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable are recorded at gross amounts with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that the amount of such allowance would not be material to the financial statements.

INVENTORIES

Proprietary fund inventories are generally used for construction and for operation and maintenance work and are not for resale. They are valued at cost based on weighted average, and charged to construction or operations and maintenance expense when used. Governmental fund inventory items are charged to expenditure accounts when purchased.

SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS

Special assessments consist of capital projects constructed through non-special assessment debt. In governmental fund financial statements, special assessments are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources when the related capital outlays are made and are recorded as revenues when due and payable. In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds, special assessments are recorded as receivables and capital contributions when the capital outlays are made. All special assessments are due when billed and may be paid on an installment basis with interest. The method of enforcing collections is the same as for general Village taxes.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Village as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$1,000 or higher and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. General infrastructure assets acquired or constructed prior to January 1, 2004 are not reported in the financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant and equipment of the Village are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years					
Assets	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities				
Buildings, Improvements, and Utility Plant	20 - 50	25 - 100				
Machinery and Equipment	3 - 10	3 - 10				
Infrastructure	30 - 50	-				

COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Under terms of employment, employees are granted sick leave and vacations in varying amounts. Only benefits considered to be vested are disclosed in these statements.

Vacation leave is required to be used in the year earned, unless approved to be carried over. Carryovers of unused vacation leave are limited to a maximum of one week.

LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether it is reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists of state trust fund loans, clean water loans, a safe drinking water loan, and a capital lease.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements. The debt proceeds and capital leases are reported as an other financing source and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting in proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transactions are reflected as either loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables as appropriate, are subject to elimination upon consolidation and are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are reported as a nonspendable in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not available financial resources.

Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefitting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government has no items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. The separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The government-wide financial statement has only one type of item that qualify for reporting in this category. Accordingly, taxes levied for subsequent year is reported in the statement of net position. The governmental funds report taxes levied for subsequent year and special assessments as deferred inflows of resources on the balance sheet.

CLAIMS AND JUDGMENTS

Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities if all the conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements are met. Claims and judgments that would normally be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are recorded during the year as expenditures in the governmental fund types. If they are not to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources, no liability is recognized in the governmental fund statements. The related expenditure is recognized when the liability is liquidated. Claims and judgments are recorded in the government-wide and proprietary funds statements as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred. There were no significant claims or judgments at year end.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

EQUITY CLASSIFICATIONS

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components.

- Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of
 accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other
 borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted component of net position Consists of resources with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or, 2) by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation reduced by liabilities related to those assets.
- Unrestricted component of net position Is the net amount that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund balance is classified as either 1) nonspendable, 2) restricted, 3) committed, 4) assigned, or 5) unassigned.

Nonspendable fund balance represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts), or amounts that must be maintained intact legally or contractually (such as the principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority. It would require action by the same group to remove or change the constraints placed on the resources. The action to constrain resources must occur prior to year-end; however, the amount can be determined in the subsequent period. The Village Board is the decision-making authority that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance.

Assigned fund balance represents amounts constrained by the Village Board for a specific intended purpose. The Village has not delegated that authority to others. Assigned fund balance in all other governmental funds represents any positive remaining amount after classifying nonspendable, restricted or committed fund balance.

Unassigned fund balance represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The general fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in the unassigned fund balance.

The Village, unless otherwise required by law or agreements, spends funds in the following order: restricted first, then committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned.

The Village has not adopted a minimum fund balance policy.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

NOTE 2 - CASH

The Village is authorized to invest its funds in accordance with Wisconsin Statutes. Allowable investments are as follows:

- Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank or trust company maturity in three years or less.
- Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town, or school
 district of the state. Also, bonds issued by a local exposition district, local professional baseball park district,
 local professional football stadium district, local cultural arts district or by the University of Wisconsin
 Hospitals and Clinics Authority.
- Bonds or securities guaranteed by the federal government.
- The Local Government Pooled Investment Fund and the Wisconsin Investment Trust.
- Any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency.
- Securities of an open end management investment company or investment trust, subject to various conditions and investment options.
- Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

Additional restrictions could arise from local charters, ordinances, resolutions and grant regulations of the Village.

At December 31, 2014, the Village's bank balance of cash was \$1,368,175. The Village maintains its cash accounts at one financial institution. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned. The Village does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

Deposits in each bank are insured by the FDIC up to \$250,000 for the combined amounts of all time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts) and up to \$250,000 for the combined amount of all interest and non-interest bearing demand deposit accounts.

Any losses caused by failure of public depositories are also covered by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund. The fund provides coverage of \$400,000 in each financial institution above the applicable insurance coverage provided by the FDIC. However, although the fund had reserves available at December 31, 2014, the future availability of resources to cover the losses cannot be projected because provisions of the 1985 Wisconsin Act 25 provided that the amount in the fund will be used to repay public depositors for losses until the appropriation is exhausted, at which time the fund will be abolished; therefore, the State Deposit Guarantee Fund is not considered in covered amounts noted above.

The following represents a summary of deposits as of December 31, 2014:

Total	\$ 1,368,175
Financial Institution in the Village's Name	970,475
Collateralized with Securities held by the Pledging of	
Fully Insured Deposits	\$ 397,700

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2014

NOTE 3 - RESTRICTED ASSETS

Restricted assets on December 31, 2014 consisted of cash totaling \$311,722 held for the following purposes:

General Fund		
Advance Tax Collection	\$	59,237
Enterprise Fund		
Equipment Replacement		244,361
Debt Service	·	8,124
Total Restricted Assets	\$	311,722

NOTE 4 - PROPERTY TAXES

The Village bills and collects its own property taxes and also levies for the Lena School District, Oconto County, Northeast Wisconsin Technical College, and the State of Wisconsin.

Property taxes consist of taxes on real estate and personal property. They are levied during December and become an enforceable lien on property the following January 1. Property taxes are payable in various options depending on the type and amount. Personal property taxes are payable on or before January 31 in full. Real estate taxes are payable in full by January 31, or in two equal installments on or before January 31, and July 31. Real estate taxes not paid by July 31 are assumed by the County as part of the August tax settlement. Delinquent personal property taxes remain the collection responsibility of the Village.

As part of Wisconsin Act 32, in 2011 and all future years, a municipality is allowed to increase its levy over the amount it levied in the prior year by the percentage increase in equalized value from net new construction or zero percent. Changes in debt service from one year to the next are generally exempt from this limit.

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLE, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

There were no interfund receivables and payables between individual funds of the Village as of December 31, 2014.

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2014 as shown in the governmental and proprietary funds statements were as follows:

Transfer From	Transfer To	Amount	Purpose
Water and Sewer Utility	General Fund	\$ 27,325	Tax Equivalent

NOTE 6 - SHORT-TERM NOTES PAYABLE

The Village issued a \$3,400,000 water system revenue anticipation note with an interest rate of 0.75% and a maturity date of November 1, 2014, depositing the proceeds in its Water and Sewer Utility Fund. Due to the timing of federal grants and long-term loans through the Safe Drinking Water Program, this note was necessary for the Village to meet its cash flow needs related to the radium removal water project. The note was paid off prior to December 31, 2014. Total interest expense on the short-term note for the year totaled \$15,729.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2014 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance			Increases	De	creases	Ending Balance		
Governmental Activities									
Capital Assets not being									
Depreciated:									
Land and Improvments	\$	210,006	\$		\$		\$	210,006	
Other Capital Assets									
Buildings and Improvements		930,271		:=		(4)		930,271	
Machinery and Equipment		1,874,926		8,683		7,161		1,876,448	
Infrastructure		311,663		-	0	-		311,663	
Total Capital Assets being									
Depreciated	_	3,116,860		8,683	/	7,161	-	3,118,382	
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:									
Buildings and Improvements		(450,376)		(20,921)		270		(471,297)	
Machinery and Equipment		(1,366,705)		(49,294)		(7,161)		(1,408,838)	
Infrastructure		(36,217)		(6,704)		-		(42,921)	
Total Accumulated									
Depreciation	10	(1,853,298)		(76,919)	v	(7,161)		(1,923,056)	
Total Capital Assets Being									
Depreciated, Net of									
Depreciation		1,263,562		(68,236)				1,195,326	
Governmental Activities Capital									
Assets, Net of Accumulated									
Depreciation	\$	1,473,568	\$	(68,236)	\$	-	\$	1,405,332	
Business-Type Activities									
Capital Assets not Being									
Depreciated:									
Land	\$	763	\$	-	\$	=	\$	763	
Construction in Progress		172,324		2,732,156		2		2,904,480	
Total Capital Assets not being			11					*	
Depreciated		173,087	V ₂	2,732,156		-		2,905,243	
Capital Assets being Depreciated									
Utility Plant		4,769,172		19,179		905		4,787,446	
Less: Accumulated		4,700,172		15,175		500		1,707,710	
Depreciation		(2,304,921)		(121,192)		(905)		(2,425,208)	
Total Capital Assets being		(2,001,021)	0	(121,102)		(000)		(=) (=0,=00)	
Depreciated, Net of Depreciation		2,464,251		(102,013)	topic at the second account of	9		2,362,238	
AND						_			
Business-Typ Activities Capital									
Assets, Net of Accumulated	•	0.607.000	c	0.600.440	¢.		¢.	E 267 494	
Depreciation	\$	2,637,338	\$	2,630,143	\$		\$	5,267,481	

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the Village as follows:

Governmental Activities:		
General Government	\$	4,951
Public Safety		35,997
Public Works		29,918
Culure and Recreation		6,053
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$	76,919
Business-Type Activities:		
Water Utility	\$	33,755
Sewer Utility		87,437
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	Φ.	121,192

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations of the Village for the year ended December 31, 2014:

	Outstanding 1/1/14		Increases		Decreases		0	utstanding 12/31/14	Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activites: General Obligation Debt	0-1-0-		-							
State Trust Fund Loans	\$	192,426	\$	4	\$	13,313	\$	179,113	\$	13,851
Capital Lease Total General Obligation		149,148	_		2	35,719	-	113,429		36,745
Debt		341,574		-		49,032		292,542		50,596
Vested Compensated Absences Total Governmental		18,321		15,133	o' 	18,226	7	15,228		7,614
Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$	359,895	\$	15,133	\$	67,258	\$	307,770	\$	58,210
Business-Type Activities: General Obligation Debt										
State Trust Fund Loans	\$	290,211	\$	-	\$	24,836	\$	265,375	\$	25,932
Clean Water Loans Safe Drinking Water Loan		212,741		1,554,354		12,900		199,841 1,554,354		13,220
Total Business-Type Activities Long-Term										
Liabilities	\$	502,952	\$	1,554,354	\$	37,736	\$	2,019,570	\$	39,152

Total interest paid during the year on long-term debt totaled \$29,610.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

	Date of Issuance	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Original Indebtedness		alance 2/31/14
Governmental Activities				/		
Long-Term Obligations						
2011 State Trust Loan	10/12/11	03/15/21	3.75%	\$ 73,086	\$	59,492
2012 State Trust Loan	03/06/12	03/15/21	3.75%	21,914		17,668
2012 State Trust Loan	05/01/12	03/15/32	4.00%	110,000		101,953
Capital Lease	06/14/12	06/14/17	2.87%	293,908		113,429
Total Governmental Activities Long-	Term Obligations				\$	292,542
Business-Type Activities						
Long-Term Obligations						
2005 State Trust Fund Loan	10/24/05	03/15/25	5.00%	\$ 79,878	\$	55,924
2005 State Trust Fund Loan	12/13/05	03/15/25	5.00%	120,122		83,560
2011 State Trust Fund Loan	10/12/11	03/15/21	3.75%	119,245		97,066
2012 State Trust Fund Loan	03/06/12	03/15/21	3.75%	35,754		28,825
2007 Clean Water Fund Loan	05/09/07	05/01/27	2.475%	283,857		199,841
2014 Safe Drinking Water Loan	10/22/14	05/01/34	1.925%	1,554,354	1	,554,354
Total Business-Type Activities Long-	Term Obligations				\$ 2	2,019,570

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

		Governmen	tal Act	tivities	 Business-Type Activities To			Γotal		
	F	Principal	1	nterest	 Principal		nterest	Principal		Interest
2015	\$	50,596	\$	10,279	\$ 39,152	\$	43,975	\$ 89,748	\$	54,254
2016		52,173		8,703	109,095		44,410	161,268		53,113
2017		53,824		7,051	111,920		41,569	165,744		48,620
2018		15,517		5,359	114,810		38,662	130,327		44,021
2019		16,115		4,760	117,785		35,669	133,900		40,429
2020-2024		50,084		15,478	571,045		132,619	621,129		148,097
2025-2029		31,878		8,400	490,687		68,168	522,565		76,568
2030-2034		22,355		1,813	465,076		22,723	487,431		24,536
	\$	292,542	\$	61,843	\$ 2,019,570	\$	427,795	\$ 2,312,112	\$	489,638

Estimated payments of accumulated employee benefits and other commitments are not included in the above schedule.

The 2014 equalized valuation of the Village as certified by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue is \$29,204,700. The legal debt limit and margin of indebtedness as of December 31, 2014, in accordance with Wisconsin Statutes follows:

Remaining Margin of Indebtedness Available	\$ 1,015,747
Deduct Long-Term Debt Applicable to Debt Margin	444,488
Debt Limit (5% of \$29,204,700)	\$ 1,460,235

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2014

NOTE 8 - LONG TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Utility Revenues Pledged

The Village has pledged future revenue derived from the sewerage system, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the Clean Water Fund Loan. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the construction or acquisition of capital assets used within the Utility. The loan is payable from sewerage system net revenues and is payable through 2027. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$233,680. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total sewerage system net revenues were \$18,006 and \$149,592, respectively.

The Village has pledged future revenue derived from the water system, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the Safe Drinking Water Loan. Proceeds from the bond provided financing for the construction or acquisition of capital assets used within the Utility. The loan is payable from water system net revenues and is payable through 2034. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$1,883,096. There were no principal and interest payments required for the current year and total water system net revenues were \$150,735.

NOTE 9 - FUND EQUITY

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

Net position reported on the government-wide statement of net position at December 31, 2014 includes the following:

		overnmental Activities		siness-Type Activities	Total
Net Investment in Capital Assets Net Capital Assets Less: Related Long-Term Debt Outstanding	\$	1,405,332 292,542	\$	5,267,481 2,019,570	\$ 6,672,813 2,312,112
Net Investment in Capital Assets	•	1,112,790	-	3,247,911	4,360,701
Restricted for: Equipment Replacement		*		244,361	244,361
Debt Service Total Restricted	-		-	8,124 252,485	 8,124 252,485
Unrestricted (Deficit)		559,561		(170,995)	388,566
Total Government-Wide Net Position	\$	1,672,351	\$	3,329,401	\$ 5,001,752

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

All eligible Village of Lena employees participate in the Wisconsin Retirement System (System), a cost-sharing multiple-employer, defined benefit, public employee retirement system. All employees initially employed by a participating System employer prior to July 1, 2011, expected to work at least 600 hours a year and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the System. All employees, initially employed by a participating System employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the System.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Employees are required to contribute one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for General category employees, including Executives and Elected Officials. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement. Contribution rates for 2014 are:

	Employee	Employer
General	7.00%	7.00%
Executives & Elected Officials	7.75%	7.75%
Protective with Social Security	7.00%	10.10%
Protective without Social Security	7.00%	13.70%

The payroll for the Village of Lena employees covered by the System for the year ended December 31, 2014, was \$197,837; the employer's total payroll was \$240,048. The total required contributions for the year ended December 31, 2014, was \$29,003, which consisted of \$15,154, or 7.7% of payroll from the employer, and \$13,849, or 7.0% from the employees. Total contributions for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 were \$25,949 and \$23,995, respectively.

Employees who retire at or after 65 (62 elected officials and 54 for protective occupation employees with less than 25 years of service, 53 for protective employees with more than 25 years of service), are entitled to receive a retirement benefit. Employees may retire at age 55 (50 for protective occupation employees) and receive actuarially reduced benefits. The factors influencing the benefit are: (1) final average earnings, (2) years of creditable service and (3) a formula factor. A final average earnings is the average of the employee's three highest years' earnings. Employees terminating covered employment and submitting application before becoming eligible for a retirement benefit may withdraw their contributions and, by doing so, forfeit all rights to any subsequent benefit. For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998 and prior to July 1, 2011 are immediately vested. Participants who initially become System eligible on or after July 1, 2011 must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

The System also provides death and disability benefits for employees. Eligibility and the amount of all benefits are determined under Chapter 40 of Wisconsin Statutes. The System issues an annual financial report that may be obtained by writing to the Department of Employee Trust Funds, P.O. Box 7931, Madison, WI 53707-7931.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health claims; unemployment compensation claims; and environmental damage for which the Village purchases commercial insurance. There has been no reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year. Insurance settlements for claims resulting from the risks covered by commercial insurance have not exceeded the insurance coverage in the past three years.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014

NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Village started a project to reduce the level of radionuclides in its public water system during the current year and has construction in progress of \$2,904,480. The total cost of the project is projected to be approximately \$3,970,000. Financing for the project will include \$2,785,288 in long-term bonds from a Safe Drinking Water Loan, \$500,000 in loan principle forgiveness from the Safe Drinking Water Loan, and \$750,000 from CDBG. The project is expected to be completed in 2015. As of December 31, 2014, approximately \$2,900,000 has been spent on this project leaving a balance of approximately \$1,100,000 of commitments to various contractors.

From time to time the Village is involved in legal actions and claims, most of which normally occur in governmental operations. In the opinion of Village management, these issues, and any other proceedings known to exist at December 31, 2014, are not likely to have a material adverse impact on the Village's financial position.

Funding for the operating budget of the Village comes from many sources, including property taxes, grants and aids from other units of government, user fees, fines and permits, and other miscellaneous revenues. The State of Wisconsin provides a variety of aid and grant programs which benefit the Village. Those aid and grant programs are dependent on continued approval and funding by the Wisconsin governor and legislature through their budget processes. Any changes made by the State to funding or eligibility of local aid programs could have a significant impact on the future operating results of the Village.

NOTE 13 - MAJOR CUSTOMER

Saputo Cheese USA accounted for \$94,959 of the water and sewer utility revenues during 2014.

NOTE 14 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

In September 2014, the Village applied to the Public Service Commission (PSC) for a Conventional Rate Increase under Docket 3120-WR-105. On January 14, 2015, the PSC authorized a 97% rate increase with an effective date of March 16, 2015 due to a 227 percent increase in gross plant investment (including a radium treatment plant) and a 95 percent increase in operating expenses since the last water rate case was completed in 2006.

NOTE 15 - UPCOMING ACCOUNTING PROUNCEMENT

The GASB issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. Statement No. 68 requires governments providing defined benefit pensions to recognize their unfunded pension benefit obligation as a liability for the first time, and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of pension benefits. This net pension liability that will be recorded on the government-wide statements will be computed differently than the current unfunded actuarial accrued liability, using specific parameters set forth by the GASB. The statement also enhances accountability and transparency through revised note disclosures and requires supplementary information (RSI). The Village is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2015.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2014

NOTE 16 - RESTATEMENT OF BEGINNING BALANCES

The beginning fund balance of the general fund has been restated on the fund financial statements to recognize the deferred property tax equivalent as revenue since the money is transferred at year-end. A reconciliation of the prior period ending fund balance to the current year beginning fund balance for the fund is as follows:

General Fund

Fund Balance – December 31, 2013 (as previously reported)	\$ 238,401
Correction to Remove Deferred Revenue for Property Tax Equivalent	 27,324
Fund Balance – As Restated December 31, 2013	\$ 265,725

The effect of this restatement for the year ended December 31, 2013 was an increase in the amount previously reported as change in fund balance by approximately \$900 due to a timing difference in recording revenue from property tax equivalent.

The beginning fund balance of the fire department fund has been restated on the fund financial statements to record a prior period adjustment to correct activity from the Lena Fireman's Fund not recorded in prior years as well as a correction for annual fire billings. A reconciliation of the prior period ending fund balance to the current year beginning fund balance for the fund is as follows:

Fire Department Fund

Fund Balance – December 31, 2013 (as previously reported)	\$	85,125
Correction to Record Cash Available		8,681
Correction of Fire Department Annual Billings	-	24,720
Fund Balance – As Restated December 31, 2013	\$	118,526

The effect of this restatement for the year ended December 31, 2013 was an increase in the amount previously reported as change in fund balance by approximately \$33,000.

The beginning net position of the governmental activities in the government-wide statement of net position has also been restated to record a prior period adjustment to correct activity from the Lena Fireman's Fund not recorded in prior years as well as a correction for annual fire billings. In addition, the property tax equivalent paid over to the Utility is recognized with a transfer between funds. Therefore, the revenue is recognized at year-end. A reconciliation of the prior period ending net position to the current year beginning net position for the governmental activities is as follows:

Government-Wide

Net Position – December 31, 2013 (as previously reported)	\$ 1,545,681
Correction to Record Cash Available	8,681
Correction of Fire Department Annual Billings	24,720
Correction to Remove Deferred Revenue for Property Tax Equivalent	 27,324
Net Position – As Restated December 31, 2013	\$ 1 606 406
Net Position – As Restated December 31, 2013	\$ 1,606,40

The effect of this restatement for the year ended December 31, 2013 was an increase in the amount previously reported as change in net position by approximately \$33,000.



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

		ginal and al Budget	Actual		F	/ariance avorable favorable)
REVENUES	•	405 500	•	100 000	•	(00 500)
Taxes	\$	185,590	\$	163,090	\$	(22,500)
Special Assessments		400.004		7,855		7,855
Intergovernmental		198,034		197,743		(291)
Licenses and Permits		3,395		4,005		610
Fines and Forfeits		23,000		20,824		(2,176)
Public Charges for Services		16,050		17,171		1,121
Miscellaneous		21,113	-	28,159		7,046
Total Revenues		447,182		438,847		(8,335)
EXPENDITURES						
General Government		139,675		141,044		(1,369)
Public Safety		96,870		97,571		(701)
Public Works		131,990		122,173		9,817
Culture and Recreation		22,750		169		22,581
Conservation and Development		7,800		6,122		1,678
Capital Outlay		52,303		1,996		50,307
Debt Service		20,794		20,793		1
Total Expenditures		472,182		389,868	2	82,314
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(25,000)	WARRIED STORY	48,979		73,979
OTHER FINANCING SOURCE Transfers In	****	25,000		27,325	\$ 1000	2,325
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		÷		76,304		76,304
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING - RESTATED	(265,725		265,725		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	265,725	\$	342,029	\$	76,304

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Fire Department Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

REVENUES	Original and Final Budget			Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
to the promotion of the control of t	•	00.040	0	00.000	•	(0.740)
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	92,342	\$	88,629	\$	(3,713)
Charges for Service		5,000		2,424		(2,576)
Investment Income		100		197		97
Donations		10,000		29,005		19,005
Miscellaneous	-	2,500		3,063		563
Total Revenues		109,942		123,318		13,376
EXPENDITURES Public Safety:						
Salaries and Wages		1,800		1,268		532
Employee Benefits		125		40		85
Man Hours Expense		6,000		8,293		(2,293)
Clothing Allowance		5,000		488		4,512
Training Expense		13,000		10,691		2,309
Utilities		6,500		6,152		348
Insurance		8,350		6,124		2,226
Vehicle and Equipment Repairs		13,500		14,613		(1,113)
Fuel Expense		2,800		1,764		1,036
Miscellaneous		4,900		17,740		(12,840)
Debt Services				Marine and administ		MACH COLUMN COMMON COMM
Principal		35,719		35,719		-
Interest		4,281		4,281		Sures (Base
Total Expenditures		101,975		107,173		(5,198)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		7,967		16,145		8,178
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING - AS RESTATED		118,526		118,526		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	126,493	\$	134,671	\$	8,178

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Library Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

	а	Original and Final Budget		Actual	Fa	ariance ivorable avorable)
REVENUES						
General Property Taxes	\$	22,500	\$	34,500	\$	12,000
Intergovernmental		35,599		34,289		(1,310)
Public Charges for Services		4,000		2,147		(1,853)
Investment Income		200		259		59
Donations	N=====	800	·	5,055	V	4,255
Total Revenues	-	63,099		76,250	//	13,151
EXPENDITURES						
Culture and Recreation:						
Salaries and Wages		42,900		45,375		(2,475)
Employee Benefits		9,200		11,694		(2,494)
Training Expense		600		147		453
Books, Videos and Periodicals		4,500		4,914		(414)
Automation Expense		4,500		4,387		113
Utilities		3,900		4,846		(946)
Office Supplies		1,200		2,790		(1,590)
Building Expenses		2,000		3,847		(1,847)
Miscellaneous		2,000		1,755		245
Total Expenditures		70,800	X	79,755	C-1	(8,955)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(7,701)		(3,505)		4,196
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	Ş 	105,047	(105,047		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	97,346	\$	101,542	\$	4,196

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

BUDGETARY PROCESS

The Village follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data:

- During October, Village management submits to the Village Board a proposed operating budget for the
 calendar year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures
 and the means of financing them. After submission to the governing body, public hearings are held to obtain
 taxpayer comments. Following the public hearings, the proposed budget, including authorized additions and
 deletions, is legally enacted by Village Board action.
- Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States
 of America for the general and special revenue funds. Budget is defined as the originally approved budget
 plus or minus approved amendments. There were no amendments during the year. Budget appropriations
 not expended during the year are closed to fund balance unless authorized by the governing body to be
 forwarded into the succeeding year's budget.
- During the year, formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for the general fund and special revenue funds.
- Expenditures may not exceed appropriations provided in detailed budget accounts maintained for each
 activity or department of the Village. Amendments to the budget during the year require initial approval by
 management and are subsequently authorized by the Village Board.

EXCESS OF ACTUAL EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET IN INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

The following functions had an excess of actual expenditures over budget for the year ended December 31, 2014:

General Fund General Government Public Safety	\$ 1,370 701
Fire Department Fund Public Safety:	
Man Hours Expense	2,293
Vehicle and Equipment Repairs	1,113
Miscellaneous	12,840
Library Fund	
Culture and Recreation:	
Salaries and Wages	2,475
Employee Benefits	2,494
Books, Videos and Periodicals	414
Utilities	946
Office Supplies	1,590
Building Expenses	1,847



Schedule of Operating Revenues and Expenses Water and Sewer Utility For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Water	Sewer	Total
OPERATING REVENUES		-	
Metered Sales:			
Residential	\$ 26,738	\$ 97,607	\$ 124,345
Commercial	4,298	28,112	32,410
Industrial	76,292	8,280	84,572
Public Authorities	2,997	15,593	18,590
Total Metered Sales	110,325	149,592	259,917
Private Fire Protection	1,332	*	1,332
Public Fire Protection	34,667		34,667
Total Sales of Water	146,324	149,592	295,916
Other Operating Revenues:			
Miscellaneous Operating Revenue	4,411	-	4,411
Total Operating Revenue	150,735	149,592	300,327
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Operation and Maintenance:			
Operation Labor	45,731	34,138	79,869
Power Purchased for Pumping	26,463	27,808	54,271
Chemicals for Sewage Treatment	1,138	*	1,138
Maintenance and Repairs	3,220	6,344	9,564
Operating Supplies	76	1,351	1,427
Operating Transportation Expenses	1,286	1,286	2,572
Total Operation and Maintenance	77,914	70,927	148,841
Administrative and General:			
Salaries	7,080	6,662	13,742
Office Supplies	555	109	664
Outside Services Employed	2,111	9,746	11,857
Utilities	1,267	462	1,729
Property Insurance	1,674	2,043	3,717
Miscellaneous	1,389	3,793	5,182
Total Administrative and General Expenses	14,076	22,815	36,891
Other Operating Expenses:			
Depreciation	33,755	87,437	121,192
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	125,745	181,179	306,924
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	24,990	(31,587)	(6,597)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Interest Income	2,022	787	2,809
Interest Expense	(25,356)	(9,440)	(34,796)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(23,334)	(8,653)	(31,987)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	949,145	-	949,145
TRANSFERS OUT	(26,950)	(375)	(27,325)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ 923,851	\$ (40,615)	\$ 883,236

Schedule of Detailed Budgetary Revenues and Other Financing Source Comparison General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

_	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
TAXES General Property Taxes	\$ 185,590	\$ 163,090	\$ (22,500)
SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS	-	7,855	7,855
INTERGOVERNMENTAL			
Shared Revenues	165,762	165,776	14
General Highway Aids	31,492	31,486	(6)
Computer Aid	300	321	21
Police Training Aid	480	160	(320)
Total Intergovernmental	198,034	197,743	(291)
LICENSES AND PERMITS			
Liquor and Malt Beverage Licenses	1,700	1,400	(300)
Operators Licenses	700	925	225
Cigarette Licenses	50	50	
Dog and Cat Licenses	200	143	(57)
Building Permits	600	1,258	658
Other Permits	100	194	94
License Publication Fees	45	35	(10)
Total Licenses and Permits	3,395	4,005	610
FINES AND FORFEITS			
Court Penalties and Fines	23,000	20,464	(2,536)
Parking Violations	<u> </u>	360	360
Total Fines and Forfeits	23,000	20,824	(2,176)
PUBLIC CHARGES FOR SERVICES			
Clerk's Revenue	100	272	172
Police Department	950	13	(937)
Garbage Bag Revenue	7,500	7,879	379
Garbage and Dump Revenue	150	668	518
Recycling	7,100	8,339	1,239
Snow Removal	250	×	(250)
Total Public Charges for Services	16,050	17,171	1,121

Schedule of Detailed Budgetary Revenues and Other Financing Source Comparison General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

		Original nd Final Budget		Actual	F	/ariance avorable nfavorable)
MISCELLANEOUS						2
Miscellaneous General Revenue	\$	1,200	\$	7,472	\$	6,272
Interest Income		450		943		493
Rent		19,463		19,744		281
Total Miscellaneous	-	21,113		28,159		7,046
Total Revenues		447,182		430,992		(16,190)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCE						
Transfers In from Utility		25,000	N. STOREST CONT.	27,325	71 42	2,325
TOTAL REVENUES AND						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCE	\$	472,182	\$	458,317	\$	(13,865)

Schedule of Detailed Budgetary Expenditures Comparison General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
EXPENDITURES			
GENERAL GOVERNMENT			
Village Board	\$ 7,000	\$ 9,958	\$ (2,958)
Village President	2,000	-	2,000
Municipal Court	9,000	4,011	4,989
Legal	5,000	4,840	160
Administrative	2,300	4,646	(2,346)
Clerk/Treasurer	32,000	32,130	(130)
Elections	2,500	2,338	162
Finance	8,200	11,553	(3,353)
Assessor	4,500	5,088	(588)
Village Hall Expenses	9,900	12,894	(2,994)
Insurance	13,500	14,269	(769)
Retirement	7,875	8,846	(971)
Social Security	10,500	10,961	(461)
Health Insurance	25,000	19,510	5,490
Travel Expense	400	-	400
Total General Government	139,675	141,044	(1,369)
PUBLIC SAFETY			
Police Salaries and Wages	49,900	51,018	(1,118)
Police Operations	18,270	17,387	883
Fire Protection	21,700	22,411	(711)
Rescue Squad	6,000	5,969	31
Building Inspection	1,000	786	214
Total Public Safety	96,870	97,571	(701)
PUBLIC WORKS			
Salaries and Wages	41,315	37,572	3,743
Clothing Allowance	500	668	(168)
Street Maintenance	21,750	28,210	(6,460)
Street Cleaning	1,000	2,237	(1,237)
Snow Removal	6,000	531	5,469
Street Lighting	25,000	21,761	3,239
Sidewalks	5,000	-	5,000
Street Signs and Markings	2,500	5,692	(3,192)
Bridges and Culverts	4,500	61	4,439
Sanitation	9,000	10,916	(1,916)
Recycling	14,225	13,248	977
Weed Cutting	1,200	1,277	(77)
Total Public Works	131,990	122,173	9,817

Schedule of Detailed Budgetary Expenditures Comparison - Continued General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

	а	Original Ind Final Budget	Actual	F	/ariance avorable favorable)
CULTURE AND RECREATION	-		 		
General Recreation	\$	250	\$ 169	\$	81
Library		22,500	14		22,500
Total Culture and Recreation		22,750	 169		22,581
CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT					
Planning and Economic Development		1,500	8		1,500
Community Development		3,800	3,622		178
Tourism		2,500	2,500		-
Total Conservation and Development		7,800	6,122		1,678
CAPITAL OUTLAY					
General Government	*3	41,803	-		41,803
Public Safety		5,000	-		5,000
Public Works		5,500	1,996		3,504
Total Capital Outlay		52,303	1,996		50,307
DEBT SERVICE					
Principal		13,313	13,313		_
Interest		7,481	7,480		1
Total Debt Service	\ <u></u>	20,794	20,793		1
OTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	472,182	\$ 389,868	\$	82,314

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Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

To the Village Board Village of Lena Lena, Wisconsin

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Lena (Village), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 25, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the *schedule of findings and responses*, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompany schedule of findings and responses as item #2014-001, #2014-002, #2014-003, and #2014-004 to be material weaknesses.



To the Village Board Village of Lena

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Village of Lena Responses to Findings

The Village's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying *schedule of findings* and responses. The Village's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Certified Public Accountants

March 25, 2015



Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

To the Village Board Village of Lena Lena, Wisconsin

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Village of Lena's (Village) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Village's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2014. The Village's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and responses.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Village's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133, require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Village's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Village's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Village of Lena complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2014.



Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Village of Lena is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Village's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with *OMB Circular A-133*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of *OMB Circular A-133*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Certified Public Accountants

March 25, 2015

FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION



VILLAGE OF LENA, WISCONSIN

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

Award Description/ Pass-Through Agency	Catalog Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Program or Award Amount	
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Wisconsin Department of Administration Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds Cluster Loan Funds Grant Funds	66.468	5464-03	\$ 2,785,288 500,000	
DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT Wisconsin Department of Administration Community Development Block Grants - State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii	14.228	PF13B-27	750,000	

Accrued Receivable 1/1/14		Revenues Grantor mbursement	_E:	kpenditures	Accrued Receivable 12/31/14		
\$		\$ 1,554,354 500,000 2,054,354	\$	1,912,869 500,000 2,412,869	\$	358,515 - 358,515	
\$		\$ 256,733 2,311,087	\$	449,145 2,862,014	\$	192,412 550,927	

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Village of Lena and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

NOTE 2 - OVERSIGHT AGENCIES

The Village's federal oversight agency is the Environmental Protection Agency. The Village's state cognizant agency is the Wisconsin Department of Administration.

Schedule of Findings and Responses December 31, 2014

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weaknesses identified?

Yes

Significant deficiencies identified?

None Reported

Noncompliance material to the financial statements?

No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weaknesses identified? Significant deficiencies identified? No

None Reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 501(a) of OMB Circular A-133(a)?

No

Identification of major federal programs:

CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program
14.228	Community Development Block Grants – State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii
66.468	Capitalization Grants for Drink Water State Revolving Funds

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B

Programs

\$300,000

Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?

No

Schedule of Findings and Responses - Continued December 31, 2014

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

#2014-001 Lack of Segregation of Duties

Condition: During our audit, we noted that the Village has limited staff which does not

allow for the proper segregation of duties.

Cause: Due to the limited staff, management is unable to properly segregate duties.

Criteria: The Village should establish appropriate segregation of duties to safeguard

assets.

Effect: Because of the lack of segregation of duties, unauthorized transactions could

occur in the Village's operations.

Recommendation: We recommend the duties should be separated as much as possible and

compensating controls should be used to compensate for the lack of segregation of duties. This includes having the Village Board or Finance Committee having an active role in reviewing the Village's operations. The Village could specifically improve the lack of segregation of duties surrounding cash by having a member of the Finance Committee review and document approval of all bank reconciliations. A member of the Finance Committee should be documenting approval of all bank transfers. The Village could improve the lack of segregation of duties surrounding journal entries by having a member of the Finance Committee review and document approval of all

journal entries posted by the Clerk/Treasurer.

Management's Response: Due to the limited staff, duties are segregated as much as possible. The Board

does review and approve transactions. Management agrees that the Board should have access to review or question any transaction which flows through the Village office and reports detailing cash receipts and disbursements are provided to the Board monthly to assist in that capacity. By employing individuals who are capable of maintaining the integrity of the books and safeguarding Village assets, the Board can be confident that the financial

affairs of the Village are being handled properly.

Schedule of Findings and Responses - Continued December 31, 2014

Section II - Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

#2014-002 Financial Reporting

Condition: During our audit, we noted that the internal control system does not include a

process for preparing the annual audited financial statements and the related disclosures in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principals

(GAAP).

Cause: Management requested that KerberRose SC assist in preparing a draft of the

audited financial statements, including the related footnote disclosures. The outsourcing is a result of management's cost/benefit decision to use our

accounting expertise rather than incurring this internal resource cost.

Criteria: Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls

and for the fair presentation of the financial position, change in net position, and

disclosures in the financial statements, in conformity with GAAP.

Effect: Although the auditors are preparing the financial statements and the related

footnotes, management of the Village thoroughly reviews them and accepts

responsibility for their completeness and accuracy.

Recommendation: We recommend that management continue to make this decision on a

cost/benefit.

Management's Response: Due to the small size of the Village and financial restraints the Village is unable

to prepare the financial statements at the current time. The Village will continue to rely on the assistance of the auditors for preparation of the financial statements and related notes and provide any assistance that is needed. Management does review and approve the financial statements by comparing the audited financial statements to internally generated financial reports and records. The Village has assigned an individual with the knowledge and skills to review the financial statements which includes comparing the financial statements to the trial balances and prior year financial statements. After this process is complete, the Village accepts responsibility for the financial

statements.

Schedule of Findings and Responses - Continued December 31, 2014

Section II - Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

#2014-003 Preparation of Schedule of Federal and State Awards

Condition: The Village was unable to provide us with a schedule of federal awards with the

appropriate allocation of funds by CFDA number and funding source.

Cause: The Village felt that they did not have the time or resources to accurately

prepare the schedules.

Criteria: OMB Circular A-133, §___.300, requires that the Village "identify, in its

accounts, all federal awards received and expended and the federal programs under which they were received. Federal program and award identification shall include, as applicable, the CFDA title and number, award number and year, name of federal agency, and name of the pass-through entity." In addition, the Village is required to "prepare appropriate financial statements, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards in accordance with

§___.310."

Effect: Although the auditors are preparing the schedule of expenditures of federal

awards, management of the Village thoroughly reviews the schedule and

accepts responsibility for its completeness and accuracy.

Recommendation: The Village should assign an individual internally that is qualified to prepare this

schedule in a timely manner.

Management's Response: The Village was unable to prepare the schedule due to time constraints. The

Village is aware of the requirement and will attempt to compile the information

necessary to assure its compliance with this in the future.

Schedule of Findings and Responses - Continued December 31, 2014

Section II - Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

#2014-004 Material Account Adjustments and Restatement of Beginning Balances

Condition: During our audit, we identified and proposed adjustments (which were

approved and posted by management) that were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the Village's financial statements. Additionally, there was a restatement of beginning balances due to the Fireman's Fund checking account activity not being included in the Fire Department Fund in prior years as well as the recording of annual fees from the Town of Spruce for fire

services related to 2013 that were not recorded in the prior year.

Cause: Internal controls did not detect certain adjustments necessary to properly

record year-end balances. For the restatement, there was additional

information that was provided during the current year.

Criteria: Management is responsible for maintaining internal controls and its accounting

records in accordance with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

(GAAP).

Effect: As a result, the initial trial balances were misstated. For the restatement, an

adjustment was necessary on both the government-wide and fund based

financial statements to properly reflect the Fire Department Fund activity.

Recommendation: We recommend that management take steps to ensure all year-end

adjustments are identified and posted for financial reporting purposes.

Management's Response: The Village is aware of the reasons for the material account adjustments and

the restatement of beginning balances and will take necessary action to

implement procedures for preparation of year-end adjustments.

Section III - Federal Award Findings

There were no findings for federal awards.

Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings December 31, 2014

The Village had no prior audit findings due to a single audit not being required in the prior year.

Corrective Action Plan Year Ended December 31, 2014

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDING

#2014-001 – Segregation of Duties – The Village is aware of the lack of segregation of duties caused by the limited size of it staff. Segregation of duties is enhanced whenever possible and the Village Board assumes an active roll through monthly review of receipt and disbursement transactions and monthly financial statements.

#2014-002 – Financial Reporting - The Village is aware that their staff does not have training to prepare financial statements and related notes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The Village will rely on the assistance of the auditors for preparation of the financial statements and related notes. Management will continue to review and approve the audited financial statements by comparing them to internally generated financial reports and records.

#2014-003 – Preparation of Schedule of Federal and State Awards - The Village is aware of the requirement and will attempt to compile the information necessary to assure its compliance with this in the future.

#2014-004 – Material Account Adjustments and Restatement of Beginning Balances - The Village is aware of the reasons for the restatement of beginning balances and will take necessary action to implement procedures for preparation of year-end adjustments.

